who offered that prayer was either short-sight- for the reverend culprit, but as a whole it is

quence; which is but another way of saying

he was insincere in his prayer.

Behjamin Franklin, in the brief but exceed-

ing 'that henceforth prayers imploring the

assistance of heaven, and its blessings on our

prayers, Sir, were heard, and they were gra-

ciously answered. All of us who were en-

gaged in the struggle, must have observed fre-

dence in our favor. To that kind Providence

we owe this happy opportunity of consulting

in peace on the means of establishing our fu-

'The daily prayers for the divine protection,'

'In the beginning of the contest with Britain,'

were offered for three months by the Rev. Ja-

But let us look at the reverse picture, so

one thousand hien, killed, wounded and miss-

that it had been a more fortunate one for

This 'bloody day' was the 4th of October,

1777, and on the 7th of the same October,

the Rev. Jacob Duche, who had spoken of the

American States as having 'fled from the rod

of the oppressor,' and prayed that God would

cause the weapons of war to drop from the

unnerved arms of our chemics in the day of

relating to the war of Independence. Per-

haps at another time the full letter will be ac-

In this letter. Duche seeks to extenuate his

chaplain to the Congress. He then draws

out all the dark details of poverty, diccour-

agement and defeat, as pertaining to the

American cause, and magnifies the success

and strength of the enemy. As for the Con-

a great majority of illiberal and violent men.'

Tis you, sir, and you only that support the

present Congress: Of this you must be fully

sensible. Long before they left Philadelphia

-compelled to flee before the victorious Brit-

ish-their dignity and consequence were gone.'

From the New England provinces can you

find one that as a gentleman you should wish

to associate with? Unless the soft and mild

address of Mr. Hancock can attone for his

want of every other qualification necessary for

the station he fills, bankrupts and men of des-

perate fortunes are his colleagues.' 'Are the

dregs of a Congress then still to influence a

mind like yours? 'And now where are your

resources? Oh, thy dear sir, how sadly you

have been abused by a faction, void of truth

and void of tenderness to you and your coun-

try.' The Declaration he calls 'a rash and

violent inensure,' and coolly speaks of 'the

consequences' of that measure, 'the degene-

racy of councils, blunders without number.'-

After a pathetic description of the condition

of the country, and of Washington's, 'perish-

ing for want of common necessaries,' (shoes,

for instance!) he appeals to Washington's 'hu-

thanity, (and sure I ath that humanity is no

stranger to your breast,') and says 'tis to you,

and you alone, that your bleeding country

looks and calls aloud for this sacrifice;'-that

is, to betray the cause he had sworn to de-

As one reads this letter it is very difficult

to conceive that the same pen wrote it and

'the first prayer in Congress.' Thacher well

calls it an occurrence of a very singular com-

lous and illiberal performance, I made a short

the suspicion that 'he had betrayed his coun-

try;' and would not such a correspondence,

Under date of November 14th, 1777, Hop-

kinson writes to his brother-in-law, Duche, a

most scorching letter, from which I may select

a few sentences, indicative of the man and his

times, "Words cannot express the grief and

consternation that wounded my soul at the

sight of that fatal performance." He speaks of the letter as "filled with gross misrepresen-

to the assaults of fear or flattery, whose judgment needed not your information?" After

canvassing Duche's letter in the sharpest lan-

the suspicion ?

mighty King of kings, and Lord of lords, dignant speculation.' Washington immediately sent the letter to the President of Con-

dwellers on earth, and reignest with power su- gress, remarking in his letter: 'To this ridicu-

ture national felicity.'

cob Duche.

K. K. DONAVIN & JACKSON DOUGLAS. DITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

PFFICE ON MAIN STREET, "NEW SPIRIT PUILDING." The "SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON" is published on Tuesday Morning, at \$2 in advance—\$2.50 if paid within the year—or \$3 if not paid until after the expiration of the year.

03- ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at the rate of \$1 per square, for the first three insertions, and 25 cents for each continuance. Those not marked on the manuscript for a specified time, will be inserted until forbid, and CHARGED AC-

Vatent Medicine.

BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL, Possesses the most speedy and effectual remedy in the world for all secret Diseases:

Secret Diseases:
Gonorrhom, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, Pains in the Loins, Affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, Loss of Organic Powers, Nervous Irritability, Disease of the Head, Threat, Nose or Skin; and all those Peculiar Disorders arising from a Certain Secret Habit of Youth, which if not cured, produces Constitutional Debility, renders Marriage impossible, and in the end destroys both body and mind.

Young Men.

Young Men especially, who have become the victims of Solitary Vice that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave

habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalled talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Schates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to ecslary the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

Marriage.

Marriage.

Marriage Persons or those contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, or any other impediment, should immediately consult Dr. Johnston.

OFFICE No. 7, SOUTH FREDERICK St., seven doors from Baltimore street, East side, up the steps.

At-Be particular in observing the name and number, or you will mistake the place. Be not enticed from this office.

A Cure Warranted or no Charge, in from

A Cure Warranted or no Charge, in from one to two days.

The many thousands cured at this Institution, and the very extensive practice of Br. Johnston (exceding all others) is a sufficient gitarantee that he is the only proper Physician to be consulted.

Dr. Johnston,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, I ondon Graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges of the onned States, and the greater part of, whose life has been spentin the Hospitals of London; Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most estonishing cures that were ever known. Many troubled with a ringing in the ears and head when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, and bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derangement of mind, were cured iminadiately.

When the misguided and impudent votary of plansure finds he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame, or dread of discovery, deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability. can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease that their appearance such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deaf-ness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches on the head, face, and extremities; progressing on with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the blouth or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this awful disease becomes a horrid object of commisera-tion, till death puts a period to their dreadful sufferings by sending them to "that bourne from whence he traveller returns." To such therefore, Dr. JOHN-STON pledges himself to preserve the most inviolable beer ey, and from his extensive practice in the first hospitals of Europe and America, he can confidently commend the most safe and speedy cure to the unfortunate victim of this horrid disease.

It is a melancholy fact, that thousands full victims

to this dreadful disease, owing to the unskillfulliess or ignorant pretenders, who, by the use of that delidly poison, mercury, ruin the constitution, and either send unfortunate sufferer to an untimely grave, or makes residue of his life miscrable. Take Farticular Notice.

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by private and improper indulgences; that accret and solitary habit, which ruin both body and mind, unfiting them for either business or society.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects pro duced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and limbs, Pains in the Head, Dintness of Sight Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dis pessia, Nervous Irritability; Derangement of the Diges ave Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.

Menrally.—The fearful effects on the mind are

much to be dreaded; loss of methory, confusion of ideas, depression of spirits, evil forebodings, aversion to society, self distrust, love of solitude, timidity, &c., are some of the evils produced.

Dr. Johnston's Invigorating Remedy for General Debility.

By this great and important remedy, weakness of the organs are speedily cured, and full vigor restored.

Thousands of the most nervous and debilitated, who had lost all hope, have been infinediately edieved.—
All impediments to Marriage, Physical or Mental Disqualification, Nervous Irritability, Trembling and Weakness, or Exhaustion of the most fearful kind,

Weakings, or Expansion of the master are speedily cured.

Young Men

Who have injured themselves by a Certain Practice, indulged in when alone—a habit frequently leathed from evident particularly inschool—the effects of which from evident particularly and if hot cured. are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured re nightly lell, even when asleep, and if not cured, benders marriage impostible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hepe of his country, and the darlide of his parents, should be spatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life, by the consequences of deviating from the pith is mature, and indulging in a certain secret habit.

Such persons before confedipating

should reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, willout this, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage; the prospect hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair, and filled with the melancholy reflection that the hap-piness of another becomes blighted with our own.— Weakness of the Organs illimediately cutcil, and full vigor restored.
To Strangers.

To Strangers.

The many thousands of the most desperate and hopeless cases cured at this institution within the last twelve years, and the numerous important Surgical Operations performed by Dr. Johnston; withessed by the reporters of the papers and many other persons notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted. The who places himself under the care of Dr. Johnston may religiously confide in his honor as a Gentleman, and confidently rely uport his skill as a Physician.

There are so lifely ignorant and worthless Quacks copying Dr. Johnston's advertisement; and advertising themselves as physicians, trifling with and ruining the health of the already Afflicted, that Dr. Johnston deems it necessary to say especially to Dr. Johnston deems it necessary to say especially to those unacquainted with his reputation that his credentials or diplomas always hatir in his Office.

ALL LETTERS MUST BE POST-PAID—REME

OFFICE—No. 7, South Frederick St., East side Observe name on door. F.b. 27, 1855.—1y. FIRE, LIFE & MARINE INSURANCE.

LYNCHBURG HOSE AND FIRE
INSURANCE COMPANY. INSURANCE COMPANY.

This Company makes Insurance against loss or damages by Fire, on Dwelling Houses, Stores, Tobacco Factories and other Buildings, on Furniture, Goods, Wares and Merchandise, generally in town and country, on the most favorable terms.

Also makes Insurance on the lives of all persons enough good health, and of sound constitution for the whole duration of life; or for a limited period.

Slaves employed in ordinary occupations, will be

Slaves employed in ordinary occupations, will be The Company will also take marine risks from and o any of the Northern or Southern Ports, at favora-Board of Directors.

JOHN ROBIN McDANIEL, President.

DON T. C. PETERS, Vice President. SAMPSON DIUGUID, Chief Engineer. GEORGE W. YANGEY,
WILLIAMT. ANDERSON,
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Dr. WM. OTWAY OWEN,
Agent for Jefferson county, . B. W. HERBERT.
Medical Examiner, Dr. G. F. MASON.
Charlestown, April 25, 1854—1y

[FP]

THE VALLEY OF VIRGINIA FIRE MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, Will issue Policies on all kinds of Property, Merchandise, &c., at fair and equitable rates. Merchandise, &c., at fair and equitable rates.

Capital \$150,000, with power to increase the same to \$200,000.

The attention of the citizens of Virginia is especially invited to this Company as a Home-Institution, based upon ample capital, and guaranteed by the best of references; and conducted on the strictest principles of equity, justice, and economy.

HOME OFFICE—WINCHESTER, VA.

MOS. S. CARSON, President.

JOS. S. CARSON, President. C. S. FUNK, Secretary. O. F. BRESEE, Actuary. James H. Burgess, Lleyd Logan, John Kerr,

B. W. HERBERT, Agent for Jefferson county. August 2, 1853-1y [P. P.]

Testimonials.

Winchester, May 27, 1853.

We, the undersigned, being solicited to give our opinion as to the character and standing of the Insurance Company of the Valley of Virginia, have no hesitation in saying that we have the utmost confidence in the ability and integrity of the Freedent and Directors of that Company.

The fact that we have insured our own property in the Company, is perhaps the strongest evidence we can give as to our opinion of its merils.

J. H. Sherrard, Cash. Farmer's Bank of Va.

Hon. J. M. Mason, U. S. Senafor.

Jacob Senseny, Esq., Merchant; Winchester, T. A. Tidball, Prest. of Bank of Valley of Va. Testimonials.

THE subscriber, determined to establish a reputation for the HALLTOWN MILLS for making good Flour for family use, takes this method of informing his friends and the public generally that he will hereafter keep constantly on hand a very superior article, made of selected Wheat expressly for that purpose, and will be pleased to either exchange it for Wheat on the usual terms of five bushels of Wheat for one barrel of Flour, of for cash at a fair price.

13-For sale also at the store of Messrs Keyes & Kearsley, Charlestown.

Feb. 6, 1855—3m G. W. FOX.

thy Son and our Saviour. Amen!"

Admirable! The Liturgy scarce has a prayer more finely harmonized, or one better adapted to captivate the ear, than this first prayer in Congress. Had Duche remained firm like White, that prayer would have made his name as dear to the children of the men capture. Canvassing Duche's letter in the sharpest language, he expresses the hope that "notwithstanding your assertion to the contrary, you wrote it with a bayonet to your breast, by order of the unprincipled usurper of your native city." "I am perfectly disposed to attribute this unfortunane step to the timidity of your leaves, and the deceived. JERE. HARRIS.

Noetry.

ODE TO SPRINC.

Lo! where the rosy bosoni'd hours,
Fair Venus's train, appear,
Disclose the long expected flowers;
And wake the purple year!
The Attic warbler pours her throat;
Responsive to the cuckoo's note;
The untaught harmony of Spring;
While, whispering pleasure as they fly,
Cool zephyrs through the clear blue sky
Their gather'd fragrance fling.

Their gather'd fragrance fling.

A broader, browner shade,

Where'er the oak's thick branches stretch

Where'er the rude and moss grown beech

O'er occupies the glade, Beside some water's rushy brink With me the Muse shall sit and think

(At ease reclined in rustic state,)

Still is the toiling hand of Care; The panning herds repose; Yet hark, how through the peopled hir

How vain the ardor of the crowd;

How low, how little are the proud

How indigent the great!

The busy murmur glows!

The insect youth are on the wing,

Eager to taste the honeyed Spring,

Some lightly o'er the current skim

Some show their gaily gilded trim,

Alike, the busy and the gay But flutter through life's little day,

Or chilled by Age, their airy dance

Methinks I hear, in accents low.

The sportive kind reply; Poor moralist! and what art thou?

A solitary fly ! Thy joys no glittering female meets No hive hast thou of hoarded sweets;

No painted plumage to display. On hasty wings thy youth is flown;

ONE BY ONE.

One by one the sands are flowing,

One by one the moments fall;

Some are coming, some are going,

Do not strive to grasp them all:

Let no future dreams elate thee,

Joys are sent thee here below; Take them readily when given,

Do not fear an armed band; One will fade as others greet thee,

Ready too to let them go.

One by one thy duties wait thee, Let thy whole strength go to each;

One by one (bright gifts from Heaven)

One by one thy griefs shall meet thee,

Shadows passing through the land.

See how small each moment's pain;

Do not look at life's long sorrow;

God will help thee for to-morrow, Every day begin again.

Every hour that fleets so slowly

Has its task to do or bear;

Luminous the crown, and holy,

Do not linger with regretting.

Nor, the daily toil forgetting,

Look tob eagerly beyond.

. Ere the pilgrlmage be done.

Or for passing hours despond

Hours are ödlilen links, God's token,

Reaching heaven; but one by one Take them, lest the chain be broken

Miscellaneous

[From the New York Observer.]

The First Prayer in Congress."

scene in American hietory graces many par-lors, and silently traces false impressions on

many minds. I have niet not a few altogeth-

er istorant of the singular history of the first

chaplain of Congress, who is a central figure

in that picture, and they could scarcely be

made to believe that the Rev. Jacob Duche,

who offered that prayer, could have played, if

not a traitor's part, yet that of a very danger-

ous friend: In 1777, after having acted as

chaplain of Congress 'about three months,'

to general acceptance frequently and fervent

y imploring heaven to succeed the American

cause," this "popular Episcopal minister in Philadelphia." gave in his resignation. He was a native of that city, and educated at the

University of Pennsylvania. "So captivat-

ing was his eloquence, aided by a harmoni us

voice and elegance of person, that he was con-

sidered by many to rival Whitefield. He

was an active Whig at the commencement

of the war, 'and opened the first Congress

with a prayer, at the request of that body.'-

When Peyton Randolph, the first President of Congress died, Mr. Duche preached his

funeral sermon, He also preached a fast'

sermon before Congress, and on another oc-

casion preached a patriotic sermon before a battalion of Philadelphia volunteers raised to

These facts are gathered from Spark's Wri-

titigs of Washington, and the newspapers of

In Thacher's Military Journal-a book very

difficult to get hold of: it ought to be repub-

lished-under date of December 1777, is

found a note containing the identical 'first

prayer in Congress.' It is so striking, and

stands in such contrast with the subsequent

course of its author, that I will transcribe it

The Prayer of Mr. Duche.

preme and uncontrolled over all kingdoms,

to thee do they now look up for that counter

nance and support which thou alone canst

give: take them, therefore, heavenly Father,

under thy nurturing care; give them wisdom

malicious designs of our cruel adversaries;

convince them of the inrighteousness of their

cause; and if they still persist in their san-

guinary purpose, O! let the voice of thine

own unerring justice, sounding in their hearts,

constrain them to drop the weapons of war

from their unnerved hands in the day of bat-

tle. Be thou present, O God of wisdom, and

direct the councils of this honorable assembly:

enable them to settle things on the best and

surest foundation, that the scene of blood may

lions they here represent, such temporal bless-

ings as thou seest expedient for them in this

world, and crowfi them with everlasting glory

in the world to come. All this we ask in the

name and through the merits of Jesus Christ,

in council, and valor in the field; defeat the

defend the country from foreign aggression .-

An engraving representing this striking

If thou set each gem with care

Thy sun is set, thy spring is gone; We frolic while 'tis May.

They leave in dust to rest.

Such is the race of men; And they that creep, and they that fly, Shall end where they began;

· In Fortune's varying colors dressed;

Brushed by the hand of rough Mischance;

Quick glancing to the sun!

To contemplation's sober eye,

And float amid the liquid noon;

CHARLESTOWN, VIRGINIA, TUESDAY, MAY 29, 1855.

[From the Pennsylvania Enquirer.1 of '76, as the names of those who drafted undue influence of those about you." Many and signed the Declaration. But the man sentences in the letter breathe strong affection

ed; not comprehending the nature of that crushingly severe.
struggle into which the American Colonies Duche and his fa a beautiful prayer, drawing nigh to the 'high and mighty King of kings' with his lips only.

Or a splendid and admired thereby Or a splendid and admired preacher, he may have been carried away with the exalted position to which he was invited, in which he had such opportunities to display the graces of elo-April 2d, 1783; and under date of Aug. 10th Washington makes a dignified and Christian reply, leaving the matter of Mr. D.'s return to ingly beautiful speech which he made in the the authorities of Pennsylvania. If they grant Convention for forming the Constitution, mov- the permission, "it cannot fail to meet my entire approbation." Mr. Duche did not have this permission to return, as the laws of Penndeliberations, be held in this assembly every sylvania excluding the refugees from that morning before we proceed to business, uses the following language: 'In the beginning of the Constitution of the United States. Mr. of the contest with Britain, when we were Duche returned to Philadelphia in the 1790, sensible of danger; we had daily prayers in | much broken in health, having suffered a parthis room for the divine protection. Our alytic affection. He died in 1794, being about 60 years of age." These facts olight to be familiar to all who

look admiringly on the picture of "the First quent instances of a superinteliding Provi- Prayer in Congress." ROCKAWAY.

Combination of Labor.

The division of labor is one of the most necessarry elements in the progress of civilization. But the combination of labor is no less essential. The rise of a people depends chiefly upon the first, but their preservation from downfall upon the latter. Indeed, the chief cause of the decay of nations arises from the different from that already before us. On the excessive division of labor, such a division as 11th of September, 1777, was fought the bat- amounts to the utter segregation of classes tle of Chad's Ford, the chemy retaining the and of interests. If this takes place in an field of battle. Between that and the battle | army, as that or England in the Crimea, all of Germantown, which was fought on the 4th | the bravery of its soldiers, the perfection of its of October, Washington's troops were suffer- drill, the thoroughness of its accourrements. ing tremendously for want of ordinary com- and checks of its commissariat, cannot save it forts, and their noble commander declares from childish decrepitude and helpless imbethat at least one thousand men are barefoot- cility. So is it in a State; its armies may be ed, and have performed the marches in that | brave and strong, its maunfactures excellent; condition,' and when prompt action was in one case necessary, it could not be had, as feet in some one thing; but without a body Washington says, the strongest reason against of well balanced men, combining various exbeing able to make a forced march is the cellencies, it would drop to pieces of its cwn want of shoes.' On the 4th of October, the weight, and through the very perfection of its battle of Germantown was fought, of which | individual parts. Hence the progress of a an-Washington, in a letter to his brother, de- tion in civilization will depend eventually not clared, after saying the Americans had lost upon the perfection of its arts, or the vigor of its arms, but upon its posses ing,' 'and many valuable officers,' it was a number of proportionably developed human bloody day. Would to heaven I could add, beings.

Napoleon was the most striking instance of constructive power the world has ever seen. The brilliancy and accuracy of his combinations, whether on the field of battle or in developing the industry and resources of a nation; has never been equalled. He found France-imbecill through distraction, and he raised her to the highest pinnacle of her glory. But the weakness and bollowness of this state battle, wrote a letter to Washington, of which of things was that the chillbining force lav in he says, (on the '16th of October,') 'I yester- himself alone; it was dependent upon the desday, through the hands of Mrs. Ferguson of potic power of one individual, and did not Graham Park, received a letter of a very cu- rest inherently in a natural organization and rious and extraordinary nature, from Mr. Du- development of society.

che, which I have thought proper to transmit | Fourier tried to remedy this defect.to Congress.' Did the limits of this article His great aith was the to combine labor so as permit, I would transcribe the entire letter, to produce the greatest advantage to the comas one of the most extraordinary documents munity. But his system is based upon the organization of the community as a whole, taking away from each individual self-interest the chief stimulus to exertion. Observing truly that individual selfishness, was the greatconduct 'in yielding to a torrent too strong est enemy to successful combination of men. for his feeble nature to bear,' in 'preaching to he constructed a system which should afford one of the city battalions' of rebel troops, the least possible encouragement to it, by and of 'rashly accepting the appointment' bf making the community reap the chief advantages of each individual's exertion. But by relieving the pressure of personal interest in the fear of want, and hope of reward, he removed the chief intentive to industry and exertion. Idleness; love of ease, and the consegress, he says, the most respectable have quent relaxation of all the bonds that hold so-withdrawn themselves, and are succeeded by ciety together, are the inevitable result of this. In fine, Fourierism, in its zeal for the combination of the whole, takes away the chief impelling motive from the exertions of cach, so that this complex machinery must soon stand still for want of anything to combine. It requires all men to be as disinterestedly good as angels to begilf with, and if they were, they

could get along far better without it. The peculiarity of the American system of combination (for it has a distinctive type of its own, of which the maxim of Franklin may be called the basis) is that it permits the most perfect play to the workings of an enlightened self-interest, allowing every man to gain all he can honestly, and use it just as he pleases, so long as he interferes with the just rights of no one else. This principle secures the greatest amount of exertion, and the thorough division of labor. It rests then on the most perfect possible general cultivation of cath individual. This coupled with the representative system, educates large bodies of the people in combinative skill and efforts, producing the

advantages of competition in this excellence; instead of despotism, Confucius, who produced some of the most durable forms of combination the world has ever seen, aimed at the cultivation of each individual. "To polish the reason" of each man was the great end of his philosophy: But he thought to accomplish this thirbugh princes and great men acting downward on the Teople. "To produce a reformation in the kingdom, the prince should regulate his family, so as to be a model; and to reform the family, he must polish his own person and ac "O Lord, our heavenly Father, high and plexion,' and says that it occasions much in tions, being an example to each." Thus he aimed to civilize society downwards, beginning at the highest orders, so as to influence those below, but the great masses below never have been or can be thus penetrated by the warmth empires and governments. Look down in reply by desiring the bearer of it—Mrs. Fermercy, we beseed thee, on these American guson—if she should hereafter by any acci-States, who have fled to thee from the rod of | dent meet with Mr. Ducke, to tell him I should | tion of the Chinese cultivation. Those reforthe opressor, and thrown themselves on thy gracious protection, desiring to be henceforth idea of the contents; observing at the and work their way upward through an inter-

dependant only on thee; to thee have they appealed for the righteousness of their cause; and I sat down alone with my solitary lamp those who practice them, rest upon eternal and waited the return of my parties who all and expected it would be discontinued.' But laws, and have the greatest inherent strength. | went forward, wishing to see it, but they said in a letter to Francis Hopkiuson, the signer of It is thus that the temperance reformation the Ucclaration, and also a brother-in-law of has wrought. And of Him who spoke as nev-Duche. Washington shows that he feared that | er man spake, we read that " the common peokeeping the letter secret might involve him in | ple heard him gladly." The strength of civilization rests upon its simplicity in combining the deserted chamber, a place filled with pro-the masses, with the least possible restriction found gulf and here much caution is necessaif kept a secret, have given good grounds for on individual liberty.- Ledger.

Advice to Young Ladies:

Clandestine courtships are not ouly dishonorable and uncertain as to their results, but a base frand upon the confidence of parents.-They are in all aspects discreditable, because, however pure or sincere, the concealment implies a doubt of the integrity of one of the parand justice, religion and piety, prevail and they of a man of character. You have endeavflourish amongst thy people. Preserve the health of their bodies, and the vigor of their most artful glosses. He tolks he will be the shower down on them and the state of their most artful glosses. ties. Either the man is ashamed of the woman, or the woman is ashamed of the man, thy of a man of character. You have endeavored to screen your own weaknesses by the most artful glosses." He tells him to read his own letter again, "you will find then, that by a vain and weak effort you have attempted the integrity of one whose virtue is impregnable to the assaults of fear or flattery, whose judgor somebody interested is ashamed of one or cresy in affairs of the heart, is prone to be censorious; and the man, if not restrained by some purity of principles, is ever ready to regard the woman with suspicion, at least.—
They think with Brabantio, that if a girl de-

A Graphic Sketch—The Mammouth Cave of Kentucky. BY JOSEPH ALEXANDER, A. M.

The approach to the Cave is along a pathway somewhat rugged, and decending a little. for about three hundred yards from the Cave Hotel, when one suddenly comes upon the mouth of the cavern-a vast chasm in the earth -formed as it were by some great convulsion of nature; an immense rock being thrust back from its bed, shows the entrance to the Cave beyond. To many persons the first sight of the place is alarming. It is so sombre, so obscure, that it creates in the mind a kind of sad and pensive feeling, which in some does not diminish as they advance, with lamps, into its more than midnight gloom. In de-scending a rough flight of rocky steps, one sees before him a light cascade falling over a great rock, which crowns the entrance, and making a melancholy sound among the ruins of rocks beneath which it disappears. At the sight of this light water-fall, one loiters, and all before is obscurity, yet the desire to advance and see the chambers hidden from the day urges the visitor forward. I was one of a party of eight, each one taking his lamp and the guide a vessel of oil to replenish the lamps, which now being lighted, we all advanced in the heart of the Cave.

In passing along we saw the wooden pipes which served to convey water into the cave, used in making saltpeter in time of war; and although many years have elapsed they are still in a state of perfect preservatiou. Near this spot they report that a great Giant was found, or, rather, the skeleton of one. It was discovered they say, by the workmen employed in digging saltpeter earth, and they being superstitious, buried it again. During the summer, there is always a strong breeze blowing out from the cave. The air in it is very cold, but very light and pure; and, they say, good for consumptives. Advancing onward, we soon arrived in the first grand cham-ber of the cavern, which is of an oval form, two hundred feet in length, and about one hundred and fifty wide; the ceiling, about fifty feet high, is smooth and polished as if by art. From this place there are two passages: the one before us seeming to extend for miles, as is called the Grand Gallery. It is truly

majestic in its gloom. Advancing about half a mile, we arrived at a place called the Church—the pulpit an immense rock. Here, sometimes, when there are many strangers visiting the Cave they have preached, and the guides placing their lamps behind the crevices of rocks, in the distance it produces somewhat the appearance of lightning. This, with the sound of music, makes a scene of grandeur, savage and sublime. In leaving this Church we entered what is called the Gothic passage, because it is filled with natural columns. Here, they say several mummies have been found, in a fine state of preservation. One found in a hidden excavtion was the body of a woman, (Indian I suppose,) sitting with her wardrobe and jewels at her side, comprising a necklace, shoes, an emtroidered bag, a head-dress and several needles made of hoan, and an embroidered deer-

many persons vouch for the truth, and they were all placed in the museum in Cincinnati, where they were destroyed by fire. This passage is sometimes called the Haunted Chamber, because one of the workmen not knowing the windings of the cave, was lost in the intricacies of the place, and being alarmed, said he saw a spirit; that he felt it touching him, and saw it advancing before him in the way. Such is the history of the haunted chamber. From the passage just mentioned, we passed on and entered a grand hall, called the Gothic Chapel, which is about eight feet in length and fifty in breadth, of an eliptical form, adorned with columns truly Gothic and picturesque, of Nature's own curious Handiwork. The most heautiful stalactites hang from the ceiling, and down the centre there

are two rows of brightly sparkling stalagmites. extending from the door to the vault above .-Here are many things worthy of mention, such as the stalabtities, called the parapet or wall of Napoleon, the head of the Elephant, the Curtain, the Lover's Leap, which is a vast rock hanging over a frightful gulf or abyss.-Near by is a natural basin of water, clear as small stream. Leaving this chamber in an avenue, where there are several houses, which were occupied by consuptives, who since lived in this part of the cave and thought theinselves greatly benefitted by the air. But there are various opinions as to the idea now.

Passing many things worthy of notice, but too numerour to describe, we arrive in an immerise space where rocks are thrown about in a perfect chaos of ruin, as if by an earthquake, and one vast rock heaved upon an eminence, is called, from its appearance; the Giant's Coffin. There the guide lighted a Bengola a rude path, and approached Serena's bowlight, which cast a reddish glare amid the gloom, making a scene of savage wilderness, which in some sensitive persons creates a peculiar feeling of fear and melancholy, and some become so much alarmed that they are unable to advance any further. Here two ladies fainted and had to be carried out of the Cave. The next chamber that invites attention is the Star-Chamber. Looking to the ceiling, which is perfectly black and immensely high, the lights being placed at some distance. we see white specks, like stars in a dark

Leaving this curious scene, we entered a place called the Black Chamber; here we dined on a variety of good things, brought by our guides, in a basket, and we drank of the purest water, far below the surface of the earth, for the first time, and I suppose the last. The great city, or the Temple, is the next place worthy of mention, though I for one did not see it; the road to it is so extremely bail and their curiosity was more excited than gratified. for they saw nothing but a vast space filled with gloom, having a pyramidal heap of rock in the centre. Leaving this we approached ry, and attention required, to follow closely the guide, in order to pass in safety. After a short walk we descended a ladder

about fifteen feet, and before us we saw two passages, one leading to a place called the bottomless pit; the other is a labyrinth which conducts to one of the glories of the Cave, named Gorin's Dome. It is made in the solid rock, fluted and polished in a wonderful manner. The guide shows an opening in the rock, like a small window, and throwing in some Bengola lights, a most magnificent scene is presented. Natural columns, sparkling stalactties resembling a curtain. They say it is two hundred feet high, and the gulf below is indeed frightful. Returning again by this passage, we approach the bottomiess pit, a frightful chasm, crossed by means of a light wooden bridge; they say as yet, no bottom has been found to it, whence its name. Above this gulf there is a vast dome, but it cannot and without the last the two former would be be well seen as the bridge crosses rather at often renderee useless. the one side of the opening.

sies, which, they say, is two miles in length, sweetbriars in the garden of life,"

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and for about a quarter of a mile, the ceiling is vaulted in a most beautiful manner. Then, it suddenly changes into a seene of mournful boldness. Here are many things worthy of notice, which I will mention; the Winding Way; the Grotto of Angelica, lined, as it were with Muscovite glass; the Bandit Hall, which brings a melancholy feeling over the mind. Leaving this scene we cross the Hall of the Winds, so called from the strong current of wind blowing there. Here we enter the ves-tibule of the rivers which extends before us in a manner inexpressibly sublime, on account of its gloom. After mounting a rock, we see in the darkness, by the red glare of our lamps an immense lake, black and dismal, called the Dead Sea-a scene which does not soon pass

from the mind.

Descending a flight of about twenty steps, we found ourselves among heaps of vast rocks. Here we met a gay company of ladies and gentlemen, just mounting the rock to cross the river, their lamps flashing back an unearthly glare on the ebon waters. The ladies were dressed a la Turque, most fancifully with turbans, some in blue, some red, some white. It is a custom with some ladies to take this costume as being best suited to traverse these subterranean passages, a long dress being very inconvenient. While passing along you hear the sound of invisible waters; then coming to the summit of a rock, you see at its feet the river call styx, deep and obscure, and vaulted above by rocks. If you would cross this river without a boat, you can can do so by thounting a dangerous rock, but then it is necessary to work your way, almost in a flat posture, onthe the rock, through a very low and narrow passage, for about three hundred yards .-This being passed, you see far below in the river the gay party mentioned, in the boat, re-sembling the fabulous ghost of ancient times, making altogether a scene so strangely mournful and wild, that it fills the mind with awe and sadness.

Having passed the Styx, we entered a high hall, having the floor smooth and polished for about a quarter of a mile; when we approached another river, called the Echo, because there is a very fine one here, and the report the Turkish costume, sitting on a sofa. My of a pistol sounds like thunder. The water first thought was, "what an enormous turban in the river is very deep, and runs under a that boy has on,"and my second, "how very low vault, between which and the water | small he is !" Judge of my suprise, when I there are but three feet; through this vault found he was a husband; he being a little more persons are obliged to sail if they would than ten years old, and his wife not quite nine! cross the river and see the beauties beyond | Truly this is beginning life young. And it, so that it is dangerous to do so in rainy | this reminds me, that a friend of ours saw an times, because often the water rises sud- American lady in Alexandria, who though but suddenly and fills the whole vault, so that twenty-six years of age, was a grandmother! they caught thus beyond it they could not This goes quite beyond early marriages in the get back until the water had subsided, which U. States.—Mrs Eames' Travels in Egypt. might not be for several days, and of course. would create some alarm. Here, with the roar of the waters and the impenetrable gloom, the scene is also truly majestic .-Great efforts have been made to discover the sources of these strange rivers, but they have not yet been able to find them. In the waters are small fish, three or four inches long, without eyes.

Having left Echo, we walk about four miles, when we arrive in Cleveland's Avenue-so called, because first seen by a genskin. I did not see these curiosities, but tleman of that name, together with his guide. Here also are many things worthy of notice. We pass on, however, crossing the Wellington Gallery, when we arrive at the foot of a ladder, which leads to the Elvsian fields; here, we see a beautiful fountain of pure water, and at the head of the ladder a magnificent grotto, the halls and cealing being covered with brilliant satellites, presenting the appearance of bunches of grapes. This is named Mary's Bower, and is called the Chief Glory of the Cave. In advancing from this place, about a hundred yards, we mount a dangerous rock, when we see before us a place called the Holy Sepulchre ; the vestibule is a small vault adorned with superb white stalactites; beyond this, is the Sepulchre, an obscure and gloomy chamber, without decoration, having an opening in the floor resembling a grave.

Having left this, we entered again Cleve land Avenue, which they say is three miles in length, and seventy feet wide. Walking on for some time, we entered at last, the chamber called the Cabinet, the walls and ceiling being covered with stalactites, sparkling like diamonds, and of every variety of crystal, in which there falls from the ceiling a form, as the rose, branches of trees, shell work. Here we are dazzled, for all is dazopposite direction, we soon arrived in a vast | zling as a fairy grotto. Leaving this we come to the Snow Ball Chamber-so styled because the whole vault is covered with balls perfectly white and resembling snow. Forsaking those superb and tranquil cabinets we see suddenly before us, heaps of rocks called mountains; climbing over these, we turn to the left, and enter Crogan's Hall, which is nine miles from the cave's mouth. Here are vast stalactites, resembling ice glass, and by the Bengola lights presenting the coler of amber. From this, we followed er. The road to it is dengerous, and few persons visit it. It is circular, about twelve feet in diameter, having resplendent stalactites hanging round the walls like a curtain. It is indeed beautiful, and the mind is filled with astonishment, to see these beautiful works of Nature, shut up in impenetrable darkness. After having walked so long in the obscurity and death-like silence of this subterranean world of wonders, I felt an inexpressible pleasure, when I first saw the light shining, and the rays of the setting sun glittering through the

cascade which falls over the entrance. Important to Farmers. We are informed by the Chamberlin, of the City Mill, that the farmers of Vermont are

in the habit of heading the movements of the Weevel, by a very simple process. The next season after it makes its appearance, they go through their wheat fields, about the time the wheat is heading, immediately after the fatiguing that few persons visit it at present, shower or while the dew is on it, and scatter adhere to the heads and stems of the grain. They use about a bushel to the acre. Good lime should be secured, and slacked by sprinkling a little water over it, so as to retain all its strength. A paddle may be used in scattering it. The remedy has, it is said, been so effectually tried, as to leave no doubt of the result.

Strips in large wheat fields left untouched by the lime, for experiment, have been entirely destroyed by the weevel, while the grain on each side was all saved. Since this intelligence was received, Mr. Jesse Allen, of the Centre Mill, has received corroborating information from a Muskingum county farmer, who has seen the same practice and the same results there.

[Akron Beacon. AN IRISHMAN'S WILL-"I will and bequeath to my beloved wife Bridget, all my propert without reserve, and to my eldest son, Patrick, one half of the remainder, and to Dennis, my youngest son, the rest. If anything is left it may go to Terence McCarty

.... Integrity is the first moral virture, benevolence the second, and prudence the third -without the first, the two latter cannot exist

.... Bachelors are not entirely lost to the ceives her parents, she will deceive others al-also. So, girls, have a care that in attempt-ing to deceive others, you are not yourselves The leaving this place there are two passa-ges, one conducting to the river and Dead Sea, the other landing into an avenue called Pen-

A 44() I MALLELA LICE

BOOKS, PAMPHLETS, CARDS, . EXECUTED WITH NEATNESS AND DESPATCH, AT THE OFFICE OF "SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON." OG- A supply of Magistrate's, Sheriff's, and Cos-stable's BLANKS—Deeps of Bargain and Sale and Deeps of Trust-Negotiable and Promo-sory NOTES, &c., &c., always on hand.

How to Prosper in Business. In the first place, make up your mind to accomplish whatever you undertake; decide upon some particular employment and perse-vere in it. All difficulties are overcome by dilligence and assiduity.

Be not afraid to work with your own hands, and dilligently, too. 'A cat in gloves catches Attend to your own business and never

trust it to another. 'A pot that belongs to many is ill stirred and worse boiled. Be frugal. 'That which will not make a pot will make a pot lid.' Be abstemious. 'Who dainties love shall

beggars prove.' Rise early. 'The sleepy fox catches no poultry.

Treat every one with respect and civility.

'Everything is gained and nothing lost by courtesy.' Good manners insure success.

Never anticipate wealth from any other source than labor. 'He who waits for dead men's shoes may have to go for a long time

Heaven helps those who help themselves.

If you implicitly follow these precepts, nothing will hinder you from accumulating.

Pointed Extract.

In one of the Rev. E. Chapin's sermons is

the following pointed extract: 'Many a man there is clothed in respectability, and proud of his honor, whose central idea of life is interest and ease, the conception that other men are mere tools to be used as will best serve him, that God has endowed him with sinew and brain merely to scramble and get; and so in this grand universe, which is a perfect circulation of benefits, he lives like a sponge on a rock, to absorb, and bloat, and die. Thousands in this great city are living so, who never look out of the narrow circle of their self-interest; whose decalogue is arithmetic, whose Bible is their ledger; who have so contracted, and hardened, and stamped their nature, that in any spiritual estimate, they would pass for only so many bogus dollars.'

A Young Husband, On making a call the other day, at the house of the American missionary, in Jerusalem, I saw a little boy, in

Moral Suasion.-In the Massachusetts House of Moral Suasion.—In the Massachusetts House of Representatives on Wednesday Mr. Devereux, of Saylem in arguing in favor of the bill proceed, nurseries, gardens, &c., related the following story to show why such a bill was needed: One pleasant afternoon, while walking in his garden, he caught a youngster in the act of devouring a large melon.—He put his hand on the boy's shoulder, and said:—"My how I don't object to your taking melons on account of the said of "My boy, I don't object to your taking melons on account of their value, but to the manner of your taking them. If, instead of stealing them you would come to me I would give you what you wanted." The boy was evidently frightened, but he was allowed to depart, and warned against renewing his depredations. "That night," said Mr. Devereux, "the boy entered my garden and stole everymelon I possessed."—Boston Atlas.

BREDSTUFYS.—There is some speculation afloat in reference to the amount of breadstuffs in the country. In some cases the stock is represented as very light; and again supplies are said to be as good as usual at this season of the year. The Philadelphia Inquirer, Wednesday, contains the following paragraph on the subject:
"At Milwoukie there, are 70,000 bernels of flour

and 550,000 bushels of wheat, bound for the East, as soon as the lake opens. The shipments of Milwa-ukie, will double those of last year."

.... A shrub has been discovered near San Antotonia, Texas, called guisachi, which bids fair to equal or supersede the Osage orange or Cherokee rose for hedges in the South. The spines or thoris are more numerous and formidable than those of the Osage orange, which is a great desideratum in the forma-tion of live fences. This subject is worthy of experiment by all those who are situated near regions where this plant can be obtained, and, if successful it should be mape known to the public.

SAD RESULT OF JESTING .- On the 2d instant, at Memphis Tennessee, a young man, in a spirit of levity, said to Mrs. Green Warmley, a respectible lady in delicate health, that her husband had been scrionsly injured by a dray running over him. The announcement gave her such a shock that she immediately fainted and in a short time was a corpse.

EXCELLENT CEMENT.-An excellent cement for seams in the roofs of houses, or for any similar defects, may be made with white lead, dry white sand and as much oil as will render it of the consistency of putty; it becomes as hard as any stone in the course of a few weeks. The lead forms a kind of flux with the sand, adapting it to the filling up of cracks in brick buildings, also for pointing up the bases of chimneys, where they project through the roofs of shingled houses.

The Grave.... It buries every error-covers every defect—extinguishes every resentment.—From its peaceful bosom spring none but fond regrets and tender-recollections. Who can look down upon the grave of an enemy, and not feel a throb that he should have warred with the poor handful earth of that lies mouldering before him. Compassion.-There was never any heart truly

great and generous, that was not also tender and compassionate; it is this noble quality that makes all men to be of one kind ; for every man would be a distinct species to himself, where there is no sym-.... The Manassas, Gapa railroad company have

conveyed to the government the land necessary for the creation of the long talked of light house on Jones Point, which extends from the south end of our city out into the Potomac.—Alex. Sentinel. Open for the Sick Room .- A few drops of oil of

sandal-wood, which though not in general use, may be easily obtained, when dropped on a hot shovel, will diffuse a most agreeable balsamic perfume throughout the atmosphere of sick rooms, or other confined apartments. A DUEL IN THE DARK -- A late California paper

mentions a duel which was fought between a Yan-kee and an Englishman in a dark room. The Yan-kee not wishing to have blood on his hands, fired his pistol up the chimney, and to his horror down came the Englishman.—Evening Post.

and shaving a dozen poor devils of ten times that sum on Monday to make up for it, are about as likely to have a seat in Paradise as an ox-express is to beat the summer lightning.

... Memory presides over the past—action pre-sides over the present. The first lives in a rich tem-ple hung with glorious trophies, and lined with tombs; the other has no shine but duty, and it walks the earth like a spirit.

Preservation against Mores.—A small piece of paper or linen moistened with spirits of impentine and put into a wardrobe or bureau, two or three times a year, is a sufficient preservative against moths. So says an exchange paper. ... New clothes are great pr

A new bonnet or a new dress will induce a "gal" to go to church at least three times on Sunday, where she didn't use to go once before she got it. That's

.... "People may say what they will about the country air being good for 'em," said Mrs. Partington, "and how they fatten upon it; for my part, I shall always think it's owin' to the vittles." Mr Buchanan, minister to England, has Washington, stating that he intends mission in September and traveling thro before he returns home.

... There has been no war, in Iceland for six hundred years, and no military force has been raised during all this time. THE FUGITIVE SLAVE LAW .- The Mar

Legislature has passed to its third reading, the sonal liberty bill, which, in effect renders void the eration of the Fugitive Slave Law in that State.

.... Ripe Tomatoes were selling in the Richmond market, last Saturday morning, at 25 cents per dea-zen, and Green Peas at 50 cents per peck.

Thursday the 24th. The anxiously waited for day when Virginians would be called upon to choose their Governor, and State and National officers has arrived and gone.-The wishes of a people who have ever been noted for the fixedness of their opinions have been recorded and we are happy to say, that still adhering to the faith of the early founders of our Republican institotions, they have declared that they prefer the followers of Jefferson, and the worshippers at the shrife of Democracy. We expected this decision; we looked for it as something which must be. And although the opposition desired it to be otherwise, and may have even hoped strongly that it would have been different, still we connot possibly believe that they had one assurance, comfortable enough, to have created an expectation that their party would be triumphant. We speak now of the State election. It was different with them in regard to the Congressional election in this District. They confidently believed that they would elect their candidate. They were happy in their selection of a nominee for that office. He is a gentleman of the finest order of talents, of unblemished bonor, and gifted to an unusual degree He entered the canvass with zeal, and manifested throughout the entire campaign a fervency and industry which are most often indicative of success. But in a bad cause, berculean exertions, and untiring energy fail to secure triumph, and it was so in this case. Not only Mr. Borrana but any other gentleman would have shared a similar fate.

Mr. FAULENER is again the Representative of the 8th District. It must truly be gratifying to the Democracy to know that in the next Congress, which in all probability will be the most important which has convened for many years, they will be represented by a gentleman whose acknowledged ability has 8 55888858 already won for him a distinction, which ranks him among the most prominent and useful members of that body. The triumph of Mr. FAULENER is not merely the triumph of the man, but it is the triumph of principles which are the treasured jewels of a great party. He was chosen as the exponent of the views of the honest mass of the Democracy, and as such he has been successful. We feel an abiding confidence in his ability and honesty of purpose, and can assure the Democracy that when his term of office expires, they will have additional causes to attach themselves more closely to him. He conducted the campaign with a vigor and effectiveness which told amazingly on the prospects of the opposition, and which added much strength to the rest of the Ticket.

We come now to speak of HENRY A. WISE. Who can place an estimate on the value of his labors .-Through the East and West, the North and the South be went, carrying dismay and terror into the camps of the opposition. Who but HERRY A. WISE could have accomplished what he did? He sheared the lion before the people had cut off his claws and extracted his teeth. He went fearlessly into the lair and waited not until he was housed. He endured fatigue and exposure, which, we had thought, would have caused the strongest bodily constitution to yield. He fought not for himself; honors and emoluments were as nought to him he struggled and contended for principles, the permanency of which are essentially necessary for the salvation of the country.-He has been successful; the doctrines he advocated have triumphed; the truths he uttered have been endorsed by a great and glorious people, and the hopes which he raised in the breasts of the Democracy throughout the Union have been verified, and he now stands before the nation as the Achilles of the Demo-

Through his labors and by the honesty of the yeomanry of the party, who have covered themselves with glory as with a mantle, we are now able to send greeting to the conservative men of all climes, "glad

Col. Francis Yates and Wells J.

As we predicted in our last issue Col. FRANCIS. YATES has been elected to the Senate of Virginia .-His election is not as much to be wondered at as his defeat would have been. We cannot possibly think that any person, save the most sanguine othe opposition, expected anything else. While Mr. NEWCOMER is a very fine gentleman, we could not help thinking, that the people, when called upon to select a Senator would prefer Col. YATES to discharge the duties of the position; and so it has proved.

The election of Mr. HAWES while it does not sur. prise his friends, was not deemed by them as certain as the election of the Senator. He will make a good Representative, possessing as he does every necessary qualification. Both of the aboved named gentlemen received a liberal outside vote. They Lunenburg are indebted to many personal friends, members of Charlotte..... the old Whig party, for their support, for which they Powhatan.... feel extremely thankful, and if any of them (or any Mecklenburg... of their constituents,) should visit Richmond during Madison the coming winter, they will be happy " to do the

Geo. Washington, Esq. Even in the day of general triumph, we find one

thorn to prick us to the quick. Mr. WASHINGTON, was defeated. How sincorely we regret this we are unable to tell. To have secured his election we would have been willing to have made almost any reasonable sacrifice, for we conceive he was as well qualified to discharge the duties of the office to which he aspired, and was as worthy of the support and confidence of the community, as any man we could have nominated. He received the strength of | Caroline the entire party, and quite a number of his personal friends of the Whig party, but there was not quite enough of them. It is said that some would have voted for him had they not thought he would be making a sacrifice of himself. No doubt, he is truly thankful for this manifestation of anxious solicitude for his welfare. There is a consolation in the fact that he has polled one of the most respectable votes ever cast in this county, and it is one which is flattering enough to assure him, that for one of his years, he has won the esteem and love of his fellow citizens to a degree, which few young men can boast of .-The future will be his field, and better success will attend his next attempt to win polifical honors.

05 We have been expecting a visit from our friend of the Free Press for the purpose of requesting our Daguerreotypes. He shall certainly have them as soon as our joyous and smiling faces have become composed. We hope that in return if the ertist can secure a faithful portraiture, we may have presented to us the elongated phiz of our neighbor. As regards the shaving we have concluded to let our beards grow until Mr. Faulkner is defeated But if our friend of the Free Press desires to have the operation performed, let him step down; we have plenty of soap, a good sized brush, and the

Dramatic Association.

The Dramatic Association of Charlestown will give an entertainment on Saturday evening next, at which time they will play Bulwer's celebrated Drama "Lady of Lyons." We bespeak for them a crowded

Independent Treasury.

The New York Journal of Commerce says that notwithstanding the immense amount of coin toceived and paid out of the Sub-Treasury in that city, everything goes on like clock work, and there is never one cent's dicrepancy in the accounts. It is not long since the whole Whig party, and those now termed Know-Nothings, were bitterly hostile to this same Sub-Treasury scheme, on the ground that. 1 would "ruin" the country.

03 We had very refreshing rains in this county on Thursday last. Vegetation was helped very much and everything looks as if it had new life. The Corn has a very bealthy appearance, and is growing rap-Fluvara idly; the Wheat, also, has improved in appearance and although the crop may not be as fine as usual, i is much better than was expected in the early spring

LICENSE QUESTION.—In the case of the city of Wheeling against J. J. & Z. S. Yarmall, the Court of Appeals has reversed the decision of the Circuit Court and given the plaintiff in error judgment for costs—thus confirming the city's right to impose taxes on liquor licenses. The Council had imposed a ter of \$4,500 on the Sprigg House-hence the suit lications for license this year have been refused by the city council.

TEMPERANCE.—Rev. Wm. A. Smith, lectured on

Temperance, in the Baptist Church at Halifax C. H. Green corn, full grown and grained, is being eaten by the people at New Orleans.

Majority for Wise in 99 counties, 7,417. Pierce's ties in the same counties was 12,717, so that Florurnoy has made a clear gain of only 6,393 It should be borne in mind that many of the returns are by no means reliable. The reports from Kanawha and Tazwell are probably considerably exaggerated. The reported majorities in several other counties are very conflicting, but we give them from the best sources within our reach.

VIRGINIA ELECTION,

1564 1566

859 291 255

924

124 124 124 124 124 124 124

2841 043 053

052 052 052 052 096 096 096 277

262 263 263 263 263 263 263

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

Wise, Democrat.

1 9 Mars

Heale, K. N.

Bocock, dem

Patton, K N

Boteler, K N

Mewcomer, K N

Hawks, der

[From the Baltimore Sun of Saturday.]

Recapitulation.

FLOURNOY, A. WISE, D. Scott. Pierce

842

182

21 maj. Funsten's majority exceeds Wise.

Lynchburg..... 479

Campbell..... 211

Fredericksburg... 104

Alexandria.... 505

Henrico Cconty.. 212

Jefferson..... 30

Portsmouth 85

Berkeley.....

Frederick

Page.....

Louisa....

Orange......

Marion....

Tyler.....

Loudoun.....

Wythe

Roanoke

Bottetourt....

Franklin

Appotomax

Brunswick

Sussex.....

Elixabeth City,

Stafford....:

Spottsvalvania

Louisa....

Hanover

Princes Ann ...

Bedford

King William.

Brooke 100

Hancock..... 74

Rappahannock.....

Augusta..... 1410

Albemarle..... 150

Culpepper.... 85

Fauquier..... 93

Wise 41 Majority; Faulkner 31 maj ; Ashby, dem.,

Washington, dem

Esulkner, dem

urnoy, K. N.

McComas, democrat,

The counties remaining to be heard from, voted in 1852 as follows:

Pierce's majority, Should there be no change now, and conceding our returns as far as received, to be correct, Wise's majority in the State would be 9,652. But just at the moment of figuring this out, we received the fol-

WASHINGTON, May 27, 10 P. M .- The election exitement still continues, but no definite returns have been received to-day. There are flying rumors here to-night that Flournoy has received astonishing gains in some of the eastern counties, but nothing definite can be ascertained. The Know Nothings still cling to the hope that Fourney is elected. The highly improper conduct of parties at the meeting of the friends of Mr. Wise last night is unanimously condemned by both parties, and especially by the intelligent portion of the American party.

congressionab. Bayly, Millson, Caskie, Goode, Bocock, Powell. Smith, Faulkner, Letcher, Lewis, McMullen and Edmondson, all democrats, are reported to be elected-We have returns from only three districts which we

0	86-64466	Hawka, der	13	gubjoin.	
901	064 083 041 115 125 164 125	Towner, K N	Delegates	FIRST DISTRICT. Millson (dem.)	Watts (k n.)
852	1511499439	N Z , anodas V	ites.	Norfolk city	412 215
000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	Subscription,	Bridge	Princess Anne Nansemond	212
000	Committee of the Commit	No Subscription,	100	Southampton 91 Surrey 89 Sussex 295	
BERKELEY. Wisc 923—Flournoy 905—McComas 920—Bcale 905—Bocock 923—Patton 905. Faulkner, Dem., 935—Boteler; K. N., 889. Senate—Yates, dem., 920—Newcomer, k. n., 910. H. of D.—Hoge, dem., 931—Scaman, dem., 918— McCleary, k. n., 900—Matheys, k. n., 889.			Greensville 146 Prince George 280 Charles city	60	
			1,431 Millson's majority 512.	919	
FREDERICK. Wise, 1333-Flournoy, 1208-McComas 1321- Beale 1203-Bocock 1242-Patton 1199. Faulkner, Dem., 1337-Roteler, K. N., 1222. SenaleFunsten, dem., 1383-Randolph, K. N., 1143. H. or DBaker, dem., 1309-Bywaters, dem., 1302-Wall, k. n., 1239-Baker, k. n., 1150. MORGAN. Wise 256-Flournoy 415-McComas 266-Beale 411-Bocock 267-Patton 411.			THIRD DISTRICT. Caskie (dem.) Caroline	"Scott (k n:)	
			Henrico	143	
			Richmond	846	
	H. or D. Byche, de	9—Boteler, k. n., 404. m., 278—Vanorsdall, k. n.,	398.	1,450 Caskie's majority 461.	989
CLARKE.			EIGHTH DISTRICT.		

000 000 257 HAMPSHIRE WARREN 220 PAGE BERKELEY CLARKE 000 1638 1466

FAULKNER.

000

115 Mai.

BOTELER.

1313 Maj.

172 Faulk's majority. These figures elect Faulkner by 172 majority. His najority, however, is probably a little more. THE LEGISLATURE.

The Richmond Enquirer says' the democrats have carried the Legislature.

LOUDOUN

JEFFERSON

FREDERICK

Two Children Starved -- Shocking Cruelty. A most shocking instance of human, or rather inhuman depravity, has just transpired in Covington. It seems that the wife of an Irishman recently died, leaving three children, an infant boy and two girls three and five years of age. The husband soon after her death, married again, introducing into his family the wretch who, with a fiend-like coolness, set herself immediately at work to destroy the lives of the little ones to whom she should have been a

The youngest of the two died but a week or two after her entrance into the family, but with atrocity scarcely conceivable, one would not suffice; she must destroy the others. This she undertook to do by withholding their food with an obvious intention of starving them to death. Fortunately the moans of the little ones were overheard from without, and vague rumors getting affoat that all was not right within, and reaching the ears of the Council, it was was resolved to send a committee to investigate the matter. They went last evening, and not an hour too early. Entering the house, they found the step-mother at home, but on inquiry for the children she told them that they were asleep, and could not be distributed.

This did not satisfy the committee, and, on reaching the house, they found a door to one of the rooms locked. Hearing faint cries within, they instantly broke down the door and entered. God! what a sight met their eyes! There were two children infants, their flesh as white as death, and drawn tighty over their bones-each feature defined with the rividness of a corpse, while their eyes were almost

With the utmost alacrity and tenderness food was found and administered, which was no sooner dene than they were wrapped in some blankets and re-moved to the hospitable family of the jailor. As the gentlemen composing the committee were with-drawing from the house with their present charge, the female fiend informed them that they might as well leave the children, as she had plenty of food for

On arriving at safe quarters with the unfortunate infants, warrants were immediately issued for the arrest of the woman, and the man who calls her wife, but the officers on visiting the spot again, found that the birds had flown; neither the man nor female being about the premises. It is surmised that they are concealed in the city, and if so, it is noped that they may be ferreted out, and made to suffer the righteous penalty of their most damning ly shocked with the dire iniquity of this transac-

Louis Napoleon, England and the United Wise's majority 5,709 Pierce's maj. 11,878 From the above it will be seen that Flournoy has gained on the vote of General Scott in the counties heard from 6.169. There are 70 counties heard from, and 74 from which no returns have vet come

2,523

7,137

Congressional Recapitulation.

The following is a recapitulation of the result in

the Congressional Districts as far as heard from :-

1. John S. Millson, Dem., re-elected.

4. William O. Goode, Dem., re-elected.

5. Thomas S. Bocock, Dem., re-elected.

7.. William Smith, D. and A., re-elected

[From the Baltimore Sun of Monday.]

The Virginia Election.

The very full returns of the Virginia gubernator

We give to-day such additional returns as came to

hand up to the hour of going to press last night, with the totals of those already published, after changing Nasemond to 215 for Flournoy instead of

210 for Wise, and giving the latter 2,082 instead of. 2,000 in Rockingham; and allowing Flournoy 1,296 (said by one of our correspondents to be official) in

50 86

350 75

200

300

Wise Flournoy. Pierce Scott.

275

472

32

18,975 11,858 18,640 4,923 | spirits by a vote of 19 to 2.

25

93 ,

239

Augusta and 116 in Fairfax

Sixty-six counties

Northampton

Southampton

Morgan, Brunswick

Surry, Isle of Wright

given Saturday,

8. Charles J. Faulkner, Dem., re-elected. 10. Z. Kidwell, Dem., re-elected.

6. Paulus Powell, Dem., re-elected.

2. . John S. Caskie, Dem., re-elected.

The character and policy of Louis Napoleon give rise to many curious speculations. The New York Mirror appears to think that bold adventuer will ere long throw aside the mask and pass as a conqueror through the city of London, where he was recently a royal guest, and once an unnoticed and despised refugee. It is also intimated that the United States is a thorn in the side of the Allies, but that our country is too powerfal to be coerced into their views, and to be cajoled by their treacherous diplo-

We know that England and France calculate upon a large contingent in the heart of this country itself, in the event of disputes arising between us. For years past English emmissaries have been endeavoring to fan the flame of social and religious discord in the Northern States, and they are foolish election, published in Saturdays morning's Sun, left but little room to doubt the success of Mr. Wise. In enough to imagine that they could at any moment, raise the North against the South on the slavery question. The London bazaar and the "special confact many of his political friends considered it as a "fixed fact," and gave vent to their feelings in a spirstable's" pronouncement upon the abolition of slavery are not without their meaning. They bite it of rejoicing, while his opponents generally concedagainst a file, however, for there are rifles yet in Kentucky, and New Orleans can still furnish cot-

Relief for Ericsson. John Ericsson, the inventor of the caloric engine, has expended all of his own and his wife's fortune in prosecuting his experiments, and is now in destitute circumstances. As his poverty is the consequence of his exertions to promote science and to benefit mankind, it has been proposed that a collection be taken up for his (Ericsson's) benefit in every town and ward in the United States, on the 4th day 62 of July next, and in all the meetings for making

22 | arrangements to celebrate that day. Exports and Imports. Our weekly statement of exports and imports (says the Baltimore American) occupy, their usual place under the commercial head. The total value of foreign exports for the week ending with Thursday was \$267,805. Included in these exports were 5,660 barrels of flour, 574 barrels of corn meal, 7,253 bushels of corn, 852 barrels of rye flour, 931 hogsheads of tobacco, and 748 tons of Cumberland

coal. Election of Magistrate At the election of Thursday WM. D. North, democrat, (formerly of this county,) was chosen Magistrate in Mill Creek District, Berkely county, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Lewis Fry. The vote stood 109 for Mr. North to 102 for

Isreal G. Hetterly. 85- A letter dated Carracas, April 20, received if Baltimore, states that the Venezuelan Congress had conferred dictatorial powers upon President Monagas in order to meet the anticipated war with New Grenada. It appears that the government of New Grenada has declared in favor of squatter sovereignty and annexation, and some of the provinces of Venzuela are also inclined to adopt the doctrine. LICENSE REFUSED.—The county court of Bucking ham has refused to grant licenses to retail arden

Surprise Parties. The New York Times says that this institution has reached that great city, via Washington; but the editor thinks it is of rural origin. The thing

the editor thinks it is of rural origin. The thing he says, is in this wise:

"You are sitting this afternoon, say in your quiet study, busy at a piece of writing that must be ended with the evening. You have not shaved to-day, and your make-up is only adapted to close domestic quaters. Your wife, in neat home dress, to be sure is with you at some woman's work that cannot all be taken into her lap. The baby sprawls upon the carpet, surrounded by its Babel of trumpets and dolls, and rittles. A ring at the door announces a call. Before you have time to peep into the parlor to see that it is some, a gentle tap at the door gave assurance that it is some familiar friend. It opens and a brace of ladies that you are pleased to see walk in. They are going stay but a moment, can't lay off the bonnets, but have a world of news to tell and of questions to ask. They have staid an hour and a hour a half, and now they consent, upon tell and of questions to ask. They have staid an hour and a hour a half, and now they consent, upon new urging to stay to tea. You would have been so much more comfortable if you could have smoothed your hair and arranged your tollet—and, how unfortunate!—baby never had on so soiled a dress before. It is of no use to worry,—however, and to attempt the toilet now would be but to call attention to the change. Tea scarcely over, another friend drops in, and soon another, and another. How curious that all should meet; and of all days in the week, upon this, when you are so poor's prepared? week, upon this, when you are so poorly prepared? As the evening wears on your door is beseiged; the bell rings almost incessantly, and you awake to the fact at last, that you or the victim of a "surprise party." It dawns "pon you that the ladies who took tea with you were the "advance guard" sent to keep you from going abroad and also to out to keep you from going abroad, and also to prevent any "snugging up a or formal preparation." But how will you refresh your friends when they weary of walking and gossiping and the piano?—Don't be distressed at all. The next bell will admit a company of colored men from the confectioner's with trays of oysters "in every style," patties, creams, ices, and hot drinks in urns, all ordered by your guests on their responsibility. Everybody will help bimself and his neighbor, and if you resign all care you will be sure of an exceedingly pleasant time; and if the stray lock over your forehead, the calico gown or patched coat you are surprised in has caused you any annoyance, be resigned with the consolation that the daintiest and most carefully dressed one of your visitors is liable to the same

contingency upon the next occasion." The Feast of the Pentecost. The Pentecostal Feast of the Hebrews commenced on Sunday, being the day corresponding to the Whitsuntide as observed by the christian world.—
It is a solemn festival of the Israelites, so called because celebrated on the fiftieth day after the sevent h of Nisan, which was the second day of the Passover. It is called the feast of weeks because it is celebrated seven weeks after the feast of unleavened bread. The object of its institution was to oblige the people to repair to the temple of the Lord, there to acknowledge his absolute dominion over the country, and offer him the first fruits of their harvest; also that they might call to mind and give thanks to God for the law which he had given them at Sinai on the fiftieth day after departure from Egypt. In ancient days a command went forth that the morrow after the seventh Sabbath a meat offering was made unto the Lord. Every Israelite brought out from his habitation two waive-loaves of two-with deals of fine flour baked with leaven, as the first fruits unto the Lord. And they offered with the bread seven lambs without blemish of the first year, and one young bullock and two rsms for a burnt offering, with their meat offerings and their offerings. They sacrificed one kid for a sin offering. and two lambs of the first year for a peace offering The priest waived them with the bread of the bread of the first fruits for a waive offering before the Lord. They were prohibited from doing any servile work, and it was made a statue forever in all their dwellings throughout their generations. When they reaped their fields they were prohibited from making clean the corners, nor were they permited to gather any gleanings, which were left unto the poor and the stranger. At the present day all these observances are not so strictly observed, though the ceremonies of the ancient Israelites are adhered to as closely as possible. On Monday afternoon last the Hebrews commenced the celebration of an impor-tant event mentioned in the Old Testament, the re ception of the law by Moses of Mount Sinai. The services were continued in all the synegogues in the city until sundown yesterday evening. The occasion was generally observed by our population of the Hebrew faith. This cele ration is preparitory to the feast of Pentecost.

'The Late Emperor Nicholas. Dr. Mandt, the physician who attended the Czar Nicholas in his late illness, has published a circumstantial account of the monarch's life. 'At 10 minutes past three, says the doctor he asked me, me, after I had mentioned the name of his father confessor. Must I then die? I answered, 'Yes sire.' Not a muscle of his face moved-not the least quickening of pulsation. 'How, said he, 'can you find courage thus to doom me to death-to tell me so to my face?' 'First,' said I, by so doing I fulfil a promise made to you two years and a half ago; the moment of which you then spoke to me, alas! has come; moreover I thus fulfil a duty to the Emperor. You have several hours to live, you are in full pos-sesion of your faculties, and can direct them at your will: at least, I believe so. Lastly, Sire, I love you, und this is not the moment to conceal the truth, which I sure you can bear to hear.' His countenance became serene, and he stretched out his hand, saying, I thank you.

Later from Europe.

The America arrived at Halifax yesterday brings ing Liverpool dates to the 12th inst. Her news does not come up to to public expectation in point of importance. The siege of Sebastopol seems to have subsided into the chronic state that existed previous to the last bombardment. The allies claim to be making further advantages against the Russian lines and final success is predicted if the Russian force in the field does not in the meantime compel them to raise seige. All hopes of assistance from Austria have definitely abandoned, and that power is engaged with Prussia in agreeing upon a concert of action among the German States. The other points of the news are of minor interest. Panori's attempto assasinate Napoleon is said to have been conneced with a contemplated insurrectionary movement Europe, and the police were engaged in tracing our ramification. The project a of new loan was under consideration in France.

Bishow Doane on Woman's Rights. Rt. Rev. Bishop Doane of New Jersey has no fancy for strong-minded women and women in bifurcations In the course of his address the other day, to the Female Graduating Class at St. Mary's Hall, Burlington, after alluding to the value of intellectual accomplishments in women, the Bishop nevertheless ob-

"The highest human graces that a woman ever won, have but ensuared her soul in vanity and sir, and wrought destruction, through their attractions, for the souls of others. And intellectual powers and intelligent gifts, not subordinated to the providential orderings of God, not chastened and controlled by His renewing grace, are, at this time, unsexing women; and thrusting on the astonishod world, a race of monsters, in that Amazonian crew, who clamor, for, "Woman's rights" such as no mythology has ever

DEATH OF COL. PHILLIP BARTON KEY .- Col. Phillip Barton Key died at his residence, "Arcadia," in Lafourche parish, Louisiana, on the 5th inst. The Thibodeaux Minerva says:

"The deceased was a native of the District of Columbia, and allied to the distinguished Key family of Maryland, one of whom has rendered his name immortal as the author of our chief national anthem, "The Star Spangled Banner," composed when a prisoner of war on the enemy's ship at the seige of Baltimore. Col. Key was a member of the convention which framed the present constitution of Louisiana, and filled at the time of his death the nigh position of Senator of this district in the ceneral Assembly of the State. He has descended to the grave laden with honors, and respected by all who had the honor of his acquaintances. His obsequies were by far the most imposing of any that have taken place in this parish."

RAIN AND CROPS IN TEXAS.—The severe drought which has prevailed in Texas for several months was succeeded by a regular built old fashioned rain on the 8th instant. A letter from Houston

"The rains have come in ample time to secure a first rate corn crop. The wheat crop will be light. Sugar cane is quite promising, having sustained but little injury from the drought. Upon the whole, the prospects of our agriculturalist are quite flattering, and next fall may be set down as plentiful in the productions of the soil."

THE LARGEST TRAIN YET .- The Buffalo Commercial says that a freight train, consisting of one hundred and forty-four, sixty-one of which were loaded with cattle, the balance with miscellaneous freight, left that city over the Central Road on Saturday. Seven locomotives were employed in the drawing process'

A CAPITAL IDEA, -A new clock has been manufactured down East, to be used in those States in which the Maine law has been passed. Upon the dial, the figures indicating eleven and four o'clock, are omitted, and thus the happy possessor of the time piece failing to be reminded of the accustomed hours of rereshment forgets that he is dry.

03-The famous "Address to the People," which was written by Charlotte Corday, and which was found upon her person at the time of her arrest, after tilling Murat, was sold in Paris recently for about

... A revival of Religion is progressing in the Cumberland Street Methodist Church, at Norfolk, under the pastoral charge of Rev. D. P. Wells. WHEAT CONTRACTS .- The Alexandria Gazette unARRIVAL OF THE AMERICA. ONE WEEK LATER FROM EUROPE.

THE SIEGE OF SEBASTOPOL: HALIFAX. May 24.—The royal mail steamer Amer-a a rrived this morning, with dates from Liv-pool to the 12th inst., being seven days later than nose brought by the Baltic. The steamer Union siled from Southampton on the 9th for New York, with 90 passengers.

The news from Sebastopol is brief. The public have finally concluded that the war must be a protracted one and without hope of assistance from

Austria.

The Allies have gained partial successes before Sebastopol, but nothing decisive has transpired.

Several extensive failures were spoken of privately at Liverpool the day the steamer sailed, but the names had not transpired.

PRESENT ASPECT OF THE WAR.

The English press admits that all hopes of peace have fled, and that no assistance can be expected from Austria, and but little from the rest of Europe—consequently France and England must be prepared to fight it out.

The London Times publishes an article appreciator.

The London Times publishes an article expressing these views. The same paper also has an editorial in behalf of the government, stating that it is impossible to peruse the official documents of the Vienna conference without seeing that Russia never was in earnest in her pretended desire for peace.

Earl Grey, in the House of Lords, gave notice of a motion that an address be sent to the Queen deploring the failure of the peace negotiations at Vienna, and setting forth, as the opinion of Parliament, the belief that the proposals of Russia were never such as to afford a fair prospect of concluding a peace.

THE DIFFICULTIES OF THE SIEGE.

Correspondence from the allied camp up to the 27th of April explains the difficulties of the siege, and states confidently that the allies are advancing their

equisition of the ground bit by bit, and while their works so advance, there can be no doubt of ultimate success, provided the Russians in the field should be mable to force the allies to raise the seige.

Marshal Canrobert had announced that when renforcements arrived, he would enlarge the circle of The latest official advices from Sebastopol, dated May 10th, state that on that morning the Russians made a sortie with a large body of troops on the allies right. The French drove them back immediately, and a second and similar attempt shared the same fate. The Russians met with serious loss.

states confidently that the allies are advancing their

4,000 Sardinian troops.
OPERATIONS IN THE BALTIC.
The English portion of the Baltic fleet was working up towards the Island of Gothland as far as the ce would permit. It is said that France has asked permission to esablish a French camp on the Swedish territory, and if this is refused the allies will then take possession of Bomarsund and fortify that place. Three ships left England on the 10th to blockade the White

General Manora had arrived at the Crimes with

AMERICAN RIFLES IN RUSSIA. The following is from the London standard:
"A very extraordinary circumstance is reported from a quarter which precludes any doubt as to the truth of the statement. It reaches us by letters from St. Petersburg. It appears that a fine American frigate-built ship recently arrived at a port in the Baltic, where it was stated that the vessel had on board eight bales of cotton, but the correspondent of informant visited the ship, and found that in addition to the cargo, she had on board 50,000 rifles and five thousand revolvers! The Messrs, D., merchants of Boston, were passengers on board the ves-

The Standard asks, "What are our consuls in the United States about to have permitted such a cargo to leave without apprising the government here of

AUSTRIA AND RUSSIA DIPLOMACY. Symptoms increase that the Austria and Russian cabinets are attempting to effect a general accord among the German States. The editors of the semiofficial journals have united to favor the movement:

All the documents in regard to the Vienna conference have been laid before Parliament. These documents, extending over 90 pages, have been partially republished in the English newspapers and excited much interest. Lord Palmerston evaded answering the question whether the conference was not finally broken off, but it is said that as the accredited representatives of all the the powers, Russia included, continue to reside at Vienna, the elements of the conference permanently exist, should Prussia or Austria on behalf of Russia, make at any time proposals offering a prospect of a settlement. The emigrant ship John, from Plymouth for Quebec, has been wrecked and a number of lives

Drbyh de L'huys, the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, has resigned from an unwillinguess to pro-tract the war. Count Walemski, the French Ambassador at London, has been appointed his succ-Pianori, who attempted to assassinated the Em-

peror, has been condemned to death. The project of a new loan of seven million franca is under consideration by the Council of State. The police report that they have discovered a vast plot, with ramification throughout Europe, to promote insurrection, and hence Pinnori's execution will be postponed in order to trace his connection therewith. On the day the attempt was made it was freely stated in various cities of Italy, Spain and Germany, that Napoleon was dead, and that Paris was in a state of insurrection, TURKEY.

Redschid Pach has been superseded as Nizien by In the Cortes, on the 2d. Senor Avecilla declared - ITALY:

Mount V surius is in an active state of eruption. It was reported that the King of Naples had been fired at by an assassin, at a review, but upon inquiry it was found that the affair was nothing more than an accidental discharge from the gun of a sol-

An agricultural district on the river Teisse, covering 1,200 square miles, has been inundated in consequence of a rise in that river. The crops are mest probably destroyed.

Russian accounts confirms the report of an insurrection in Ukraine, and states that Poland is in a ed arrival at Constadt of several American ships with cargoes of hemp and iron.

The Latest General News.

The French mail bad not arrived. The Vienna correspondent of the London Times remarks: "As long as no revolutionary elements are brought into action Austria will leave Russia to get out of her difficulties as best she can; but, if England and France would resolve to form a corps of refugees and employ them on or near her frontiers—a holy alliance would assuredly again be formed.

Vienna, Friday Evening May 11.—The rumor that Count Buol has gived in his resignation is not con-It is said that Austria is on the point of declaring complete neutrality, as well as that of the whole of

ENGLAND It was stated in Parliament that Dundonald's plan to blow up the Russian forts had been submit-ted to a scientific committee; and the hill for abolishing newspaper stamps has passed. Roebuck's

The London Times in an editorial says that the circumstance that America does not sympathize with the allies is shecking and revolting. An incendiary fire, kindled by a discharged workman, destroyed totally one of the floating batteries just ready to to launch in the Thames.

Singular Effects of Lightning. The Portland Advertiser contains a long and in teresting account of a disaster which took place on Monday evening last :

"A neighbor happened to be fooking towards Mr Upton's house and first perceived a ball of fine, apparently a foot in diameter, with a trail some thirty yards in length, descend upon the chimney, and immediately after a volume of smoke began to ascend as if the house were on fire. Hastening to the house The family, of six persons, were at supper and their escape with their lives; is a miracle. Old Mrs. she is otherwise badly bruised. Her granddan Marietta Hamilton, 6 years old, is so bruised as to be purple from the hips to the feet, and is in a preca-ous condition. David Upton, jr., is badly bruised about the head and face. His child in his arms was unhart; also his wife, standing near and old Mr.

But the effects of the lightning about the premises are astonishing. Old Mr. Upton was eating a bowl of bread and milk, with one hand upon the bowl, the other holding the spoon,—the bowl was broken in his hand, and the spoon has not been found. Old Mrs. Upton had a cup of tea in ber hand, and when she came to herself she was partly under the table with a piece of the cup in her hand and herself covered with the wreck of the chimney, among which was a piece of timber, from the front of the fire-place, 8 feet long with a flat bar of iron of the same length

NEGRO BOY WITH SNOW WHITE WOOL .- We yester-NEGRO BOY WITH SNOW WHITE WOOL.—We yester-day noticed in the street quite a "nut for physiologists to crack," in the shape of a negro boy's head.—The boy was some twelve or thirteen years of age, healthy looking, well grown, very black and "kinky haired," and what was remarkable in his physiology was a triangular batch of snow white wool, the lower point of which rau down to the centre of his forehead, whence it extended back to the centre of the head, gradually widening, and with perfectly defined edges. The rest of his wool would have been whitened by a sprinkling of coal dust. The boy said he was "horn sprinkling of coal dust. The boy said he was "bo that way," and, evidently proud of the singulari wore his deformity like a crown.—Mobile Advertiser.

ler, have each brought libel suits against the pro-prictors of that paper, on account of the remarks and elevated states waship of the Ex-President Fi made on the Jury in the Democrat. They fix their All honor to Gardner and to Ex-President Fi

the property of the second of the second

Mock Sessions of the Massachusetts Leg-

louse of Representatives, to devote the idle hours of the closing day of the session to fun. This is done by the Speaker withdrawing from the chair. Some person of ready wit and apt at metry-making is called to preside, and he, in mockery, announces "any business to be in order." The Senators selom swerve from their gravity to indulge in these sports," but this year was an exception, The Bos. ton Courier devotes a column and a half to the loings at one of these sessions. The proceedings egan with a long poem recited by a member, containing, says the Courier, some " capital hits." In the house the fun was closed by the following address from the senior Page, Joseph W. Dexter:

Gentlemen of the House of Representatives—We are about to depart—the moment is nigh—which, since the first Wednesday of January last, I could wish were more distant. I glory in the American eagle—the higher she flies the smaller she looks:—still you all do know, it is distance lends enchantment to the view."—

I glory in the American fiag, and am in favor of the augmentation of the number of stars. [Cheers and laughter.] and laughter.]
And finally, gentlemen, I glory in a new suit of clothes of American manufacture, and boots of leather of our own tanning. [Shouts of laughter.]
Gentlemen: Let us pass in review the doings of this body fresh and vernal [laughter] from the people. [Renewed laughter.] I agree with the majority of this House, [laughter.] this great house, this House, "the largest in the world," to use the language of the gantleman from Westertowh—[roars of laughter.]—and I agree with and thank the Governor for his veto messages on "impreenable grounds."

nor for his veto messages on "impregnable grounds."
[Cheers and laughter.] I say with his Excellency, there aint an "exigen-cy" for loaning the State credit to the Troy and Greenfield Railroad, nor the Western Railroad; be-

cause, if the stock of those corporations is good for anything, they can go into State and Wall streets, and Threadneedle Row, and get just as much money as they want. [Convulsive laughter and prolonged Gentlemen I have read the Liquor Bill now a

law, after much exertion, [laughter,] and I am ready to say in this public place and great presence, that it will stop grog drinking right off. [Laughter.] A drunkard, Mr. Speaker, is our Commonwealth, which your acts have rendered more illustrions than ever, will be as rare a thing as a sinner in Heaven. [Cheers.] Gentlemen, I thank you for the personal liberty bill; for under that grand instrument, " as I interpret it," men may cut all sorts of shines and still be harmless. [Great Applause.]
Gentlemen, permit me to thank the reporters of this House; and hear me say that they are gentle-

men-the insinuation of certain persons to the contrary notwithstanding. [Cheers.] Permit me also to thank them in the name of my associate and colleague (Amasa H. Tolman, the junior page,) whose heart is too full to permit him to give his feelings ex-

pression. [Cheers.]

"I have tried to act, gentlemen, for the best interests of the House of Representatives, whose agent I am." [Laughter and cries of "Kly."] My heart is full, and furning liquid at the idea that we are so soon to part. [Sensation.] I have some other things that I might atter, bentting this occasion, but I wish to reserve myself for the approaching anniversary of our glorious Independence. So anniversary of our glorious Independence. So farewell." [Great applause and cries of "well done

Valuable Discovery.

A colored man named of Raiph Nelson who owns a small farm on the line of the Seaboard Road, a few miles beyond Suffolk, in digging a well near his house some time since, at the depth of 13% feet struck upon a spout of water, which commenced filling the upon a spont of water, which commenced filling the Well very rapidly—so much so that he was compelled to make a sudden exodus to avoid drowning. The water, after fill the welling ran over the sides, and soon inundated the premises all around. Ho was compelled to discount the premises all around. Ho was a woung lady: Ryan was examined and sent b force compelled to dig a ditch to turn the water off, and it has since continued to run.

He examined and tasted the water, and found in-

stead of the pure fluid he had expected to get, that the water was possessed of mineral properties. ing bottled some of it he carried it down to Dr. Robt. . Webb, of Suffolk, and Dr. Webb, thinking it worthy of test, transmitted it to Messrs. M. A. Santos & Son, of our city, who are well known as experienced These gentlemen have stalvard the specimen and

ronounce the water to be a fine chalvbeate, containing alum. Its ingrédients are: Alum, Potasso, Iron, Magnesia, Phosphates, Lime, and Azotised organic They think the water valuable, and worthy of beor brought into the market.

It is a remarkable fact that Professor Rogers, of the University of Virginia, stated some time since that the mineral waters of the mountains would find an exit in the lower country. If this discovery (and that of the Jordan's Spring this side) should prove a verification of so important a geological theory, it is still more remarkable that those two springs, only 15 miles spart, should possess respectively the proper-ties of the White Sulphur water and the Alum water as distinctly as those famous springs in the mountains of the State maintain their different characterteristics .- Norfolk Argus.

Death of John C. Spencer. We take from the Albany Journal of last evening the fellowing sketch of his life!

"Mr. Spencer was the cliest son of chief Justice Spencer. He was born in 1787, and has occupied a reminent place in the political history of the State during nearly half a century. He was educated for the bar, and attained to the highest rank in that ofession. Among the important duties confided to bim by the State was the prosecution of the Morgan trials, and subsequently the revision of the Statutes. In 1848, while residing in Canandaigus, he was chosen to represent the Ontario District in Congress, and at that time served on the celebrated Bank Investigating Committee. In 1819 he was sent to the Assembly, and was elected Speaker of the House in 1820. He was again returned to the Assembly in 1820, 1830, and 1852. In 1824 he was elected to represent the 7th District in the State Senate. He was called to the Secrytaryship of State in 1939, and about that time removed to this city, where he has since lived. He was appointed Secretary of War by President Tyler, in 1641, and Secretary to the Treasury in 1843. During the latter part of his life he has devoted himself mainly to the duties of his profession; and but a short time since acted as counsel for Dr. Nott, in the investigation of the affairs of Union College. In accurate legal judgement, laborious industry, and practical energy, few Lawyers have equalled and none surpassed him. If is disease was one of long standing."

Support your County Papers. The following, from the New York Life Illustrated, is worth remembering by those who prefer favoring the city papers to those of their own country : " We occasionally receive letters in which the writers express an intention to "stop" one of their country or village papers, and take one of our pub-lications instead. We always regret to receive such ntimations. We think a man ought to support his own paper first, and then if he can afford to take a paper at a distance, let him do so, and we shall be happy to supply him with Life filestrated. The country press, in our opinion, is most important in its effect on the calightenment of the nation. It

conveys, in thousands of rills, the intelligence of the age, to nearly every home in the country. age, to nearly every normain the country.

The country press ought to receive a cordial support. Every place should try to have its paper of such a character that the people would be justly proud of it. To this end, let them pay promptly, advertise liberally, recommend warmly, and in every way stand by their editor as long as they conscienticated can? tiously can.'

From a letter of an American Lady, published in the Globe, we clip the following extract:

In France, Switzerland, and in Austria, I have seen the fields covered with women plowing, getting out or spreading manure, digging and ditching, working on railroads, and carrying loads of dirt or manure on their heads in bags and backets; they or mature on their heads in bags and bassets; they are so sun-burnt as to be blacker than many colored persons; wrinkled and sad looking as if they had grown old before their time, and had never a happy feeling. Their miserable hovels are usually surrounded with mud and filth, with pigs or cows become the deep the de fore the door: the barn and honse are mostly to-gether, scarcely a slight partition dividing them.— When the poor dark,) they pick up their children, and go to their comfortless homes. These people do not own the land they work on, and may be turned away from their poor homes when a new master comes. Review of the New York Police.

Mayor Wood, of New York, in order to incite the police of that city to a strict observance of duty, and for the purpose of aiding to add to their pride of dress and drill has issued orders for a grand drill, parade, and review on Saturday, the 26th of May. They will assemble to the number of about 1,000, in the Park on that day, and go through their drill, when they will be reviewed by the Mayor, who will deliver an address on the occasion. FREAKS AMONG THE PEACH BLOSSOMS .- Dr

White, the postmaster at Union Star, Ky, in a etter to the Louisville Courier, notices a singular

In that section, throughout every peach orchard there has been a greater bloom than for many years past, and upon examining the blossoms a singular phenomenon is observable. In some orchards for every blossom examined there has been found inside the cups from one to as many as seven found inside the cups from one to as many as seven well formed peaches, and a large majority of the blossoms have three or four cups in them. This has never been observed in that part of Kentucky

Ex-Passinent Fill. Mine:—A Beston correspondent of the New York Herald, states that Ex-President Fillmore was in Boston at the time of Governor Gardner's recusal to remove Judge Loring and that the Governor was encouraged by the vice and concurrence of Mr. Fillmore, to the m more !- Richmond Whig.

FROM HAVANA-NEW PASSENGE

The Havana correspondent of the New Orleans cayune, under date of May 15, writes :

Picayune, under date of May 15, wiles:

"Since I last had the pleasure of addressing you, there has been issued a 'new set of rules' to facilitate' the disembarkation of passengers at this port. Whether they can possibly produce this much-to-be desired end, you will be enabled to judge after a perusal of the following translation of two or three of them:

"Article-3 says: 'Immediately after the ship is visited, (by the health and other officers,) passengers are allowed to disembark precisely in this manner: Going direct from on board to the station place fitted out for the purpose, which is situated close to the Marine Whart."

"Article 4 'In this place they shall be provided

"Article 4 'In this place they shall be provided with 'landing permits,' boleta de disembarco,) and there their baggage will be examined. Before the baggage is landed a 'baggage permit'-must be ob-

tained.

"Article 5. 'No passenger shall come to the city without the requisites.'

"Every one is obliged to show he has complied with these requisites, by exhibiting his 'landing' permit' to the police officers.'

"One thousand Colt's pistols have been imported here for the use of the officers of the Spanish army, each paying for his pistol.

"The sergeants and corporals of the negro companies of volunteers were ordered the other day to go out and obtain recruits—'volunteers,' of course.

"I crossed the bay one evening last week to willness a regiment of volunteers practice tiring at a target. The target was considerably larger than a man. The distance they fired from the target was about seventy yards; and out of eight hundred shots some fitteen or twenty hit the target, and not one struck within a circle of about eighteen inches one struck within a circle of about eighteen inches n diameter, which was drawn in the centre of the

Butone of the entire regiment held his musket properly, and did I know his name I would certainly send it. Many of the balls ontered the ground about half way to the target, whilst a considerable number went far beyond it. I should guess the muskets were overloaded. One kicked so severely as to stretch one of the gallant vulunteers on the broad of his back,' at which event there was a general laugh.

"There has been another importation of Indians from Yucatan-191 in number."

ABDUCTION AND CONVICTION.

The First District Court of New Orleans was the 16th instant to witness the trial of Patrick Ryan, on the charge of kidnapping a young lady, Miss Honora A. Wood, on the 17th of April, 1854. The affair caused quite a sensation at the time.— The facts of the case are briefly these: Patrick, who is a distant relative of Miss Ho

ra, fell violently in love with her and sought her hand in marriage. This she positively retused, and her mother, becoming displeased at the pertinacity with which he visited the family and urged his suit, forbid-him to come to ber house. Deter-mined to seeture his prize notens, votens, Patrick provided a carriage and driver, and as Miss Wood, who is or was at that time a teacher in the public school of the second district, was returning home from her school in the alternoon he seized her and pushed or dragged her into it, and told the driver under pain of death to push with all speed to the Lake, which he accordingly did. On the way there Lake, which he accordingle did. On the way there Miss Wend, to accure herself from violence, partly consented to go with him, and when they alighted from the carriage she took his arm and walked on board a Mobile steamer just then ready to leave. Once on board, and feeling herself safe, she immediately communicated her situation to the captain; who took her under his protection to Mobile, the boat having already got some distance on her trip. On arriving at Mobile he telegraphed to the young lady's friends as to what had occurred, and notified them of the time when he would return with Miss. them of the time when he would return with Miss the first district court on the charge, under bonds

of \$2,000 which he fornished. Yesterday the trial came on. Judge Larne appeared for the accused and the Attorney General stand, though we understand with great reluctance. and told the facts at length here briefly stated .-She bore herself with mingled dignity, fi. mness; and propriety through the firry ordeal of a rigid and merciless cross-examination. She denied that she was ever engaged to marry the accused or thought of such a thing. Mr. Large addressed the ary at some length in defence of his client, and ried by all the skill in his power to throw doubt and suspicion on the testiment of the principal witness. His intendoes in regard to the young lady aroused the Attorney General, whose closing reply was an indignant outburst of forensic elo-quence which evidently told with the jury. After a brief charge from Judge Robertson, in which he referred to the point of insanity raised by the prisoner's counsel, though not insisted on, the jury retired, and in two hours returned a verdict of "guilty, with a reccommendation to the mercy of the

conrt." Saveral years since Rvan went to California, and a letter was exhibited in court written to him there by Miss Wood, commencing "My Dear Cousin." The letter, while exh toing the writer as a roung lady of superior intellect and accom-pliahments, is nothing more than what might be written by any body to a casual acquaintance— This circumstance, and the fact that the accused had once been permitted to visit the young lady's family, probably caused the jury to recommend the prisoner to the mercy of the court.-N O Bul.

ASSAY OFFICE.

At the Assay office the other day we were shown. the interesting process by which the gold brought to this city in its original impore and mixed state; is refined and made ready for coinage. This work. is performed in a large, communitious, and fire mong the other interesting sights is the handsome and powerful steam engine, which moves the machinery for crushing the waste stuff, the object of which is to prepare it for reworking, in order to extract the particles of gold which happen to get mized with it. This engine is connected with the hycrarlic press, which presses out the silver that has been compounded with the guid to the refining the alloy from the gold, which alloy is almost enof acids, which dissolve the silver and leave the gold pure and solid; as this action cannot take place without a proportion of two parts of silver to one of gold, on account of the protecting influences of the latter—after first ascertaining, by the process of separation on a small scale, the proportion of tailver originally mixed with more precious mesing the vessels in hot water, which is kept, at a very high temperature by passing through pipes exposed to great hear in one of the furnaces. After this operation is finished and the gold is refined, there still refusins the silver held in solution by the seid. By precipitating this into salt and water, it is converted into chloride of silver, a substance resembling powdered lime. This, after undergoing two or three other operations, such as melting and mixing with sulphur and zine, is again turned into the solid me al.

Before going into the working rooms, we went into the weighing room, where the principal objects of curiosity are the scales, which are very large, and yet so finely made and regulated that the weight of one hundredth part of an ounce will turn-them. In this room the most delicate process is performed—that of finding out and regulating the quality of precious metals, so that when assays ed, they may be of a certain and fixed value. A. large number of men are employed in this work, and everything is done in a quiet and orderly manner, which shows good management and supervision .- New York Journal Commerce.

THE VINEYARDS OF CALAFORNIA.

Mr. Buffum, ia his speech in the California Assembly, wherein he proposed to exempt California wine from the provisions of the prohibitory law, gave the following interesting statistics concerning the culture of the vine in that State:

"In Los Angelos county-the vineyard of California—there are already under cultivation as, many acres covered with the-vine as there are in ned their hard I the whole of the great State of Ohio. day's work, (and this I observed was prolonged till | in the wine manufacture in the United States. "In Los Angelos the number of bearing vines amount to 800 000; the number of acres under grape culture is 1,500; the quantity of wine which can be made to the acre is 400 gallons; the amount of capital invested in the grape culture is \$1,000.000, and the number of persons engaged in the various branches of the business is 4,000. Thus, these I.500 acres only under grape culture can produce 600 000 gallons of wine annually, which, at two dollars per gallon, will yield in this single district, the annual income of \$1.200,000. If there is in this State but 250.000 acres of land which can be beyonght radge the grape antimeter. be brought under the grape culture, they would produce 100,000,000 of gallons of wine annually, which at one dollar a gallon, would be the enor-mous annual revenue of \$100,000,000.

> COMMERCIAL RELATIONS BETWEEN, THE UNITED STATES AND MEXICO.

A correspondent of the New Orleans Delta; wri-

ting from Tampico, under date of April 30th, says that the commercial relations between the United States and Mexico are far from satisfactory to Americans, and that our Minister, the Hon James Gadsden, has protested to the Prince Minister of Santa Anna against the numerous special concus sions which Santa Anna bad granted to certain European houses, for the introduction of seven or eight cargos of foreign dry goods on the Pacific coast, at 30 per cent, less than the rates by the egtablished tariff. Santa Anna has also granted per-mission to an European house at the city of Mexies, to import certain articles, without limit, for a bonus. Mr. Gadsden has protested against these violations of the treaty he is bound to protect, bue has an yet obtained no prelimention,

conpies a site which has, until fately, been in dis-ute; but the Herald of Freedom says that the diffi-ulty has been amicably arranged between all pal-es. The town site, which is one mile square, has een divided into 220 shares, of which the Lawrence ssociation pet 110, the Aid Company 10, and four riginal squafters 100. It is said that there are now riginal squatters 100. It is said that the miles a proccupied claims within twelve or fifteen miles THE U. S. SENATE. - There are six vacancies in the

United States Senate—one whig and five democratic. New Hampshire, Indiana, Alabama, Missouri, California and Pennsylvania have each to elect a Senator. Mr. Gwinn, of California, will claim a seat on the ground that a plurality vote elects in California, and he got that vote on the first ballot. CROPS IN GEORGIA.-The Easton, Ga., Press of

"Corn and cotton are growing finely, oats have improved, and the wheat crop will probably be a good one. Joy and thankfulness have taken the place of sorrow and croaking."

on the 4th inst, and snowed incessantly for twenty-four hours, and had the snow lain on the ground without melting, it would have reached the depth of twelve inches. All kinds of fruit trees were in full loom. Such an occurrence the oldest settlers do not recollect to have seen before at this time of

.... The floating commerce of all the world, with the exception of China and the East, consists of 136,000 vessels, measuring 14,500,000 tous. More han two thirds of this number belong to the Christain Kingdoms of Europe, and to the United States of America. The crew of these vessels amount to bout 800,000 men, and if all the countries of the Eastern and Western Hemispheres are included, we may safely estimate the number of persons employed in navigation at one million.

.... Santa Anna is said to be very dangerously ill. He lies in a stupor, and has an affection of the head and throat.

Marriagrs.

On Thursday morning last, by Rev. John A. Gere, Mr. CARVILL H. CARSON to Miss SARAH F. GERE, third daughter of the officiating minister, all of Baltimore city. On the 17th inst., by the Rev. Patterson Fletcher, Mr. JACOB H. ENGLE and Miss VIRGINIA HEL EN BLACKFORD,—all of Jefferson County. On Tuesday the 15th instant, by Rev. Mr. Douglas Dr. WM. H. GRIMES and Miss SALLY, daughter of A. Rentch, Esq.,—all of Washington County, Md.

Draths. On Monday morning; the 50th ult., CHARLES ABELL THOMPSON, aged 1 year, 1 month and 19 days, son of Charles M., and Jane Thompson, of St.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

FLOUR—Howard Street. 100 bbls. at \$10,571 City Mills Flour.—On Friday 350 bbls. at 19871 CORN MEAL 500 per bbt RYE FLOUR White wheat RYE-Pennsylvania -Virginia -Maryland -CORN—white -155

WINCHESTER MARKET. FORTHE WEEK ENDING MAY 17, 1855. CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SAML. HARTLEY, ATTHE DEPOT,

WAGON PRICE. STORE PRICE | House ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING MAY 18, 1855.

SUPERFINE FLOUR, perbbl. ...\$10 62\frac{1}{2} a 10 60

WHEAT, (red) per bushel. ... 2 50 a 2 55

Do. (white) do ... 2 62 a 2 66

RYE, per bushel. ... 1 30 a 1 30

FORM (white) 1 05 a 1 06

RYE, per bushel 1 30 a 1 30 bORN, (white) 1 05 a 1 06 bORN, (white) 1 05 a 1 06 bORN, (white) 1 05 a 1 06 bORN, (white) 6 6 a 1 03 constant of bot, a 0 7 constant of bot, a 0 25 constant of bot, a 0 25 constant of bot, a 0 20 co

Special Motices.

Ay-Rev. John Lananan, Pastor of Exeter M. E. CHURCH. I strong desire to benefit the al-flicted, induces Firm to speak thus; thousands of others testify to cases of Cough, Dyspepsia, Rheuma-BALTIMORE,

BALTIMORE,

January 24th, 1855.

Messrs. Mortimer and Mowbray—1 take pleasure in saying to you that I have used your "Hampton's Tincture" with very great brofit. From a serious threat affection, my reneral health had become very puch injured, when I commenced to the Hampton's Tincture. I found its effects upon my general health most salutary. My nervous system and digestive organs soon righted up under its influence.

I have several times recommended it to my friends, and in every case, as far as I have been informed.

and in every case, as far as I have been informed, they have used it with success.

Yours truly, JOHN LANAHAN, Paster of the Excter st. M. E. Church, Balt.

BLEEDING OF THE LUNGS.
Rathen, North Carolina,
February Sib, 1855.

Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray—I do hereby certify, that about twelve months ago, I was taken with a severe hemorrhage of the Lungs, and had four attacks of it. I was advised to try Dr. Hamplon's Vegetable Tineture; I procured one bottle, and after taking which, I was satisfied that I was mitted better; and after taking the fourth bottle. I was entirely and after taking the fourth bettle, I was entirely well, and new I enjoy as good health as I ever did in my life. I can, and do, without the least hesitation, mend the Tincture to all persons afflicted in

recommend the my way.

Yours,

Calland get Pamiphlets and see cures of Coughs,
Bronchitis, Rheumalism, Liver Complaint, Scrofula.

As a female medicine it is unrivaled. Sold by

L. M. SMITH, Charlestown.

T. D. HAMMOND, Harpers-Ferry.

L. P. HARTMAN, Winchester.

Dr. MOTT, Leesburg.

Dr. MOTT, Leesburg. And by Dealers everywhere. March 20. fr Consumption is; without doubt, the most fearfully fatalof all diseases, (excepte pide inics,) annually carrying thousands to untimely graves. How often could the ravages of this arch destroyer be prevented, if timely remedies were used in allaying the inflammation produced by an ordinary cold.—For Cougha, Colds, Sore Threats, and all similar diseases. eases, STABLER'S ANODYNE CHERRY EXPEC-TORANT has no equal. It is not recommended as infallible, but medical men and others, who have used and administered it, bear testimony to its extraordinary efficacy. It is known to be a "good medicine;" and as such is offered to the public, as also STABLER'S DIARRHEA CORDIAL, for diseases of the bowels. See advertisement in another column; and descriptive pamphlets, to be had gratis. Price of each, only 50 cents, or six bottles for \$2.50

February 7, 1854

(g-Henry's Inviginating Cordial.—The merits of this purely vegetable extract for the removal and cure of physical prostration, genital debility hervous affections, &c. &c. are fully described in an other column of this paper, to which the reader is referred. \$2 per bottle, 3 bottles for \$5, 6 bottles for \$6; \$16 per dozen. — Observe the marks of the

Prepared only by S. E. COHEN, No. 3 Franklin Row, Vine Street, below Eighth. Philadelphia Pa Row, Vine Street, below Eighth, Philadelphia, Pa., TO WHOM ALL ORDERS MUST BE ADDRESS-For Sale by all respectable Druggists & Merchants PEEL & STEVENS, Alexandria, Va., wholesale

(3-To the Patrons of the" Spirit."-- It has

(73-To the Patrons of the "Spirit."—It has now been several months since the undersigned disposed of the office of the "Spirit of Isprenson," in hopes it would enable him at once to settle up its business which had been accountating for ten years.—There have been but few, indeed, somparative, who have been generous enough to come forward and liquidate their accounts, many of which have been standing for years, and the amount but insignificant to them personally, whilst it is our all to us.

In the hopes, therefore, of a speedy softlement of bur accounts, we shall send out to those of our distant subscribers with whom we have had no settlement. bur accounts, we shall send out to those of our distant subscribers with whom we have had no settlement since April 1853, a Circular for their inspection, which we hope may induce them to remit us at once the money they may consider due, or their note for the amount.

The accounts of subscribers and advertisers in this and the adjoining Counties are feady for settlement; and we hope most of them will save us the trouble and expense of collection in person. This much, however may be said, that we shall expect the money at once, as no farther delay will be given.

Jan. 23, 1855. JAMES W. BELLER.

65-Person Having Lots in the Grave Yard of the Methodist E. Church are notified that some of the graves are in very bad condition. Those wishing them attended to will notify the undersigned. May 8, 1855. JESSE BROCKLEY, Sexton. 63-The Pew Rents of Zion Church are ow due. Payment is urgently requested.
Adril 3, 1855. LAWSON BOTTS, Col'r.

2000 LBS, Bacon for sale—terms cash.
May 29, 1865. JERE, HARRIS. MACCARONI and SALAD OIL for sale by May 29. H. L. KBY & SON. GONDALO Sides for sale by H. L. EBY & SON.

ORANGES and LEMONS for sale by

MCCARTY DAGUERREOTYPES, FOR ONE DOLLAR AND UPWARDS. ALL Persons who desire a Perfect Likeness of themselves or friends, must call at the McCAR TY DAGUERREIAN ROOMS, in Charlestown at "JEFFERSON HALL," any time between now and the

The Proprietor is a perfect master of the art, having spared no labor or expense in perfecting hiddelinit. He feels confident his PICTURES will ance the approbation of this community. He respectfully invites the Public to call and chamine his Specimens (15-No Daguerreotype taken over after leaving the Room, without an additional charge of 50 Cents. Charlestown, May 22, 1855. LAND SALE AND FURNITURE.

THE Shannondale Company have authorized me to sell privately, or otherwise, about one hundred and forty, ares of the farm attached to the Springs; reserving the Ferry with that part of the Bottom land from the Ferry to the Springs, and all the improvements and lawn with garden, and on June the 4th 1855, I will proceed to sell all the FURNITURE belonging to the said Company, to wit:

Mattrasses, Bed Steads, Cots, Lumber, Chairs, Feather, Beds, Fillows, Cases, Sheets, Linen and Cotton Blankets, Queensware, Knives & Forks, one Extension Table, Parlor Window Curtains, Kitchen Furniture, and a great variety of articles not enumerated, on a credit of six mouths with bond and good security. metated, on a credit of six mouths with bond and good security.

Sale from day to day, until all are sold. The land, if not sold privately, will be put up at anction on the day of the sale of the Furniture.

SAMUEL W. LACKLAND, Prest.

N. B. I will also rent the Hotel to a good Tenant for the Seeson.

WM. H. GRIGGS, Auctioneer.

May 22, 1855. [F.P.] 21

HAVE made up my mind to discontinue the sale of Liquors, and respectfully anounce to my customors and the public that I have received and opened a general assortment of GOODS, in addition to my stock of Groceries. I return my thanks for past favors, and by strick attention to business, I hope to merit a continuance of the same.

May 22, 1855.

R. H. BROWN

NOTICE.

NOTICE is bereby given that any persons placing obstructions of any kind, or throwing dead animals on the road leading from Charlestown to the White Honse, will be dealt with according to the law, I also warn all persons against digging sand or loam from the bed of said road. I also forbid all persons trading or bartering with any of my servants, with

out an order from me. Any persons who are guilty of either of the above, will be prosecuted to the full extent of the the law.

THOMAS S. JOHNSON,

May 22, 1855.

THOMAS S. Supervisor. DR. G. H. PEIRCE,

DENTIST.

CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VA. (OFFICE AT SAPPINGTON'S HOTEL.)
Charlestown, May 22, 1855

ADIES will please call and examine the new stock of Berages, Lawns, French and American Frints, Ginghams, Atlantic Chambrays, Plaid and Plain Gambrics, very low; Parasolettes, Bonnets, Ribbons, Gloves, Hosiery, Linen Cambric Hand kerchiefs, &c., for sale by.

May 22.

JOHN D. LINE.

THE PUBLIC are respectfully invited to call and exatuing another fresh arrival of nice and cheap GOODS at the store of May 22. JUST received another lot of new Mattings and Straw Goods, which will be sold very low. May 22 JOHN D. LINE. SCOTT'S patent Refrigerators, for sale by May 22, 1855. KEYES & KEARSLEY.

PRICE REDUCED.

BUSHELS good dried Peaches on hand which we are sciling off at a low price.

May 22, 1855. KEYES & KEA RSLY. POTATOES.—About 100 bushels best MERCER POTATOES for sale at the Depot at much re-duced rates. E. M. AlsQUITE. Charlestown, May 22, 1855.

BLACKSMITH TOOLS.

BELLOWS, Cast Steel-Face Anvils,
Vices, Sledges, Hand and Shoeing
Hammers, for sale low at the Market May 15, 1855.

T. RAWLIN'S. NATURES Ultimatum Kohrinoor and Prefection
Tobacco that can't be beat, also a full stap jy of those
fine Plantation and other Segars. Civc me a call.
May 10, 1855. May 10, 1855. PINE APPLE'S. THE subscriber has just received a large supply of fresh Pine Apples. Call soon and supply yourself.

May 15, 1555. OHN F. BLESSING.

HOUSEKELP'NG ARTICLES. HOUSERESP ANG ARCHOLLES.

HAVE just receive a from Baltimere, a supply of White Ivory balanced-handled Tebis and Tea Knives; Albata Forks to suit; plated Tea and Table Spoons; also P en and Pocket Knives.

May 15, 15,55.

T. RAWLINS. TYACTHY SEED.—Another supply of prim E. M. AISQUITH. 8 ptember 19, 1854. 10 PURE CIDER VINEGAR.

BELS. three year old, warranted the best in the county.

IFRE HARRIS.

March 27. 3000 LSS. Bacon Hams, Sides and Shoulders for sale by April 10 1855. II. L. EBY & SON.

SEGARS.—I have just received a lot of those prime Jenny Lind & Spanish Segars,
March 20. THOS RAWLINS. TR AVELLING TRUNKS, Hand Trunks, and Carpet Bags, for sale by CRAMER & HAWKS. 75BUSHELS DRIED PEACHES, for sale KEYES & REARSLEY.

January 30. GARDEN HOES, Rakes, Spades, Long-han-dled Shovels and Forks, for sale by hovels and Forks, for sale by CRAMER & HAWKS. March 6.

TABLE SALT in Boxes and Bags.
H. L. EBY & SON. BEEF TONGUES and Bried Beef just received March 13 H. L. EBY & SON. MACCARONI, Cheese and Crackers of all leinds.

H. L. EBY & SON H. L. EBY & SON GARDEN SEEDS.

GARDEN SEEDS.
WE have just received a large assortmen of FRESH GARDEN SEEDS.
Feb. 20. H. L. ERY & SON H. L. EBY & SON. Feb. 20. ULTS GARDEN SEEDS .-- I have receive A cd my spring supply of Ault's celebrated ENG-LISH GARDEN SEED, warranted fresh and genu-ine, which can be had at the Market House, for each, Feb. 27. THOS. BAWLING

WE are now receiving our Spring supply of New Goods among which are some auction bar-KEYES & KEARSLEY. KEYES & KEARSLEY. April 10, 1855. HUGHE'S IRON.—Wings, Landsides Coul-ters, Home Shoe Bars, Nail Rods, Band and Scol-lop, Bar; Round, Square, and Nail Rods, with a large

p, Bar, Round, Square, took of other from for sale.

H. L. EBY & SON. THE LITTLE GIANT, the wonder of the world, will be exhibited at the sale of Mr. G. W. Ranson on Thursday next.

E. M. AISQUITH. THE subscriber can furnish the fathers and other

ers in want of Corn at very low rates, and in quantilies to suit. Terms cash. E. M. AISQUITH. April 3, 1855. MERCER POTATOES.

BUSHELS Pure Mercer Potatoes, just received by H. L. EBY & SON. March 20, 1855. UST received and for sale a lot of Allen s celebrated Winchester GARDEN SEEDS

warranted fresh and gettuine. Feb. 20. JOHN D. LINE. Feb. 20. MERCER POTATOES. PRIME White Mercer Potatoes, for sale by KEYES & KEARSLEY. LOAF, Crushed, Pulverized, Gravulated, Refined and Brown Sugars, at a small advance, March 20. H. L. EBY & SON.

Lime.—Fresh burnt Lime, of superior quality,
for sale by
March 20. KEYES & KEARSLEY. BOOTS AND SHOES.

AND SHOES, for sale by
April 17, 1855.

APRIL 17, 1855.

APRIL 17, 1855.

APRIL 17, 1855.

I HAVE for sale a HUGGY AND HARNESS, which I will sell low. April 17; 1855. J. L. HOOFF.

A LARGE and superior supply of GRO-CERJES, just received by April 17, 1855.

J.-L. HOOFF. 100 BUSHELS of good Potatoes.

April 17, 1855.

POTATOES.

JERE. HARRIS.

TIMOTHY SEED.—Timothy Seed of primo quality, for sale by March 20. KEYES & KEARSLEY. NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES & SYRUP just received and for sale by Dec. 5, 1854. H. L. EBY & SON. WANTED .-- A Teacher in District No. 12.
April 3. WM. H. GRIGGS.

WHITE BEANS, Black Eyed Peas, and Hom iny for sale by H. L. EBY & SON.

LADIES DRESS GOODS of every variety;
French W S E of every kinds.
May 1, 1855. CRAMER & HAWKS. CHEESE AND MACCARONI, for sale by H. L. EBY & SON.

A PPLICA VASITES,
BLACK LACE SHAWLS,
and BLACK LACE POINTS,
Or sale by CPLANER & HAW CRAMER & HAWKS. LADIES SLIPPERS
AND GATTERS, all sizes;
Misses and Children's doc.
Pray 1, 1855. CRAMER & HAWKS.

A TEACHER WANTED.

lary \$300. GEO. W. LITTLE, Comal-TAR for sele by the barrel at the Depot.

E. M AlsQUITH.

WHITE CORN for sale, for cash only, by
Feb. 20. KEYES & KEARSLEY. BLACKSMITHS can be supplied with the best Coal at very low rates at the depot.

March W. H. M. AIPQUITH,

Let all the world say what they can, For selling large prizes M. Anset & Co. are the mon M. ANSEL & CO., EXCHANGE AND LOTTERY BROKERS. DRESENT to their friends and the Virginia Pu A lie, one of the richest and most splendid Lofter which has been drawn for many years, conteining hearly one and a half million dollars, and sincere nearly one and a half million dollars, and sincerely advise all to have a change in this Great Indiery, as we do hope and wish to send to Charlestown, that Splendid Capital of \$69,000.

MAMMOTH LOTTERY.

There will be drawn in the city of Baltimore, on Saturday, May 26th, Grand Consolidated Lottery, Class M.

10,000 \$0 do do do 1,500 \$500 of \$1,000; 339 of \$300; 63 of \$100; 63 of \$80; \$126 of \$60; 6363 of \$40; 29265 of \$20. 78 Number and 15 drawn Ballots: Tickets \$20, Halves \$10, Quarters \$5, Rights \$2,50 Packages of Wholes \$260, Halves \$130 Quarters 65. Eighths \$32. SMALL FRY! SMALL FRY! The Small Fry Lotteries are drawn Tucsdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays. Capital prize \$5,000. \$4,000, \$3,000, \$2,000. 10 of \$1.00 Tickets \$1—Package of Wholes \$15, Halves \$7.50, Quarters \$3.75.

NO RISK, NO GAIN! IS OUR MOTTO.

OF All letters directed to M. ANSEL & CO. will
come safely to hand, and distant correspondents may
feel sure that their orders will be attended to, the ame as if they were here themselves.

It has many times happened that we have made our correspondents rich before we have had the pleasure of a personal interview.

The undersigned are always ready to answer let-The undersigned are always ready to answer letters of enquiry. In ordering Tickets, look over the list select the Lottery, enclose the money, and direct the letter to our address. TRY US! TRY US!

[7]-All those who want a good Prize, will please send their orders to the old Prize Sellers,

M. ANSEL & CO.,

Box 368, Post Office, Baltimore, Md.

May 15, 1835.

EXHIBITION. THE YOUNG MENS' DRAMATIC ASSOCIA-I TION, of Charlestown, most respectfully announce to the Ladies and Gentlemen of this place and vicinity, that they will give a performance at Jefferson Hall, ON SATURDAY EVENING, JUNE 2d, 1855, on which occasion, will be presented, Bulwer's celebrated Drama of THE LADY OF LYONS, With a fine caste of characters, after which, several

eautiful Songs, to conclude with the popular Comic "Villikins and his Dinah," by a member of the Company.

Admittance 25 cents. Front seats positively reserved for the Ladies. Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 8 o'clock, precisely. A officer will be in attendance to preceive order.

May 15 1855 May 15, 1855.

FASHIONABLE HATS' FOR SPRING.

STRANGERS visiting the city will find an excellent assortment of HATS of every description of
style, quality and kind at J. L. Mc PHAIL & BRO'S.
Fashionable Hat Establishment No. 132, Baltimore Street, Between Calvert and North, Next to the Office of the

JAS: L. McPHAII , & BRO have just opened a full assortment of S" RAW GOODS, for gentlemen, Youths and Childer, consisting of HATS and CAPS, in great variety of style and finish.

(3) Our Process will be found as low as any other establishment.

[May 8, 1855.]

GEORGE W. CASTLEMAN, SURVEYOR AND ENGINEER,

BERRYVILLE, VA.,

WILL attend strictly to LAND SURVEYING
AND ENGINEERING, and prepare to order
TOPOGRAPHICAL FARM MAPS, LEVELING
DIAGRAMS, &c. Calculations, Reports of Survey,
&c., made and returned without delay. &c., made and returned without delay. REFERENCES:

Alfred Castleman, of Clarks County.
do do do.
do do do. John Louthan, Cel. D. S. Bonham, Col. B. Morgan, do do do do do Dr. R. J. McCandly, Winchester Va., John F. Wall, do do. Berryville, May 8, 1855—3m. do.

Dr. J. D. HUDSPETH having located in the town of Bolivar, offers his Professional Services to the people of the town and neighborhood. When not professionally engaged he can be found opposite the Bolivar Hotel. [May 8, 1555. THE undersigned having purchased the ICE from P. E. Noland, is prepared to deliver it to his subscribers regularly during the season, from the 15th of May till the 20th of September. Payment to be made to the appearable.

CHARLES L. NOLAND. TO THE CITIZENS OF VIRGINIA.

THE undersigned having located in the Cit of Dubque, in the flourishing State of Iowa, will ve particular attention to the INVESTMENT OR LOAN OF MONEY, EXAMINING TITLES, PAYING TAXES, SELECTING GOVERNMENT LANDS, SELLING OR LOCATING LAND WARRANTS in any part of Western or Northern Iowa.

to the subscriber.

No. 3, Jone's Block, Dubuque Icwa. WM. Y. LOVELL, S. C. KEAR REFERENCES. S. C KEARSLEY, H. BEAM. REFERENCES.

Thomas H. Willis,
Keyes & Kearsley,
Col, F. Yatts.
Hon. C. J. Faulkner,
Philip Williams, Winchester Fred. Co., Va.
Mark Bird, Woodstock.
LOVELL, KEARSLEY & CO.
April 24, 1855—II.

THE Professional accounts of the Late Wm. C. Worthington, Esq., are ready for settlement. Persons who know that they have sottlements to make or who ewe him will please give this their attention, as the estate is in want of funds, and I will be obliged o proceed to collect in the shortest way possible.
S. RIDENOUR.
May 1, 1855.
Administrator.

THREE good Horses, for saddle or harness; one good two-horse Wagon, with 4 Eliptic Springs and Iron Axles; a one-horse Wagon; a Carryall and a new Buggy: Also Double and single Hachess, and a first rate new Quilted Somerset, Saddle, and a new a hist-rate new Willied Somerset, Statile, and a new Side Saddle. Having no further use for the above articles, those in want of them may expect great bargains by calling on J. W. McGINNIS. Charles, own, May 1, 1855.

DRUGS, PAINTS, OILS,
Dye Stuffs, Perfumery, Books,
Stationery of all Kinds, Blank
Books, &c.
THE public is respectfully informed, that I havel
store, and for sale a large and general assorin
ment of the above articles, selected with great careand warranted fresh. Also Patent Medicines of all
binds. Call and examine them.

kinds. Call and examine them. L. M. SMITH Charlestown, May 1, 1855.

7000 FEET of POPLAR PLANK. If not gold before the 18th of May, I will sell it? on that day at public auction at the Depot, at Charlestown, on a credit of? months redit of 3 months. May 1, 1855. THOS. C. GREEN. ATKINS' SELF-RAKING REAPER. THE subscriber is authorised to sell the above REAPERS for the next harvest. These machine are gotton up expressly for the harvest of 1855, with all the faults and objections of those last year over-come, and the machine altogether stronger and bet-ter. For particulars call and see those just received at the Charlestown Depot. I have engaged compe-tent men to put together and start each machine, and will exhibit one at our Superior Court. E. M. AISQUITH. Map 10. 1355.

A NEGRO WOMAN FOR SALE:—A likely A Woman, about 27 years of age, with two children. Perms accommodating. Not sold for any pault. May 8, 1855—3t. THIS OFFICE.

CORN FOR SALE.

HAVE for sale between 75 and 100 bbls of CORN,
White and Yellow. ROGER CHEW. May 8, 1855-3t. F.F.

GLASSWARE, AND STONEWARE.

HAVE just received a handsome assortinen
Queens, Glass, and Stoneware;

Two Ten sets Liverpool China; which I will sell cheap. T. RAWLINS.

TARM AND GARDEN IMPLEMENTS. ien Implements;
Forks, Shovels, Hoes;
Garden Plougus and Cultivators;
Also Chain Pumps, &c;
for sale low at the Market House.
May 15, 1855.
T. RAWLINS. st received a full supply of Farm

THE Subscriber has just received a very superior lot of Wagon, Carriage, Plough and Horse-Shot Iron; Nail Rods, &c. GEO. W. FOX. Halltown, May 15, 1855.

WHITE LEAD,

Copal and Japan Varsish s.

Whiting, Yellow Ochre, Ohio Faint,

Chrome Yellow; Chrome Green, Lindseed Oil;

Spirits of Turpentine, Paint Brushes, Such Tools, &c or sale by Charlestown, May 1, 1855. WE have just received another supply of Carpeting and Matting, equally as good and cheap as the former.

CRAMER & HAWKS.

May. 1, 1855. NEW GOODS.

JOHN D. LINE is now receiving and opening a large clock of Spring and Summer Goods, Hardware and Groceries. He invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine them.

April 24, 1855 DLAIN WHITE BERAGE

AND MOUSLAINE,
for Capes and Scaris;
Weite Silk Fringe and White Silk Lace,
for sale by
CRAMER & HAWKS.
May 8, 1855. READY-MADE CLOTHING.—I have on the hand an assertment of good Ready-Made Clothing, very low.

GEO. W. FOX.

Halltown, May 15, 1855.

WHITE KID FLOVES.—Ladies and gent men's White Kid and Silk gloves, for sale by May 8, 1855. CRAMER & HAWKS TRENCH CRIMPED DIMIATY. May 9, 1556. CRAMER & HAWKS. TOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILABEL-PHIA.

TMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT to all persons afflicted with Sexual diseases, such as SEMINAL

Afflicted with Sexual diseases such as SEMINAL WEAKNESS, IMPOTENCE. GONORRHEA,
GLEEF, SYPHILIS, &c., &c.
The HOWARD ASSOCIATION of Philadelphia, in view of the awful destruction, of human life and health, caused by Sexual diseases, and the deceptions which are practised upon the unfertunate victims of such diseases by Quacks, have directed their consulting Surgeon, as a CHARITABLE ACT worthy of their name, to give MEDICAL ADVICE GRATIS, to all persons thus afflicted, (Male or Female,) who apply by letter, (post-paid,) with a description of their condition, (agg. occupation, habits of life, &c..) and in cases of extrems powerty and sufficient to FURNISH MEDICINES FREE OF CHARGE.

The Howard Association is a benevolent institution, established by special endowment, for the relief of the sick and distressed, afflicted with invituent and Epidemic discesses," and its funds can be used for noother purposes. It has now a surples of means, which the Directors have voted to advertise the above notice. It is needless to add that the Association commands the highest Medical skill of the age.

Address, (post-paid)) Dr. GEO. R. GALHOUN, Address, (post-paid;) Dr. GEO. R. GALHOUN, Consulting Surgeon, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. By order of the Directors, EZRA D. HEARTWELL, Pres't.

Geo. FARICHILD, Secretary. April 10; 1855—4m. April 10; 1033—4m.

REMOVAL.

JAMES E. JOHNSON,

BOOT AND SHOE

MANUFACTURER,

(in the Store Room adjoining Dr.

Raum's residence, opposite the Post Office,) has just received his Spring and Summer BOOTS AND SHOES, embracing every style and size, selected with great care expressly for this market. The public are invited to cramine his stock, as he is fellly sutisfied it will compare favorably with that of any sfied it will compare favorably with that of any other establishment. Custom work made to order, on short notice, in the

nost fashionable style and durable mariner.

April 10, 1955—tf LOCK OUT FOR THE VILLAIN. LOCK OUT FOR THE VILLAIN.

50 REWARD! A young man calling hir is self Robt. C. C. Citton, of fine appears ace, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, long black heir, black moustache and goatee, blue frock coat and red striped vest. The said Clifton stele from the undersigned the following articles:—A Joly Watch double cased, in the inside of the case, is the letters M. V. G., scratched with a pin, and the awar position. M. V. G., scratched with a pin, and the outer portion of the case has the letters W. H. G. also marked.—Also a Silver Watch belonging to my son, with a Gold Fob Chain. He has it his possession three Hats, one white and two b' ack ones. He is an intelligent person and was et apt yed by the undersigned as a School Teacher. He has letters of recommendations, (supposed) the ground from Hon Reverdy dations, (supposed by be forged) from Hon. Reverdy Johnson, Hon. J. P. Konnedy and J. H. Latrobe, Esq. He stated that be was born and raised in Baltimore, but this is do _bud, as he has a foreign accent. I will give \$.00 reward for the detection of the their

April 24, 1855. WM. H. GRIGGS. TRUSTEE'S SALE. AN pursuance of the provisions of a Deed of Trust, executed to the undersigned by Samuel A. Snyder, for the benefit of Loman & Cockrill, and Charles Johnson, dated 24th day of March, 1855, of record in the Clerk's Office of the County of Jefferson, Va., I shall at or about noon, on the 2D DAY OF JUNE NEXT, sell all the GROWING CROP OF WHEAT, to which said Snyder is entitled as a tenant on the land which said Snyder is entitled as a tenant on the land of Mr. Samuel Knott, near Knott's Mill, on the Po-

omac, in said county of Jefferson.
There are about 47 acres well cropped and in good Terms made known on day of sale.

A. M. KITZMILLER,

May 8, 1855—ts:

Trustee TAKE NOTICE.

A LL Persons coming out of the road leading from Lectown and coming in on the Turnpike leading from Smithfield to Charlestown, and turning in at Cameron's Depot, shall pay one cent for any horse or any such animal, in draught or riding, 6 or for two lorse Carriage 61 Cents, or one Carriage 21 Cents. Ry Order of

3 Cents. By Order of April 24, 1855. THE PRESIDENT. BOOKS! BOOKS!! HE attention of the reading public is called to the following list of books lately received: Prior's Goldsmith; 4 vols. Hearts and Homes, by Mrs. Ellis. Macaulay's Miscellanies;

Undine and Santram; Fern Leaves 1st 2d series; O'Meara's Voice from St. Helena; Autobiography of Chas. Caldwell, Md. Goodrich's History of all Nations, 2 vols. Nelly Bracken; History of Braddock's Expedition; Select Writings of Robt, Chambers, 4 vols. Salt Water Bubbles;

Life of Boone;
Wood's recollections of the Stage;
Romance of American Landscape;
Longfellow's Poets and Poetry of Edrope; Read's Poems;
Things in America by Chambers;
Frost's Pictorial United States;
Echopleraft's Thirty Years with the Indians, and many others, which are worth looking at. For sale by L. M. SMITH.

Charlestown, April 24, 1855.

ADMINISTRATOR'S MOTIVE.

A LL persons indebted to the state of the late Thomas B. Washington are hereby requested to make immediate payment; and those having demands againstsaid state will present them properly proven.

REBECCA J. WASHINGTON,

RICHARD B. WASHINGTON, ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Mach r27, 1855.

A TEACHER WANTED.

THE Public School of District No. 8., will need a good, competent TEACHER on the 1st of April next None but those who are fully qualified need apply. I shall myself examine each applicant, and must be entirely satisfied of their capacity.

L. P. W. BALCH,

School Commissioner of District No. 8.

March 13, 1855—if.

F. P.

REAPERS, REAPERS.

E beg leave to inform the Farmers of Jefferson and Loudoun, that we have the sole Agency, for the sale of McCormick's REAPER. Farmers where the sole of those celebrated Reapers would do well to leave their orders before the first of April.—The Reapers and his wers of 1855 are warranted to be the best Machine of the kind in the United States.

Jan. 9, 1855.

ZIMMERMAN & CO.

A YOUNG WOMAN with one Child, a BOY, 18 months old; a BOY 10 years of egg, likely and active. They are not sold for any fault. Enquire at Feb. 6, 1855—if. This OFFICE. TO THE PUBLIC.

HE indersigned intends to open in South Bolizar, a WOOD AND LUMBER YARD, would inform his friends and the public generally, that his Son, John Aris, Ja., is authorized to conduct said business for me as my agent. JOHN AVIS, Sz. April 17, 2855.—tf.

LOOK AT THIS! N addition to my former stock of GARDEN SEEDS, I have received of Samuel Aut & Son; ONION SETS; EARLY SPINACH; LONG ORANGE CARROT SWEET MARJORAM; PUMPKI and TUSCORARA CORN. PUMPKIN SEED;

THOS. RAWLINS. JERSEY White Mercer;
Maine do.;
White Carter;
Early Seedling;
just received and for sale by
April 17, 1855. KEYES & REARSLEY.

6000 FEET 1 inch Plank;
500 Gondolo Ribs, on hand at the Depot.
E. M. AISQUITH.

WE have received a very general assortment of Seasonable Goods. For particulars please call and CRAMER & HAWKS.

A FEMALE SERVANT, about 16 years old, and boy between 9 and 10 years old.

April 17, 1855. KEYES & KEARSLEY. JOHN L. HOOFF S now receiving his SPRING AND SUMMER COORS, to which he invites the attention of the

dies and Gentlemen to call and examine before ing clsewhere. BERAGE, BERAGE DE-LANES;
SILK TISSUES LAWNS, BRILLIANTS;
SWISS MUSLINS, CORSETS;
AND GRASS SKIRTS, for sale by:
April 17, 1855:

J. L. HOO

J. L. HOOFF. COLLARS, UNDERSLEEVES;
SWISS AND CAMBRIC EDGINGS, for sale by April 17, 1855.

A SUPERIOR article of German Cologne;
French Extracts, warranted genuine, the best article now in use for the Handkerchief;
Vorbana and Florida Waters, for the Toilet;

Verbena and Florida Waters, for the Toilet; April 17, 1855. J. L. HOOFF. A LARGE still superior stock of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, NEOKTIES, CRAVATS, COLLARS, &c., J. L. HOOFF.

April 17, 1855. OLD BOURBON WHISKEY;
MARTELLE BRANDY; A superior article of PORT WINE; J. L. HOOFF. for sale by April 17, 1955.

A VERY likely SERVANT WOMAN, 20 years of age. She is a first-rate House Servant and Scamstress. Inquire at April 24, 1355. THIS OFFICE.

A BEAUTIFUL stock of CLOTHS; CASSIMERES; VESTINGS; and SILK CRAVATS; for sale by JOHN D. LINE. May 1, 1855. TRAW Bonnets, Children's Flats, Silk Rushes, and a general stock of Boniets Ribbons of every style and color, for sale by May 1, 1855. JOHN D. LINE:

UST received a large and general stock of De-laines, Berages, Lawns, Silks and Prints, which will be be sold at great bargains. May 1, 1855..... JOHN D. LINE. A LARGE, stock of Carpets, Straw Matting and Oil Cloths, for at le by May 1, 1855. NATES:

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H. I EBY & SON

April 10 1855.

CANDLES .- S crm, Adamantine an Tallow.

Cantles, just ecciver! y
EBY & SON

STARTLING, BUT TRUE! WHAT EVERY WOMAN SHOOLD KNOW. It will avoid to you and yours, as it has to thousand manya day of pain and anxiety fullowed by slee less nights, incapacitating the mind for its ordina avocation and exhausting these means for medical attendance, medicines and advertised nostrum which otherwise would provide for declining year the infirmities of age and the proper education was children.

your children.

How often it happens, that the wife lingers from year to year in that pitiable condition as not even to one day to feel the happy and exhiliarating influence incident to the enjoyment of health, arising from ignorance of the simplest and plainest rules of health as connected with the marriage state, the violation of which quitaile disease, suffering and miscry.

"And must this continue? Must this be? Is ther no remedy? No relief? No hope?".

The remedy is by knowing the causes and avoiding them, and knowing the remedies and benefitting by them.

Thisse are pointed out in y them.
These are pointed out in

THE MARRIED WOMAN'S
PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION,
BY DR. A. M. MAU GICEAU, PROFESSOR OF DISEALES OF WOMEN. One Hundredth Ldition (500,000)

18 nv., pp. 250,
[ON FINE PAPER, EXTRA BINDING, \$1.00].
A standard work of established reputation, fourclassed in the car alogues of the great trade sales in
New York, Phradelphia, and other cities, and sole
by the principal booksellers in the United States.
It was first published in 1847, since which time 500,000 COPIES

hav then sold, of which there were upwards of ONT TAUNDRED THOUSAND SENT BY MAIL, at serving the high estimate in which it is held as a reliable popular Medical the author having devoted his exclusive of tention to the treatment of complaints peculiar to tention to frespect to which he is yearly consulted by thousands, both in person and by letter. Here every woman can discover, by comparing her own symptoms with these described, the nature, character, causes of, and the proper remedies for her The wife about becoming a mother has eftenneed of instruction and advice of the utmost importance to her feture health, in respect to which her sensi-tiveness forbids consulting a medical gentleman, will find such instruction and advice, and also explain many symptoms which otherwise would occasion anxiety or alarm, as all the peculiarities incident to her situation are described.

How many are sufficient from obstructions or irregularities peculiar to the female system, which undermine the health, the effects of which they are ignored. norant, and for which their delicacy forbids seeking medical advice! Many suffer from prolapsus uteri

falling of the womb,) or from fluor shuts (weakness, debility, &c.) Many are in constant agony
for many months preceding confinement. Many
have difficult if not dangerous deliveries, and slow
and uncertain recoveries. Some whose lives are
hazarded during such time, will each find in its pament the means of approaching a puller time and spling ges the means of prevention, amelioration and relicf.

It is of course impracticable to convey fally the various subjects treated of, as they are of a nature strictly intended for the married or those contemplating marriage.

In consequence of the universal popularity of the work, as evidenced by its extraordinary sale, various work, as evaluenced by its extraordinary site, various impositions have been attempted, as well on books sellers as on the public, by imitations of title page, spurious editions, and surreptitious infringements of copyright, and other devices and deceptions, it has been found necessary, therefore to CAUTION THE FUBLIC

to buy no book unless the words "Br: A. M. MAURI-CEAU, 129 Liberty Street, N. Y." is on (and the entry in the Clerk's Office on the back of), the title page; and buy only of respectable and lichorable dealers, or send by mail, and address to Dr. A. M. Mauriceau.

33-Upon receipt of One Dollar, "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION" is sent (mailed free) to any part of the United States, the Canadas and British Provinces. All letters must be post paid, and addressed to Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU,

Box 1224, New York City, Publishing Office, No. 129 Liberty Street, [April 3, 1455. UNDER the Act of Congress approved the 3d day of March, 1855, those persons who have received 40

acres of Bounty Land are entitled to an additional amount of 120 acres. Those persons who have received \$0 acres are en-titled to \$0 acres additional, Those persons who have not here ofore been entitled to Land, and whose service has been 14 days or less than 30 days, are entitled to 160 deres. Those persons who have been in actual battle, or any engagement any time less than 30 days, are entitled to 180 acres.

These Revolutionary Cfficers and Soldiers who have never received Bounty Land from the United States, are entitled to 160 acres. If dead, their Widows are entitled.

Seamen, Teamsters and Indians who have been Service during the existence of War, are entitled to 160 acres of Land. For all correct information and proof of service and obtainment of claims, address, (postage paid,) or call in person upon

WM. W. B. GALLAHER,

Free Press Office, or

March 13, 1855. JOHN S. GALLAHER,
Washington, D. C. TO THE PUBLIC.

If the undersigned having entered into a Co-Part nership with his father, Samuel C. Voung, to conduct THE BUTCHERING BUSINESS in Charlestown, most respectfully solicits the support of the community. Having been associated for several years in the business with his father in Charlestown, he hopes its citizens will bear in testimony to the fact that he has at least endeavored to render satisfaction, and accommodate them in all matters to the best of his ability. Having now embarked somewhat upon his own hook, and desirous of making a livelihood by his own labour, he hopes he may not appeal in vain to a generous public.

The BEST ME. TS the market of this or adjoining counties can furnish, will be served up regularly.

counties can furnish, will be served up regularly and sold at the lowest price that will afford a LIVIN profit, from a DEAD article of trade. Respectfully, &c., Jan. 23, 1855. GEO. W. YOUNG. NOTICE.

INE undersigned find it utterly impossible to carry on their vocation under the present mode of doing business. They are compelled to pay cash for all the stock they purchase, and they have heretofore received but very little cash for the meats they have sold. It is impossible for them to conlinue their, business under the present system, and they therefore inform their customers that they will require the cash in future. They desire to supply the community with the very best meats that can be secured, and at the lowest terms. To do this they must have the money so that they may pur-

hey must have the money so that they may pur-All persons knowing themselves to be indebted to estly requested to call immediately; and settle.

They return their sincere thanks for the liberal patronage they have received, and hope that they will be able to make suitable returns for it. Jan. 30, 1955—tf. . S. C. FOUNG & SON HALLTOWN STORE AND DEPOT,

THE subscriber having taken the STORE AND DEPOT, at Halltown, and just opened a full and complete assortment of new DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES, would respectfully invite the attention of his freends and the public generally, to that branch of His business, and as he is determined not to be beaten, either in the kind, quality or price of goods by any other Country Store in the Country, and to leave nothing undone that can be done to render full satisfaction to the people, he hopes to meet with that liberal encouragement and support in the Store, that he has received in the Milling business, during the past year. I have been very careful in selecting for the Ladies a nice stock of Dress Goods, of the latest style, and hope to have a call from them; also for the gentlemen, everything in the way of Dress—and indeed, everything that is generally kent in a well furnished Country Store, can be had here on the mest liberal terms.

I am also having the Depot put in order for receiving and forwarding Grain and all kinds of Country Produce, so that the Farmers in this community will find it to their interest to make this, the point at which to dispose of their produce, either by sale or transportation.

GEO. W. FOX.

transportation. HALLTOWN, April 24, 1855 .- 3t.

i', a Room, adjoining the School Room will be provided; in the meantime pupils will be attended at their own homes. heir own homes.

No Pupil shall have more than three English Studies at one time, besides Reading, Writing and Spelling.

C. HOGAN. Spelling. Charlestown; April 17, 1855:

A HEALTHY stout young NEGRO WOMAN, about 17 years of age, with an infant boy about six months of age. She is quite a hardy girl and capable of doing most any kind of house work. For terms of sale inquire at the office of the "Spirit."

Nocymber 1 4,1854—tf THE STONE HOUSE now in the occupancy of Henderson Bishop. Also another HOUSE AND GROUNDS. JOHN J. LOCK, Agent. February 20, 1855.

By a resident of this county, a good plain Cook
Washer and Ironer. Also, one or two YOUNG SER
VANTS. For address apply to the EDITOR.
May 2, 1851—if NEW GOODS.

am receiving my supply of Spring and Summer Goods, selected with care in the Philadelphia and Baltimore markets.

April 17, 1855.

MY secounts are all ready for settlement, those that are owing me will confer a favor if they would call and settle these accounts, I am compelled to have money to pay my debts.

MATTING.

STRAW MATTING, 6 pieces 4.4 and 6.4 white and colored.

April 17, 1855.

April 17, 1855.

Combs; Mair Brushes; English and French Tooth Brushes; Port-moniaes; Toilet and Shaving Sons, forsale by April 17, 1855. J. L. HCOFF. EXTRA PLOUR for sale by
March 20.

H L EBY & SON.

JEFFERSON FARM FOR SAEL

is acres are under cultivation, 30 of which is Wheat and the residue well set in Grass, principally Timothy and Clover, to which it is admirably adapted.—
The remaining part of the tract is clothed with a valuable growth of
TIMBER,

Locus and Chesnut predominating,
intersperced with other varieties, such as
Caks, Hickory, Red Pine, Ash, &c. This Farm produces Wheat, the different Grasses and Indian Cornequal to the best land in the county, and possesses remarkable advantages for either cropping or grazing,

duces Wheat, the different Grasses and Indian Cornequal to the best land in the county, and possesses remarkable advantages for either cropping or grazing, being either from a half mile to 2½ miles off from four Merchant Mills, two of which are river mills and a water communication, enabling the proprietor to delive from 500 to 1000 bushels a day; it also as a GRAZ ING FARM has the advantage of an almost unlimited rar ze back of the place, and between it and the Blv. Ridge Mountain, distant about a mile, &c.

The improvements consist of a BRICK DWELLLING and all necessary OUF.BUILDINGS, such as STAPLING, ICE HOUSE, &c., situated on eminence, remarkable for its healthfulness, with three unfailing springs of soft WATER within a few yards of the building—Shanondale Springs and Furnacs within 3 miles and South Bend Ferge i mile, also two Saw Mills from a half to 1½ miles of the premises are some of the advantages.—

The Alexandria, Loudoun & Hamshire Railroad has been located within a mile of this farm and will great by Cahance its value.

As the undersigned has a favorable capoftunity to invest, he will sall a great baggain in the above property. Application to the subscriber on the premises or by letter through the, Charlestown or Harpers-Ferry Post Office will be promptly attended to.

NATHANIEL W. MANNING. Ferry Post Office will be promptly attended to.
NATHANIEL W. MANNING.
Dec. 19, 1853.

county, va., about three males S. W. of Charlestown, on the road leading from Berryville to Leetown, and about one mile South of the Harpers-Ferry and Smith field turnpike, adjoining the farms of John R. Flagg, George Isler, Mrs. H. L. Alexander, Thos. B. Washington, Dr. Seollay and others, containing about 245 ACRES, about 35 of which are in fine timber. The ACRES, about 35 of which are in fine timber. The improvements consist of a handsome three story Barch Dwelling; forty feet square, with a two story Wing 40 feet by 20 feet attached; a Barn, Corn-house, Milkhouse, and Negro Cabins. Also, a large orchard of choice Apples, and a young Peach Orchard recently planted. The Istwn and premises generally are highly improved by Strubbery and a large variety of hands some Ornamental and Fruit Trees. There is a Cistern convenient, and a never failing well of pure, Limestone Water about 100 yards distant. The farm in shape is nearly source. The limit is in a fine state in shape is nearly square. The land is in a fine state of cultivation, and the soil of superior quality. It has every convenience to market, being in the immediate vicinity of the Winchester and Harpers Ferry Railroad, and within 7 or 8 miles of the Balto and Ohio Rail road. The place is well known, and altogether is one of the most desirable tracts of its size in the Valley. Persons who contemplate purchasing, can be informed, as to the terms of sale by consulting me in person, or by letter addressed to me at Charlestown,

Jeffeorsn county, Va.
GEORGE WASHINGTON, For himself and in behalf of the other deviser Dec'r 13, 1853—tf FIRST-RATE LIMESTONE LAND OFFER for sale a tract of LAND lying in Jeffer son Gounty, Va., containing 256 ACRES, 156 cleared and under good fencing, and the balance in TIM-BER. This Land is as productive as any in the county of Jefferson, and well watered. It is within two miles of the Shenandoah river, anp within two miles of the Shenandoah river, and the A. L. H. Railroad will run within one mile of it A more particular description is deemed unnecessary as persons wishing to purchase will view the premises before purchasing! The Farm will be shown and terms made known by F. A. Lewis, living near Kabletown, in Jefferson co. or on application, postage paid, to the undersigned at Mobile Alabama. If the above property is not sold privately before the 16th day of July, 1855, it will then be offered at Public Sale on that day, before the Court House in Charlestown.

ARTHUR F. HOPKINS.

1 FOR SALE. CARTER'S HOTEL,
Charlestown, Jefferson County, Va. HIS Valuable and Commodious HOTEL PRO-PERTY is now offered at Private Sale, together with the FERNITURE, FIXTURES, AND SUP-PLIES. It is one amongst the largest in the Vailey, and has been favorably known for the past ten years. To one wishing to engage in this business a most fa-vorable opportunity is here offered, and on accommo-dating terms. The Servants can be retained until the and of the year. Possession given immediately. March 13, 1855.

1. N. CARTER.

JEFFERSON MACHINE SHOP AND
IRON AND BRASS FOUNDRY.
THE subscribers would return their sincere thanks
I to the Farmers and the public generally, for their
liberal encouragement during the past season,
and hope by strict attention to business to insure a
continuance in the future. From the extraordinary
demand for our justly celebrated
PATENT FREMHUM THRESHER, CLEANER
AND BAGGER. PATENT PREMIUM THRESHER, CLEANER
AND BAGGER,
we have prepared for the coming season the largest
assortment of Threshers and Powers in the State, including our improved Tombling Shaft Geer Horse
Power and Cleaner—the only Separator the farmer
can with safety place in the hands of his servants—
It has but one small strop about the whole machine,
and we warrant it to thresh more grain and break
and waste less than any other Separator now in use and we warrant it to thresh more grain and break and waste less than any other Separator now in use with the same number of hands and helpes, we also make hen with straps, equalled by no strap machine in the country. Also, the very best simple Thresher and Shaker with Tembling Shaft or Strop.

Our Stock consists of the following sizes, and their prices at the Shop viz. prices at the Shop, viz: Largest size for 8 and 10 Horses, 26 inch Cylender,

With Strop, and with Tombling Shaft and Gears on Thresher, extra, Second size 30 ifich Thresher, for 5 and 8 Horses, With Strop and with Tombling Shaft, Third size for 4 and 6 horses, Thresher, Power, with Strop, With Tombling Shaft, extra, We also make simple Threshers and Shakers as

For 8 and 10 horses, For 6 and 8 horses, 75.00
And for 4 and 6 horses, 55.00
These Machines are all completed with wrenches, &c., and ready for operation when sent away from the Shop, and we will further say to the farmer that 75.00 we have calculated our Powers for this season so that the horses if desired will walk slower than to any other Machine now in use. We also make a very superior two horse WAGON to carry the Cleaner upon, which we will furnish to purchasers at a low

We are also making a very superior
WHEAT DRILL, WITH COMPOST ATTACH.
Which we warrant not equalled by any other Seeder
now in use for the simplicity and detablity of its
construction. This Machine should be in the posconstruction. This Machine should be in the pos-session of every farmer who uses Guano or any simi-lar fertilizer, as it will save one-half the Guano sown the common way, and better insure a crop. This has been so thoroughly tested by many of our most practical farmers that it only required a trial of the most skeptical to convince them of its utility, and we respectfully invite all who want either of the above machines to give us a call and examine our stock. stock. All work senf out warranted to be made in the strongest and most durable manner. All orders addressed to the undersigned will re ceive immediate attention. .

ZIMMERMAN & CO. Charlestown, Feb. 27, 1855. DR'S. CORDELL and BLACKBURN here entered into a Co-Partnership in the PRACTICE OF MEDI CINE and will be ready to attend all professional The undersigned takes this occasion to save that he intends in future to give his undivided at ention to the practice of Medicine as above stated.

Jan. 2, 1855—1f. F.F. R. S. BLICKBURN.

PAPER WAREHOUST, NO. 5 SOUTH CPARLES STREET, BALT MORE. JAMES S. ROBINSON has in store, for sale Manufactory Prices, "RINTING, WRITING AND WRAPPING PAP'R, PRINTERS CARDS, BOX, BONNET AND STRAW BOARDS, and will purchase for cash, TAGS, CANVAS, ROPE, WASTE PAPER, &c., &c., [October 10, 1854—6m]

MISS REBEICA J. BARRITT would inform the Ladies of Charlestown and vicinity, that she has received from Baltimore, the latest SPRING AND SUMMER FASHIONS, and respectfully invites a call from the public. She is prepared to execute all work entrusted to her care, and warrants it to be done in the most fashionable style. By devoting her whole attention to business she longes to merit a share of the public patronage. Her rooms are at the residence of Mrs. Many E. Davis. April 24, 1855-3t.-F. P. copy:

MRS. MARY E. DAVIS respectfully informs her customers, and the public generally, that she has returned from the Cty, and solicits their attention to turned from the C ty, and solicits their attention to her Bonnets, Flowers, and Silks, which are of the latest and most fishionable style. She returns her thanks for past excouragement, and feels confident, by giving her undivided attention to business, sine will merit a continuance of the same.

Her residence is in the western part of the town, one door south of Mr. Howell's.

April 24, 1865-31.—F P copy.

April 24. 18:5-3t.—F P copy.

FRUIT TREES.

I HAVE on hand, at my nursery, on the farm of Apple, Pear, Peach, Appricot, Plum, and Almond Scoe, of the very finest variety: As the public are aware, Mr. Lucas has been at great pains to procure the very choicest kinds from the best nurseries in the United States, and I have been allowed the privilege to foul and propagate from his trees, which, added in my own selections, gives, me all the best varieties.—Lay Peach Trees, especially, srevery fine. My terms are accommodating.

October 25, 1853.

I HAVE had fixed up at the DEFOT a J FAIRBANK'S PLATFORM SCALES, for we Cattle, Hogs, and Stock of all kind, &c., and have also made pens for loading stock on the cars. Far mers or traders can have there stock not only loaded on the cars here but can weigh them before leaving September 12, 1854.

E. M. A SQUITH. SHOVELS, Spaces, Forks, Hoes &c., just r March 20. . H. L. EBY & SON.

BEST CHEWING and Lynchburg Smoking Tobacco.

March 20. H. L. EBY & SON. ORANGES, Lemons, Figs and Rasins for sa le. March 13. H. L. EBY & SON.



derangements as are the first causes of disease. An extensive trial of their virtues, by Professora, Physicians, and Patients, has shown cares of dangerous diseases aimint beyond belief, were they not substantiated by persian of such exalted position and character as to forbid the suspicion of untruth. Their certificates are published in my American Almanac, which the Ageits below named are pleased to furnish free to all inquiring.

Annexed we give Directions for their use in the complaints which they have been found to cure.

For Costiveness.—Take one or two Pills, or

complants which they have been jound to cure.

For Costiveness.—Take one certwo Pills, or such quantity as to gently move the bowels. Costiveness is frequently the aggravating, cause of Piles, and the cure of one complaint is the cure of both. No person can feel well while under a costive habit of body. Hence it should be, as it can be, promptly relieved.

For Dyspersia, which is sometimes the cause of Costiveness, and always uncomfortable, take mild doses—from one to four—to stimulate the stomach and liver into healthy action. They will do it, and the kearthurn, bolyburn, and soulburn of dyspepsia will rapidly disappear. When it has gone, don't forget what cured you.

For a Four Stomach, or Morbid Inaction of the Boicels, which produces general depression of the spirits and bad health, take from four to eight Pills at first, and smaller doses afterwards, until activity and strength is restored to the system.

For Nervousness, Sick Headlete, Nausea.

Pain in the Stomach, Back, or Side, take from four to eight pills on going to bed. If they do not operate sufficiently, take more the next day until they do. These complaints will be swopt out from the system. Don't wear these and their kindred disorders because your stomach is foul.

For Schoftla, Ernstpelas, and all Diseases of the Skin, take the Pills freely and frequently, to keep the bowels open. The cruptions will generally soon begin to diminish and disappear. Many dreadful ulcers and sores have been fixaled up by the parging and purifying effect of these Pills, and some disgusting diseases which seemed to saturate the whole system have completely yielded to their influence, leaving the sufferer in perfect health. Patients! your duty to society forbids that you should parade yourself around the world covered with pimples, blotches, ulcers, sores, and all of any of the unclean diseases of the skin, because your system wants cleansing.

To Punify the Blood, they are the best medi-

of the unclean diseases of the sain, because your system wants cleansing.

To Punify the Blood, they are the best medicine ever discovered. They should be taken freely and frequently, and the impurities which sow the sceds of incurable diseases will be swept out of the system like chaff before the wind. By this property they do as much good in preventing sickness as by the remarkable cures which they are making every where

LIVER COMPLAINT, JAUNDICE, and all Bilious difections arise from some derangement—either coupidity, congestion, or obstructions of the Liver. Torpidity and congestion vitate the bile and render it unfit for digestion. This is disastrous to the health, and the constitution is frequently underwined by no other cause. Indigestion is the symptom. Obstruction of the duct which empties the bile into the stomach causes the bile to overflow into the blood. This produces Jaundice, with a long and dangerous train of ovis. Costiveness, or alternately costiveness and diarrhera, prevails. Feverish symptoms, languor, low spirits, weariness, testlessness, and melancholy, with sometimes his ability to sleep, and sometimes great drowsiness; sometimes there is severe pain in the side; the skin and the white of the eyes become a greanish yellow; the stomach acid; the bowels sore to the touch; the whole system irritable, with a tendency to fever, which may turn to bilious fever, bilious colic, bilious diarrhera, dysentery, &c. A medium dose of three LIVER COMPLAINT, JAUNDICE, and all Bilione diarrhea, dysentery, &c. A medium dose of three or four Pills taken at night, followed by two or three in the morning, and repeated a few days, will remove the cause of all these troubles. It is wicked to suffer such pains when you can cure them for 25

THE WATTSM, GOUT, and all Infammatory Fe-ters are rapidly cared by the purifying effects of these Pills upon the blood and the stimulus which they afford to the vital principle of Life. For these and all kindred complaints they should be taken in mild doses, to move the bowels gently, but-freely. As a DINNER Prize this is both agreeable and useful. No Pill can be made more pleasant to take, and certainly none has been made more effectual to the purpose for which a dinner pill is employed.

PREPARED BY J. C. AYER, Practical and Analytical Chemist, LOWELL, MASS.

AND SOLD BY

E. H. STABLER & CO;

Wholesale Druggist, 120 Pratt st., Balt.

Importers of English, French and German Drugs, Deal crs in Paints, Qus, &c., &c.

SOLD BY

AGENT at Charlestown, L. M. SMITH.

AGENT at Harpers-Ferry, T. D. HAMMOND,

AGENT at Wincheste, DORSEY & HOWLEY,

AGENT at Shannandale Furnace, B. PURSELL,

And Loudoun Merchants generally.

May 15, 185—4m.

HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COM-HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
HARTFORD CONNECTICUT.
Incorporated 1810.—Charter Perpetual.
Capital \$150,000, with power of increasing it to \$250,000.

DUBLIC Buildings, Manufactories, Mills, Machinery, Dwelling Houses, Stores, Merchandise, Household Furniture, Vessels on the stocks or while in port,
&c., will be insured at rates its low as the risk will
admit. Applications for Insurance may be made of B. W. HERBERT,

B. W. HERBERT,

In the absence of the Agent from Charlestown, to J.

P. Baewn, Esq., who will attend to them promptly.

Persons at a distance address through the mail.

N. P. Cn all Church Buildings and Clergymen's personal property the Agent will present his commissions in reducing the amount of premiums on the risks thus arising.

[Jaruary 9] 1855—19 MARTINSBURG ACADEMY,
Vivit et Viget.

C. E. VON FAHNESTOCK, Principal.

The friends of this Institution are most politely informed that its dukler will be resumed on Monday the 4th at Sentember Towns will be

day the 4th of September. Terms will be made known upon application to the Principal or to Col. P. C. PENDLETON, President of Board of Trustees.

July 4, 1854—tf SURGICAL AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

THE undersigned tenders his toanks to the Citizens of Harper's Ferry and Bolivar, for their
liberal patronage, during the time he has been with
them. And having permanently located himself in
West Bolivar, would respectfully selicit a liberal
share of the patronage of that place, and the surrounding Community.

ing Community.
Those desiring teeth extracted—crifficial teeth inserted—cither on pivots or gold plates, can have it done in the most modern and scientific manner.

J. S. AULABAUGH. Sept/20, 1853. OFFEP's his professional services to the Citizens of Chalestown and its viainity,
He will be found at I. N. Carter's Hotel, or at his

door East of it. May 9, 1854. CHARLES B. HARDING. Will Practice in the Inferior and Superior Courts
Of Jeffreen, Clarke and Loudoun. Office, No.
1, Shenandoah street, Harpers-Verry, Virginia.
September 28, 1852. REMOVAL.

LAWSON BOTTS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, OFFICE in his House, formerly the property of the office of Wm. C. Worthington, Esq. Entrance from same street.

[July 18, 1654.—1] Commissioner in Chancery of the Circuit and County Court of Jefferson County.

OFFICE in the Court-House, (up stairs,) in the rocat for many years occupied as an office by the late Rost. Wozther acron, Esq.

Entrance (except c 4 Court days) at the east door.

July 11, 1854—tf

FARMERS. LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST. SCOTS LITTLE GIANT

CORN AND COB MILL, Patented May 16th, 1854. The greatest known invention for utility and cor nomy; manufactured of the following sizes and pieces: No. 2 at \$44; No. 3 at \$55; and No. 4 at \$66; being the cost pelecs, and furnished at the same by the subscriber, Agent for Robbins & Bibb, the sole Proprietors for Paryland and Virginia, No. 2, One-horse Power Mill, will Crush and Grinde ten bushels per hour.

No. 3, Two-horse Power Mill will Crush and Grinde fifteen bushels per hour.

No. 4, Two-horse Power Mill will Crush and Grinde twenty Sushels, per hour, as coarse or fine, as may be desired. Persons wishing the Little Giant will be furnished at the above rates, by addressing E. M. AISQ UITH, Agent Charlestown Depot.

April 3, 1835. Charlestown Depot.

HAVING gold out the Office of the Spirit of Jefferson, so cly for the purpose of closing up its old business, it is hoped every one who is in any wise indebted previous to the 1st of July last, will sow come forward and pay what they know to be due. Many can save to us the expense and trouble of visiting their houses in person, by sending the small pittance by mail or other safe mode—but come it must, by some means.

September 19, 1834. TAKE NOTICE ONE AND ATA.

THAT the "Basement Rooms" of Sappington's Hotel, have been newly fitted up and renovated, and the subscriber may be found, daily dispensing the good things of this life, to all who patronize him. Having lately visited Baltimore, where he made arrangements to be furnished daily, he is now prepared to serve up OYSTERS in any way, by the Can or otherwise—and everything the markets afford, good to cat and drink, served in unexceptionable style. Oysters in the stell. Slaw and Seur-Krout. He hopes his friends will shill show him the "light of their countenance."

Feb. 13, 1555. JGHN. W GALLAHER.

A Lighte Wagon, saitable for either one of two horses. It is new and made of the best material, and finished in the most complete manner.

Jan. 30, 1955—tf. Thos. W. Davis.

And there they stood; each pilgrim brow Was wan with grief and care; And bent each manly form—but oh! A tender sight was there

The bulwark of the free.

The Indian buries the hunting implements of his friend with him, that he may not want for the means of pursueing the chase in the unknown land to which lie has taken his final flight. The ancient Egyptians embalmed thier dead, under the notion that the soul would return after a cycle of ages, and that it would be an infinite misfortune to find its organic existence dissolved. Their burying ground was situated beyond a beautiful sheet of water, called Acherusia, or last state of man, over which the dead Acherusia, or last state of man, over which the dead were ferried, from which the Grecian myth of Charon and his boat was no doubt derived. Beyond this lake, grounds are laid out to receive the dead.—They were planted with trees, and intersected by canals, to render them, as their name imported, literal Elysium. Indeed a provision for the dead occupied more of their attention than that of the living, and while no vestige of their abodes in life remain, their mausoleums, catacombs and pyramids, still survive in grandeur, the wrecks of 49 centuries. The exquisite touches of Grecian art converted the Parian Pentelican marble into the form of men and gods Pentelican marble into the form of men and gods in obedience to the instincts within, by which the mortal is associated with the immortal, and the earthly destiny of man with the beings and scenes of a higher world. How much of the genius industry, and wealth of the world is controlled by this mysterious instinct! Man can no more be divested of it than a fish of his instinct to swim, or the bird to the destination of the genius instinct to swim, or the bird to the destination of the genius instinct to swim, or the bird to the destination of the genius instinct to swim, or the bird to the destination of the genius instinct to swim, or the bird to the destination of the genius instinct to swim, or the bird to the genius instinct to swim, or the bird to the genius instinct to swim, or the bird to the genius instinct to swim the swim to the genius instinct to swim the swim to fly. Atheism may befog, but cannot extinguish the tendencies of the human soul to mortality.

Freaks Among the Peach Blossoms.

"In that section, throughout every peach orchard there has been a greater bloom than for many years

This is often successfully and cheaply done. One man owned a piece of land on which there was a basin of three-fourths of an acre, which received the surplus water of ten acres. In this basin, of the water stood at least eight months in the year.— This was completely reclaimed by a well nine feet deep at its center. In all cases, the well should be dug antil you come to living water, when the water will run off in the fissures of the earth. The water from an ordinary spring may be turned into the earth in this way.

In this age of fowls, we think we cannot do our friends a kinder act than to tell them to feed their fowls with onions. As the manure of the hen house is the best for onions, so onions, chopped fine and mixed with indian meal, is, occasionally the best food for chickens. It should be given once, or twice a week, and will prevent gapes, and all kinds of in-flammation of the throat and eyes.

A Bachelor's Warm Friend. "I have been so often and unprofitably in love, of old poetry—Shakspeare, Milton, Spenser—a volume of Dr. Johnson, or a new Scottish novel; when the wind is blowing, and pattering the rain against one's window; then sweet is the song of the Kettle; yea, sweeter to a studious man than a crying child or a scolding wife. However, I must consider seriously before I offer her my hand—lest she should burn it."—Life of Etty.

One of our physicians, making his morning calls, in passing the residence of one of his families, saw a piece of crape attached to the door-knob. Naturally interested in the circumstances, and seeing a little "five year" girl belonging to the family standing on the walk, he reined his horse and asked:—

"Ah! what doctor did she have to attend her?"

Surly Sentiments—By a Professed Old Grumb-Ler.—Vanity never died yet of a surfeit.—A parent who strikes his child is like a man who strikes the live in, is a house full of pets—such as pet dogs, pet canaries, pet squirrel, parrots, and cats—but worse than all, pet children!—There is no one is so long-lived as your delicate fine lady, who is always "dying"—I have generally found that a "little party" with a "little music," and a "little singing" with a "little vingtet-un" after that followed by a "little supper," and lastly a "little grog" just before going home, carry one up to five or six o'clock in the morning, and invariably end in a little headache the next day.

To Destroy Rose Bres.—The Buffalo Republican says:—When the rose bug first makes its appearance, sprinkle your bushes profusely with the pollon of the flowers of the Alanthus tree, or pour upon the howers of the Alanthus, tree, or pour upon the bushes through a watering pot, a strong decoc-tion of the same. You will presently see hundreds of the bugs falling to the ground there to die. The operation may be repeated once or twice a day un-til they entirely disappear which generally takes place in less than a week.

Equestrian.—"Here, boy! come and hold my horse." Boy.—"Does he kick?" Equestrian.—"Kick! No!" Boy.—"Does he bite?" Equestrian.—Bite! No! Catch hold of him." Boy.—"Does it take two to hold him?" Equestrian.—"No."—Boy.—"Then hold him yourself." Exit Boy, performing "Pop goes the Weasel."

..... We read, says Punch, of a first, and second and third, and ever so many more parallels being continually constructed at Sebastopol. We do not understand much about such affairs; but, taking high ground, and viewing the whole matter calmly and dispassionately, the siege certainly appears to us, to have been hitherto "a siege without a parallel."

write for the papers at the rate of three or four dollars a column. We are informed that she is now writing a story to be published in the New York Ledger, for which she is to receive the extraordinary high price of \$100 a column! Who will deny now high price of \$100 a column! Who will deny now that "there is something in a name."

DECIMAL MEASURES.—Notices have been given in the British Parliament of a motion for a decimal coinage, and to unite in a congress to establish a uni-form decimal system throughout the world.

get a receipt, and let him rip. Novel, isn't it?

....Why are postage stamps like lazy school-boys? Because you have to lick their backs to make them stick to their letters.

APPROPRIATE NAME, - Most of the marriage ceremonies in Appleton, Wisconsin, are per-tormed by the Rev. Mr. Yocum.

ways more than they are willing to own. I man cannot leave a better legacy

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 4 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 4

19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 . .

23 94 25 26 27 28 29 6

14 15 16 17 18 19 20 3 21 22 93 24 25 26 27

30,31

9 10 11 12 13 14 15 7 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 7 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 7

CIRCUIT COURTS.
Seventh District-Thirteenth Circuit.

Seventh District—Thirteenth Circuit.

BICHARD PARKER, JUDGE.

Frederick. June 15, November 15.

Clarke. May 12, October 12.

Hampshire. April 10, September 10.

Berkeley April 27, September 27.

Morgan. May 6, October 6.

Jefferson May 18, October 18.

Seventh District-Fourteenth Circuit.

JOHN KINNEY, JUDGE.
Warren.....March 30, August 30.

Shenandoah April 4, September 4.
Page. April 14, September 14.
Hardy April 21, September 21.
Rockingham May 15, October 15.

MONTHLY COURTS.

Jefferson—Third Monday. Clarke—2d Monday in June and 4th Monday in

DISTRICT COURT.

Composed of the Culpeper, Albemarle, Rockingham and Frederick Districts—sits annually in Winches-

ter on the 15th day of December.]
(GREEN B. SAMUELS, Court of Appeals.

QUARTERLY COURTS.

Frederick—Monday before 1st Tuesday in March, June, August and November. Berkeley—2d Monday in March, June, August and

Jefferson—3d Monday in March, June, Augustand

Clarke-4th Monday in February, May, July and

Morgan-4th Monday in March, June, Augustand

ovember. Hampshire—4th Monday in March, June, August

CLASSIFICATION OF MAGISTRATES.

JANUARY.

MARCH.

APRIL.

SEPTEMBER.

Braxton Davenport, A. R. Boteler, R. W. Baylor

NOVEMBER. Braxton Davenport, Geo. W. Little, John J. Lock, Jacob W. Reynolds, and John J. Grantham. DECEMBER.

Braxton Davenport, Geo. W. Little, John J. Lock, Jacob W. Reynolds, and John J. Grantham.

U. S. OFFICERS.

FRANKLIN BIERCE.

President of the Senate, DAVID R. ATCHISON,

retary of State—WM. D. MARCY, Of New York.
retary of Treasury—James Guthrie, of Ky.
retary of Navy—James C. Dobbin, of N. C.
retary of War—Jefferson Davis, of Mississippi
retary of Interior—Robt. McClelland, of Mich.
stmaster General—James Campbell, of Pa.
orney General—Caleb Cushing, of Massachusetts.

STATE OFFICERS, Governor—JOSEPH JOHNSON. I-Governor—Shelton F. Leake.

The Law of Newspapers:

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their

PRESIDENT'S CABINET, ate-Wm. L MARCY, of New York.

M. Helm, and J. F. Hamtramck.

Samuel Ridenour, and S. W. Patterson.

Joseph Welshans, and H. N. Gallaher.

John Hess, and A. M. Ball.

RICHARD PARKER, Circuit Courts.

Frederick—Monday before the 1st Tuesday. Hardy—Monday before the 1st Tuesday.

Shenandoah-Monday before 2d Tuesday.

RICHARD H. FIELD,

JOHN KINNEY,

Berkeley-Second Monday.

Warren-Third Monday. Morgan-Fourth Monday.

ther months.

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 5 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 5

Rises. Sets.

SAPPINGTON'S HOTEL,
Charlestown, Jefferson County, Va.
THIS large and very commodious THREE-STORY
BRICK HOTEL, situated in the centre and business part of the town, is now among the most attractive and desirable resting places in the great Valley of Virginia. Virginia.

The luxuries of the TABLE of this establishment, are surpassed by none, and the BAR is at all times supplied with a choice selection of superior Wines and

Liquors.
Several large Parlors and airy Chambers have been added since last year.

A Splendid Yellow-Mounted Coach attends the Charlestown Depot, upon the arrival of the Cars, which will convey visitors to the Hotel, free of charge. Persons wishing to be conveyed to other parts of the town, will pay a reasonable compensation.

Såddle and Harness Horses, Carriages, Buggles, and careful Drivers always ready for the accommodation of visitors.

July 9, 1850.

Proprietor.

THE undersigned begs leave respectfully to inform the community and travelling public that he has taken the Hotel formerly known as the "Berkeley House." The Househas recently undergone athorough renovation; it is now believed to be in every respect adapted to the wants of the traveller and sojourner.

A large and commodious STABLE is attached to the premises. The luxuries of the TAHLE will be surpassed by none, and the BAR is at all times supphed with a choice selection of superior wines and liquors.

Baggage taken to and from the Depot free of charge, and in bad weather a Carriage will run to the Depot for the accommodation of travellers without any additional expense. tional expense.

JOS. C. RAWLINS, March 2, 1852—19 Proprietor.

BERRYVILLE HOTEL.

THE subscriber having leased the above well known Hotel, in Berryville, Clarke county, begs leave to inform the travelling public that he is now ready to receive guests. He is also prepared to accommodate Boarders, either by the day, week, monthor year.

HIS TABLE will always be furnished with all the varieties which the season and market will afford; his Ear with the choicest liquors, and his Stable with the best hay, grain, and ostler.

As he intends tomake this his permanent residence, he will spare no pains in endeavoring to render those who give him their custam, both comfortable and happy. He flatters himself, from his long acquaintance with business, and the manners of the world, that he can please the most fastidious. His charges will be as moderate, as the expenses of any good public house in this section of country will justify. He, therefore, invites all to extend to him a share of their custom.

Berryville, April 5, 1853. WM. N. THOMPSON. March 2, 1852-19

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
AT THE RAILROAD DEPOT,
Harpers-Ferry, Virginia.
The subscriber respectfully begs leave to inform the travelling public that this Hotel is now renovated and improved for a better and enlarged accommodation for travellers during summer. With the late improvements and a determined perseverance, no effort or outlay shall be wanting to render this Hotel, in every respect, to the invalid or to comforts and accommodate or outlay shall be wanting to render this Hotel, in every respect, to the invalid or to comforts and ac commodations equal to any Hotel in the Valley. The TABLE shall be furnished with the best from this and Baltimore markets. DINNER always ready on the arrival of the Baltimore daily cars, and ample time given for passengers to dine here, before the cars leave for Winchester or Baltimore. Passengers stopping here to view our bold romantic mountain scenery may rest assured they will be real. may rest assured they will be well cared for during their stay, A cal is most respectfully solicited, to enable the travelling public to judge for themselves.

Harners Form July 11, 1954

Harpers-Ferry, July 11, 1854.

Loudoun-2d Monday in March, June, August and WASHINGTON CITY, D. C. WASHINGTON CITY, D. C.

THE undersigned, who has been in the above business for several years, been leave to tender hisservices to all persons having claims against the General Government, particularly to the surviving Soldiers, or to their Widows or Children of the war of 1812, also the Florida War, the Revolutionary War, or to those who have lost Horses in the Florida or Mexican Wars. His long experience, having been employed as a clerk for several years in the Pension Office, enables him, more fully to investigate all claims, not only against that Department, but in all the departments of the Government. He thinks that he can procure for all those who Served one monthor who have received 40 acres of land, 160 acres.

Suspended claims of all kinds particularly attended to. Fauquier—4th Monday in March, May, August and November. Hardy-Monday before 1st Tuesday in March, June, August and November. Warren—3d Monday in March, May, August and Shenandoah—Monday before 2d Tuesday in March, June, August and November. The following is the classification of the Magistrates of Jefferson county, which was made in August, 1852, and continues until the expiration of their terms, determines who shall compose the County Court each month. It will be found useful for

Revolutionary Soldiers who served any time, their Widows, or Children, are entitled to pensions or

Braxton Davenport, Presiding justice; Thos. W. Keys, David Fry, John Keplinger, and William H. Turk. Braxton Davenport, George B. Beall, J. F. Smith Braxton Davenport, John Moler, Logan Osborn, THE undersigned having made arrangements to sell his Store-House and Dwelling to the U.S. Government, will sell his—
STOCK OF DRY GOODS AT COST. B. Davenport, J. Moler, L. Osbourn, H. N. Galla-her, and J. Welshans.

B. Davenport, G. B. Beall, J. F. Smith, John Hess, and A. M. Ball.

Braxton Davenport, Charles H. Lewis, John Avis, Jr., John Quigley, and George W. Tacey. TURNPIKE NOTICE.

THE public are hereby notified that the annual subscriptions for the use of the Berryville & Charlestown Turnpike, expired on the first of November, and that contracts to the first of October, 1855, may be made by application to the Treasurer, or to Thos. A. MOORE, at Charlestown. The Toll Gatherers are instructed to allow no one to pass the Gates without payment of tolls till contracts for the ensuing year are made. Braxton Davenport, T. W. Keyes, D. Fry, J. Kep-linger, and Wm. H. Turk. Braxton Davenport, John Moler, Israel Russell

To be charged persons who come on and leave the Turnpike at the Kabletown and Summit Point Forks:

For every—

Horse to a Wagon 4 cents. If wheels are more than Single Horse Cart 6! "

Double "do 8" four inches wide half these rates.

March and August are the Jury Terms. When a vacancy occurs, the new incumbent takes the place assigned his predecessor. Sincet e classification in 1852, four vacancies have been filled, in consequence

The undersigned would take this method to inform their friends, and the purchasing community generally, that they have established a CANDLE MAN-UFACTORY, AT HARPERS FERRY, and have now a large quantity of the best quality of MOULD CANDLES (6s and 8s) ready for sale, and would solicit orders from those in want of the same.

They purchase the materials for Cash; have the most experienced workmen employed in manufacturing; and deem it no boasting when they say, that Merchants and others desirous of purchasing by the box, or larger quantity, will find it to their advantage to call on them, before purchasing elsewhere.

13-Orders are solicited, and will be filled at the shortest notice and lowest rates.

D. SEIGLE & CO.

Harpers-Ferry, October 31, 1854.

(13-WANTED—for which the market price will be paid in Cash, or No. 1 Mould Candles—10,000 lbs. of Tallow.

D. S. & CO. CANDLES!!!

D. S. & CO. Tallow.

NOTICE.

WE, the undersigned have purchased the exclusive, Right of E. S. Snyder for the Patent Premium Threshing, Separating, Cleaning, Bagging Grain Machine, for Jefferson County.

This celebrated Machine was awarded the highest premium over all Separating and Cleaning Machines at the World's Fair, New York. These Machines can be had by applying to G. Glaze, Frederick City, Md., by giving a few day's notice, and paying us ten dollais on each Machine brought into the County for operation, in any part of the County; the money to be paid by the said owner of the above mentioned Machine in this county.

The largest size Machine for 6 and 8 horses \$310; for 6 horses, all complete and ready for operation \$200. Shop price.

JOSEPH G. & L. W. PACKETT.

March 6, 1855. 6m. [F.F.] subscriptions.

2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals the publisher may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid.

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their periodicals from the offices to which they are directed, they are held responsible till they have settled the bill and ordered them discontinued.

4. If subscribers remove to other places without informing the publishers, and the papersare sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

5. The Courts have decided that refusing to take periodicals from the office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is prima facia evidence of intentional frand.

FRUIT TREES.

I HAVE on hand, at my nursery, on the farm of Mym. Lucas, near Hall Town, a large number of Apple, Pear, Peach, Appricot, Plum, and Almond Trees, of the very finest variety. As the public are aware, Mr. Lucas has been at great pains to procure the very choicest kinds from the best nurseries in the

PAVE had fixed up at the DEPOT a pair of ARBANK'S PLATFORM SCALES, for weighing Hogs, and Stock of all kind, &c., and have deepens for loading stock on the cars. Fartraders can have there stock not only loaded cars here but can weigh them before leaving mber 12, 1884.

E. M. AlsQUITH. SHOVELS, Spades, Perke, Hoes &c., just re

Art-Union Society

500,000 GIFTS VALUED AT 3300,000:
ONE DOLLAR.
The members of the Art Union Society, on the occasion of this the tenth Distribution of the

ONE DOLLAR.
The members of the Art Union Society, on the occasion of this the tenth Distribution of the WORK OF ART,
Accumulated by the Society during the past year, should respectfully call the attention of its patrons to the fact that, being about to remove to the buildings in course of erection for the Society in the city of Washington, they will add the REAL ESTATE and other Landed Property beloiging to the Society, to the DISTRIBUTION FOR THIS YEAR.

At the last meeting of the Society, it was determined to reduce the CERTIFICATE OF SHARE FOR THIS GRAND ENTERPRISE TO ONE DOLLAR EACH, thinking thereby that it will be the means of a more general diffusion of the works of Artistes throughout the country, and will enable the Society to extend their labors for the advancement of the ARTS AND SCIENCES

In this country. The Cirtificates of Share will be ONE DOLLAR,
Accompanying which each purchaser will receive free of charge, by return mail, a beautiful Line and Stipple Engraving, entitled

THE ENCAMPMENT AT VALLEY FORGE;
Representing an Eventful Period in the History of Our Country.

(b) It will be seen, by refering to the list, that there are many Valuable Pieces of Property, many Costly Paintings, Superb Statusry, Reautiful Engravings, Costly Jewelry, Magnificient Shawls, and other Beautiful Gifts such as Clocks, Watches, Illuminated Works, &c., to the number of Five Hundred Thousands—worth \$300,000.

other Heautiful Gifts such as Clocks, Watches, Illiuminated Works, &c., to the number of Five Hundred Thousands—worth \$300,000.

As the Society expects to remove to the New Hall at Washington by the middle of June, the distribution will take place on the FIRST OF JULY, 1855.

The same rules and regulations thist have heretofore guided the Society's distributions will be adhered to in this, and on no account will there be any postponement from the day named. All letters and toinimunications, (post paid) for cirtificate, or on bindless; are to be addressed to the

SOUTHERN OFFICE IN BAHTIMORE,
Directed to the Secretary, who will answer by return mail. Single subscribers remitting Ten Dollars will receive one years subscription to any of the MAGA-ZINES that they may name in their letter, to be forwarded free of charge for the time of subscription, one year.

10.000

PAINTINGS. Heggar Bo y—Murillo
Tobit and the Angel—Slavator Rosa
Night Viow—Claudio
Madonna—Corregio Battle Piece-Wonwerman .

Battle Piece—Wouverman 500
Landscape—Claude 500
There are others by the same Artistes, all original besides some Splendid Pictures by Allston, Sully, Reynolds, Neagle, Daughty, Cole, Chapman, David, Vernet, Stuart, Herbert, Tack, Bennington, Read, Bartlett, Schloss, Huntington, Johanoh, Schmidt Rembrandt, Schaub, Perkins, Lewis, Ellis, Hamilton and others fully described in the catalogue, which, will be forwarded on application by letter, post paid, ot the Secretary, who will answer by return mail.

TERMS FOR CLUBS:
Clubs of 10. Clubs of 10, - - 1 Extra Certificate.
Clubs of 20, - - 3 " "

Clubs of 50, - - - 8 " " The money in all cases to accompany the application for Certificates. LADIES FORMING CLUBS Will be entitled to the same terms as above, with the extra inducement of the Present of a Magnificent Set of BOUDOIR FURNITURE, With Rich Colored India Hangings, fine India Lace Curtains and every-thing of the most Splended Description to the Ladies Club who will send the largest remittance for Certi

#POSTMASTERS are authorized, to act as Agents and the Poastmaster remitting the largest amount or shares will receive a Handsome GOLD WATCH AND CHAIN, valued at Two Hundred Dollars. The money must accompany the applica-tion (by letter, post paid, in all cases' and the Cer-tificate, with the Engraving, will be forwarded free of charge by return mail.

Correspondents are requested to write their address with the County, Town, Post Giffice and State, plainly in order to avoid mistakes. All letters answered by Catalogues of all the Gifts, with value and explana tion, can be obtained on application to the Secretary to whom all letters for Certificates, &c., must be ad

A. U. S. ROOMS, 238, Montgomery st., Balt., Md. MAYNARD LEWIS, FRANCIS INCE, FERNANDO LIVINGSTON, January 9, 1855—5m.

DOCTOR YOURSELF! THE POCKET ASCULAPIUS
OF Every one his own Physician.
THE Fortieth Edition, with one hundred engravings, showing Diseases and Malformations of the Generative System in every shape and form. To which is added a Treatise on the diseases of females, being of the highest importance to married people, or those contemplating marriage. By WM. YOUNG, M. D. M. D.

OJ-Letno father beashamed to present a copy of the Asculapius to his child. It may save him from an early grave. Let no young man or woman enter into the secret obligations of married life, without reading the Pocket Asculapius; let no ene suffering from hackned cough, pain in the side, restless nights, nervous feelings, and he whole train of Dyspeptic sensations, and given up by their physicians, be another moment without consulting the Asculapius. Have the married or those about to be married any impediment, read this truly useful book, as it has been the means of saving thousands of unfortunate creatures from the very jaws o death.

ery jaws of death.

R3-Any person sending TWENTY-FIVE centsenclosed in a letter, will receive one copy of this book by
mail, or five copies will be sent for one dollar. Address
(post-paid,)

No. 152 Spruce st., Philadelphia. August 15, 1854-1y.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE undersigned, having engaged in the Mercantille Business, are now opening, at Doran's old stand, near the Armory Gate, a very extensive stock of DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, GROCERIES, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, BONNETS, &c., to an examination of which they respectfully invite the attention of the public. Their motto is not large profits, but large sales. They are determined to conduct their business on the most liberal principles, and to use every effort to merit the public confidence and patronage. Whatever they sell shall be of the character represented, and invariably reduced to such prices that none may hope to undersell. They have established such extensive arrangements as will enable them to supply the market with every article they deal in at the very lowest prices. They feel confident an examination of the variety, quality, and prices of their goods will convince the public that money may be saved by purchasing at their house.

They will give particular attention to the GROCERY AND PROVISION BUSINESS, for which they have made ample room, by an enlargement of the premises, and families may rely with confidence upon being supplied by them with articles in this line, of fresh and superior quality. They purchased their Groceries, mostly in large quantities and always for cash.

line, of fresh and superior quality. They purchased their Groceries, mostly in large quantities and always for cash.

They keep a very heavy stock on hand, and can, and will, sell them at prices unusual in this market. The following enumeration will give a general outline of their extensive stock:

Plain, Changeable and Figured Dress Silks;
Plain and Figured Mouslin de Laines;
Challeys, Lawns, Ginghams, Alpaccas, Canton Cloths;
Bombazines, French and English Calicoes;
Brown and Bleached Muslins;
Ticking, Bagging, Checks, Plaids, Linen Sheetings, Table Linens and Oil Cloths;
Towelings, White, Red and Yellow Flannels;
Irish Linens, Silk, Crape, Cashinere and Mouslin Shawls;
Hoisery, Kid, Thread, Cotton, Silk and Silk

Irish Linens, Silk, Crape, Cashmere and Mouslin Shawls;
Hoisery, Kid, Thread, Cotton, Silk and Silk Nett Gloves;
Cambric, Jaconets, Laces and Edginga;
Plain, Barred and Figured Swiss Goods;
Needle-worked Goods, Trimmings, Bonnet Rib Lions, Parasols and Unibrellas;
Coating Linens, Jeans and Tweeds;
Cassimere, Cassinets, Linen Drills;
Cravats, Suspenders, Boots and Shoes of every description for Men, Ladies, Boys, Misses and Children;
Silk, Fur, Straw, Chip, Kossuth and Slouch Hats of every variety;
A large stock of Hardware, including Cutlery and House furnishing materials;
Rifle and Blasting Powder;
Queensware, and Woodware; Window Glass, Putty, Oil and Paints;
A lot of fine Tobacco and Segars;
Bacon, Salt, Fish, Lard, Fotatoes, Flour and Corn Meal.
They have a choice lot of fine Liquors, wherewith they will supply gentlemes as cheap as the same brands can be bought in the cities.

WALSH & BRO.
Harpers: Ferry, May 2, 1854—tf

Harpers Ferry, May 2, 1854-tf BLACKSMITHS can be supplied with the best Coal at very low rates at the depot.

March 27. E. M. AISQUITH.

HE undersigned has just contributed, and fitted up in the best thanner, A HALL designed for PUBLIC LECTURES, CONCERTS, which is now FOR RENT upon reasonable terms.

The Hall is in the centre of the town, conventient of access, 70 feet in length, and 19 in width. For further information, apply to the Proprietors of Sappington's or Carter's Hotel, Charlestown, or to August 29, 1854.

J. W. BELLER.

Of-Our brethren of the press in the Valley, will greatly oblige us, and the favor he feltiprocated a any time, by giving the above one or two insertions

Office of Winchester & Potomac Raila Road Company.

On and after MONDAY the 22d inst., the 3 o'clock the Passenger Train will be discontinued and the Passenger Train will start from Winchester at 8 o'clock and 30 milutes A. M.—returning will leave Harpers-Ferry at 11 oclock and 30 minutes, or immediately after the arrival of the cars from Baltimore.

NEW ARRANGEMENTS.

From Winchester to Stephenson's ... 371

Wades ... 621

Water was water was series with ... 161

Water was water was water water water was water w " "Keys' Switch 1851
" "Harpers-Ferry 200
From Harpers-Ferry Keys' Switch 371
" Hallown 50
" "Hallown 621
" "Charlestown 621
" "Cameron's 75
" " Summit Peint 871
" " Wades 112
" " Wades 112
" " " Winchester 200
Of-To save troub' e and inconvenience; both to Passengers and the Conductors—a reduction of twenty-five cents on the through-fare and twelve and a half cents on the way-fare is made to Passengers
WHO TAKE TICKETS.

J. GEO. HEIST, P. Agent.

J. GEO. HEIST, P. Agent. Winchester, Feb. 6, 1855.

Winchester, Feb. 6, 1855.

MANASSES GAP RAILROAD.
DAILY LINE TO WINCHESTER, AND
TRI-WEEKLY TO LURAY.
The Cars leave Alexandria daily at 8 o'clock, A. M.
(Sunday excepted.) connecting with J. H. Kemp's
Line of Stages at Piedmont, via Millwood and Paris;
on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, for Winchester; and at Wapping Station, via Front Royal,
on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, for Winchester, and Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays,
for Luray.
Returning, leave Wapping at 101, and Piedmont
111, A. M., arriting at Alexandria at 21, P. M.
(G-THROUGH TICKETS to Winchester, \$3.50;
to be had at the ticket office of the Orange and Alexandria Railroad Company; Alexandria, and at J. H.
Kemp's Stage Office, Wittchester.

August 8, 1854.

Superintendent.

August 8, 1854.

CRYSTAL PALACE.

World's Fdtr, New York, United States of America—
Association for the Exhibition of the Industry of dll
Nations.

EXCELSIOR.

HE association for the Exhibition of the Industry
of all Nations awards to ELISHA S. SNYDER, of
Charlestown; Jefferson county; Va., the highest premium Bronze Medal, with special approbation, for
the combination he has effected, and the practical application he has; iven the same, in his Labor Saving
Machine for Threshing, Separating; Cleaning and
Bagging Grain;—thon. Theodore Sedgwick; President of the Association; Hod. Menry Wager, Western
N. Y., Chairman; Watson Newbold, Eag., Columbus,
N. J.; Col. John W. Proctor, Danvers, Mass.; Major
Philip R. Freas, Germantown, Penn.; Hon. Henry
S. Babbit, Brooklyn, L. I., acting Secretary in Class
9, Jury C.

S. Babbit, Brooklyn, L. I., acting Secretary in Class 9, Jury C.

My Patent Premium Threshing, Separating, Cleaning and Bagging Grain Machine, is for sale, which received the first premium at the Crystal Palace, New York, over all Threshing, Separating, Cleaning and Bagging Grain Machines on exhibition—thus proving conclusively that simplicity in tion—thus proving conclusively that simplicity in construction, cheapness in price, and durability in my machine, is being fully appreciated, and the old and new costly, inferior, complicated separating Machines must yeild their places to a superior Labor Saving Machine. The celebrated Machine for Threships Separating Cleaning trains ring, Separating, Cleaning twice, Screening and Bagging Grain by one simple operation. The greatest labor saving Machine in the world for separating all pure and impurities. This machine throws the straw to itself, the chaff to itself, the wheat in the bag, the to itself, the chaff to itself, the wheat in the bag, the screenings to itself, and the smut and cheat to itself. Everything has a place, and everything is in its place to suit the conveniences of the farmer. For simplicity, durability, cheapness and capacity, it has no equal in the world. As for what has been stated in the different papers concerning Mr. Zimmerman's Machine receiving the first premium at the Crystal Palace, New York, is false, and not true. It is also stated that Mr. Zimmerman received a number of premiums at and other fairs. That I know nothing about —perhaps he did; but it is very easy to win the face, as the boy said when he ran by himself. But my honorable friends, this was not the case at the World's Fair, New York. Mr. Zimmerman had a number of Fair, New York. Mr. Zimmerman had a number of other boys to run with, besides himself, which made the race more difficult for him—so much so, that he, Mr. Zimmerman, was neither the first nor second-so

you may judge where he was.

These are facts that cannot be denied. The undersigned would inform the public that his Farmers' Labor Saving Machine for Theshing, Separating, Cleaning, Screening and Bagging all kinds of Grain, is for sale. Farmers wishing to buy the best machine in use, will address JOSEPH GLAZE, Frederick City, use, will address JOSEPH GLAZE, Frederick City, Md., who is manufacturing them in the best and most substantial manner and can furnish any orders at a few days notice. Those wishing to purchase the Patent to manufacture the Machines, will address me at Charlestown, Jefferson county, Va.

June 27, 1854—1y* ELISHA S. SNYDER.

J. F. BLESSING,
CONFECTIONER,
Would respectfully announce to the citizens of
Charlestown, and all persons visiting the same, that
he has now on hand and will continue to be supplied
with the latest novelties of each successive scason, omprising, in part— CONFECTIONARIES, of the choicest varieties,

FINE CANDY TOYS, JELLY CAKES,
BON BONS, GUM, CORDIAL, LEMON,
CHOCOLATE AND FRUIT DROPS,
ROSE, VANILLA AND BURNT ALMONDS,
FRENCH AND EXPLODING SECHETS.

ROSE, VANILLA AND BURNT ALMONDS,
FRENCH AND EXPLODING SECRETS.
Also, all the common varieties—all of which will be sold at low rates, at his Confectionary Establishment, adjoining H. L. Eby & Son's Family Grocery, where he has just received FRUITS AND NUTS, of the latest importation, such as—
ORANGES, LEMONS, RAISINS,
FIGS, PRUNES, CITRONS, CURRANTS,
SOFT AND PAPER SHELLED ALMONDS,
FILBERTS, COCOA, CREAM
AND GROUND SUTS, &c.
ALSO—TOYS AND FANCY GOODS, of every kind and from all parts of Europe, manufactured of wood, glass, chira, india rubber, &c.

Q-Pound, Fruit, Sponge and all other Kinds o Cakes, Ice-Creams, Jellies, &c.; made to order, and furnished to wedding town other parties on short notice in this or any of the adjoining counties. Orders thankfully received and promptly attended to.
Charlestown, November 14, 1854.

OLD '76.

J. P. BRADY,

No. 13 LIGHT STREET.

Has fitted up, in superior style, a RESTAURANT at the above locality, and furnished it with all the "et ceteras" of a first class establishment Good WINES, good LIQUORS, first rate CIGARS, the best EATA-BLES the markets afford, with the most competent and cleanly COOKS to prepare them for the table, ogether with civil and attentive WAITERS, may at all times be found at Old '76!

Baltimore, June 27, 1854.—41

Baltimore, June 27, 1854.-- 1f ENGLISH, CASTLEMAN & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS
IN HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS, &c.,
Have just received, direct from the Manufacturers,
their FALL SUPPLY OF GOODS, which is very
large, and has been selected with great care, particularly with a view to supplying the wants of
COUNTRY MERCHANTS:
Werespectfully invite an examination of our stock.

We respectfully invite an examination of our stock, as we are prepared to supply the trade at prices that will compare favorably with those of the Northern markets. [Alexandria, October 10, 1854. THE undersigned have leased the well known IRON FOUNDRY,
AT HARPERS-FERRY,
in the County of Jefferson, Virginia, lately occupied and worked by Hugh Gillecce. The facilities of the Lessees of procuring the best stock, and at all times, afford a guarantee to their customers of prompt and workmanlike CASTINGS. They have engaged the very best workmen and solicit the patronage of the nublic.

They are prepared to farnish all kinds of Castings either from their own, or patterns supplied by the any where in the neighborhood. F. BECKHAM & SON, Harpers-Ferry, October 3, 1854.

THE FAMOUS ENGLISH STALLION, YOUNG DREAD.

This celebrated STALLION is said to be the noblest specimen of brise kind ever known. His sire was imported from England by Gen. Saltsman, of New York. Young dread is eight years old weighs 1600 pounds, stands upwards of 17 hands high, with fine limbs, possessing eminent muscular power and grand action. His color is a beautiful blood bay, with flowing main and tail, and is besides exceedingly gentle and submissive in temper. He can be seen at Charlestown on Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays, and on Mondays, Tuesdays and Wednesdays at Abraham Isler's Mill.

PEDIGREE. THE FAMOUS ENGLISH STALLION, PEDIGREE.

PEDIGREE

YOUNG DREAD was sired by Saltman's Imported Horse, Sir Walter, and Sir Walter by English Eclipse Young Dread's Dama was sired by Black Prince, and Black Prince by the old imported Horse B'ack Prince. Young Dread's grand drift was sired by Wellington, Wellington by Blacher, and Blucher by Durock. The English blood possesses great power of speed, strength of muscle and vigor of constitution, which, when combined with the American blood and others, produce the best carriage and draugh Horse in the world. Farmers and others, who feel desirous of improving their breed of Horses, are respectively invited to call and examine for themselves, Young Dread the model horse of America.

TERMS:—\$10 the Season, the money to be paid to me, or to G. W. Sappington at Charlestown.

March 27, 1854.

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING. THOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING.

THE Subscriber takes this method of informing the citizens of Charlestown and vicinity that he has taken up his residence in this place, and will give his attention to HOUST AND SIGN PAINTING, PAPER HANGING, &c. He flatters himself that he is capacitated to excente any chiracter of work belonging to his business, and he intends to give his and vided attention to it. He hopes by strict industrious habits, and careful execution of all work entrusted to him, to merit a shave of public patronage.

March 27th, 1855—tf CALEB MASON.

SAUERBERG & NICOLASSEN, WINES LIQUORS, SARDINES ... NO. 301 BALTIMORE STREET,

We respectfully solicit the custom of country Meichants. A well selected stock of HAVANA, GERMAN and DOMESTIC CIGARS. French WINES and BRANDIES may be constantly found with us., which we offer to the public.

SAUERBERG & NICOLASSEN, October 10, 1854-1y

HENRY A. WEBB.

H. A: WEBB & CO.

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Tobacco, Segars, Snuff, &c.; &c.

No. 14 North Howard Street, Neatly opposite
the Howard House, formerly the Wheatfield Inn,
Next Door to Davis & Miller's Drug Store,
October 24, 1854—1y

BATTIMORE.

J. SICODEMUS.

GEO. P. THOMAS.
HEIM, NICODEMUS & CO.,
Importers and Dealers in Foreign and
Domestic Liquors, of every description.
No. 333 Baltimore strell; between Paca and Eulaw str.
Baltimore, April 12, 1853—11

MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 230 Baltimore street, Northwest torner of Charles

A large assortment of Ready-Made CLOTHING of superior quality.

(13-ONE PRICE ONLY.-0)

October 10, 1854-19

WM: RYABBE. HENEY CARNER: 2D. SETTS.
FIRST PREMIUM
GRAND AND SQUARE
PIANO-FORTES,
KNABE, GAEHLE & CO.,

Nos. 4, 6, 8 and 9 EUTAW STREET,
(Opposite the Eutaw House;)
would respectfully invite public attaition (and particularly those in want of a superior PIANO-FORTE at moderate price) to the extensive assortment constantly on hand at their Ware-Rooms. Our establishment is now the most extensive South, numbering over One Hundred Workmen, with a well-selected stock of seasoned materials, froid which we are manufacturing PIANO-FORTES, combiffing the most valuable improvements known.

Our Iron France Piano-Fortes, for which we have received FIRST PREMIUMS for three successive years, (from the Maryland Institute,) over those of Northern make, are particularly worthy of attention, being so drivinged as to secure great additional strength, without affecting the ross; for which our Instruments have been so highly recommended by the best Professors and Amateurs throughout the country.

Country.

A guarantee for the years will be given with each firstrument sold by us, of our make, with privilege of exchange at any time within six months from day of sale, if not perfectly satisfactory.

CARHART & NEEDHAM'S PATENT MELO-DEONS constantly on hand, (an article we can re-commend.) TUNING attended to. Baltimore, October 10, 1854—1y



A. GADDESS Corner Sharp and German Streets, eptember 20, 1853—1y BALTIMORE, MD MARYLAND AND VIRGINIA MARBLE WORKS.

J. Medermott & son, FREDERICK CITY, MARYLAND, Would inform their Virginia customers and the public generally that they continue to manufacture MONUMENTS, TOMBS, HEAD AND FOOT STONES,

HEAD AND FOOT STONES,
SCROLLS, &c.,
MANTLES, TILES, and HOUSEWORK generally.
Tombs enclosed in the most handsome style.
All work sold at city prices and delivered at our risk and expense. Work done in the best style, by workmen not surpassed in any city in the Union.
Drawings of Monuments, Tombs, Head Stones, Scrolls, &c., can be seen at the Shop of Mr. HENDERSON BISHOP, near the Academy, Charlestown, Jefferson county, Virginia, who is our authorized Agent. Orders thankfully received and promptly attenued i. November 14, 1854—ly

WM. S. ANDERSON, MARBLE STONE CUTTER, PREDERICK CITY, MD.,

PETURNS his thanks to the citizens of Jefferson and adjoining counties for the liberal patronage extended to him in his line of business, respectfully gives notice that he is now prepared to execute all kinds of work in his line—such as MONUMENTS, TOMB-SLABS, HEAD AND FOOT STONES, &c., at the shortest notice, and upon the most reasonable terms; and his work shall compare with any other in the country. All Stones delivered at my own risk and

expense.
All orders thankfully feceived and promptly attended to. Address WM. S. ANDERSON,
Frederick city, Md.,
J. W. McGINNIS, Agent,
Charlestown, Va., or JOHN G. RIDENOUR, Agent, Harpers-Ferry, Va. January 11, 1853.

NEW STOVE STORE,
No. 39 Light-st., near Lombard,
BALLTIMORE.
M. A. DUKE would respectfully inform his old customers and friends of Jefferson, and the adjoining counties, that he has resumed his former business at No. 29 Light street, one door from Lombard street, where he will be happy to see them all. His long experience in the business enables him to judge correctly of the merits and utility of any new pattern of any new Stove which may be brought before the public. His Warehouse is now fitted up; and he is fully prepared to furnish any description of COOKING, PARLOR, and CHAMBER STOVES, of the most approved styles, and at as reasonable prices as they can

PARLOR, and CHAMBER STOVES, of the most approved styles, and at as reasonable prices as they can be procured in this or any other city. He is also prepared to furnish RANGES for private families and hotels. All Stoves, Ranges; or other articles, sold by the subscriber, will be set up and warranted, and if they do not fully come to the representations, after trial, they will be taken back and others substituted, or the mo ey returned.

Extensive arrangements have been made and the est workmen employed, for the REPAIRING OF TOVES, RANGES, &c., which will be done prompty and in the most substantial manner. He solicits a call from his old customers and friends; being confident that he will satisfy all who favor him with their patronage.

[August 15, 1854. [August 15, 1854. patronage.

JAS. A. ENGLISH, C. M. CASTLEMAN, CHAS. A. BALDWIN ENGLISH, CASTLEMAN & Co., HARDWARE, CUTLERY, BAR IRON, STEEL, NAILS, HOLLOW-WARE, &c., King Street, corner of Market Alley, July 25, 1854. ALEXANDRIA, VA.

CHAS. W. SINCLAIR,

CHAS. W. SINCLAIR,

LATE OF VIRGINIA, WITH

RICHARDSON & OVERMAN.

UMBRELLA AND PARASOL MANUFACTORY,

No. 106, Market street, Philadelphia.

May 9, 1854—tf EO. J. RICHARDSON. WM. W. OVERMAN

May 9, 1854—ti

MUSICAL DEPOT,
South Side Penn. Avenue, between 10th
and 11th Sts.
Washington City, D. C.,
Publishers of Music and Dealers in all kinds of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS AND MUSICAL MERCHANDIZE. The greatest variety of American and
Foreign Publications of Music constantly kept on
hand, to which we are daily making additions.
Our stock of Instruments embraces CHURCH and
PARLOR ORGANS; PIANOS, from the most celebrated European and American Manufactories, with
and withouf the admired Æolian attachment; ME
LODIANS, GUITARS, VIOLINS, FLUTES, AC-LODIANS, GUITARS, VIOLINS, FLUTES, AC-CORDEONS, FLUTINAS, BANJOS, TAMBO-RINES; BRASS AND REED INSTRUMENTS of every description. Strings of the best quality for all (1) Orders from the country punctually attended to (1) Pianos and all other kind of Instruments repair ed and funed.

(C. Music published to order.

(C. Liberal Discount made to the trade, Seminaries, Schools and the profession.

August 22, 1854—tf.

NEW STICK READY-MADE CLOTH
THE subscriber opened to-day, on Main street in
Charlestown, a well-selected stock of READY-MADE
CLOTHING, made in the lates fashions and by good
workmen. Also a full assortment of Plainand Fancy
CANDIES, NUTS, FRVITS, CIGARS and JEWELRY. Owing to the depressed markets, these goods
are bought below manufacturers prices, and will be
sold for cash on very small profits.
The subscriber has constituted ISAAC ROSE his
Agent, with full powers to conduct the business as
such—and its chief design being to give employment
to said Rose and enable him, under his misfortunes to
provide for his family. All those inclined to aid the
latter are requested to patronize the establishment. toyide for his family. All those inclined to and in atter are requested to patronize the establishment. ASSIOTE on Main Street opposite Mr. Harris's. Dec. 19, 1854. SALOMON JORDAN. Free Press and Shepherdstown Register copy 3t.

WEAPERS, REAPERS.

and Londoun, that we have the sole Agency for the sale of McCormick's REAPER. Farmers who wish to secure one of those celebrated Reapers would do well to leave their orders before the first of April.—The Reapers and Mowers of 1855 are warranted to be the best Machine of the kind in the United States.

Jan. 9. 1855.

ZIMMERMAN'& CO.

A HEALTHY stout young NEGRO WOMAN shout II years of age, with an infant boy about six months of age. She is quite a hardy girl and capable of doing most any kind of house work. For terms of sale inquire at the office of the "Spirit."

Noevmber 1 4,1854—tf

THE STONE HOUSE now in the occupancy of Henderson Bishop. Also another HOUSE AND GROUNDS. JOHN J. LOCK, Agent. February 20, 1855. BEST CHEWING and Lynchburg Smoking Tobacco.

March 20.

H. L. ERY & SON.

more than hee years laboring under a disease of Chronic Rheumatism, and the great part of that time I was so helpless that I had to be helped from my bed and dressed in my clothes, I became reduced to a mere skeleton. All the medicines I took done me no good, and I continued to grow worse. I heard of Hampiron's Tincruas and thought I would give it a trial. At this time I did not expect to live one day after abother. I did not take it (the Tincture) for the Rifeumatism, but if a short time I was well of that disease. From the effects of your Tincture and the help of God I am now getting in good health.

I wish all the afflicted to try Hampton's Vegetable Tincture; as I have done; with the same effect that it has on Your Obd't. Serv't.

ISAAC BENJAMIN.

We are acquainted with Isaac Beajamin; sold him some of Hampton's Vegetable Tincture, and believe the above statement correct.

DAW SON & BRO.

From our knowledge of Captain Benjamin & care consident that the above statement is true and unexagerated:

J. A. JOHNSON.

BEARTHE WITNESS! RIGHTEOUS VERDICT

agerated:

J. A. JOHNSON.

CHARLES ROBINSON.

HEARTHE WITNESS! RICHTEOUS VERDICT

RHEUMATISM; SOUGH,

PAIN IN THE SIDE, &C.

Wonderful cureafter six year's suffering of one of the most highly respectable citizens of Maryland.

Prejudice and skepticism can't stand before the many cures finde by Hampton's Vegetable Tincture.

KENDALLS'S UNOVE, Montgomery Co., Md., December 2, 1854.

Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray:

Gents:—In 1844 I had what my doctors called a violent and combined attack of Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, from which I was confined to my bed for liftee months. I had the very best physicians, who tried other various remedies, none of which gave me any permanont relief. Not having ease from pain day or night, I became much emaciated; my whole system a mass of disease, literally speaking, from the brown of my head to the sole of my feet. I had to hobble about—most of the time confined to the house; at times so helpless that I had to be assisted to my bed. I was also afflicted with a dreadful cough, great shortness of breath, sore throat, pulpitation of the heart; and pain in my side so bad that I could not lay on it. My appetile entirely failed me I gave up all hopes bibeing restored to health again. I continued thus to softer on from 1844 to 1850, a period of six years. At this time my daughter saw at her grandhather's a pamphlet; with numerous certificates of cures made by Dr. Hampton's Vegetable Tincture.

I knew some of those who certified to cures perform ed on themselves and friends. I was resolved to give
it a trial. I informed iny doctor of it. He objected;
but my sufferings were so great that I procured one
bottle, and, before I had taken the whole of it, I felt
much relief, which encouraged me to persevere.—
After taking the second bottle I was better than for
the past six years, my appetite returned—cough, pa'n
in the side, shortness of breath &c., nearly all gone.
I continued dailing this wonderful medicine until I had
taken seven bottled according to the directions; and
I am happy to say Hampton's Tincture, and that
alone restored me to perfect health, which has continued up to this time—a period of three years. I am
in the 65th year of my age. I weighed yesterday.
238 lbs., and I never felt better in my life. One of
my neighbors was also affected, like myself, with
Rheumatism, &c. He has also been restored by the
Tincture. I heard of other cases; but I am satisfied
this Tincture, if trisd, will speak for itself. My only
object in describing to you my sufferings and the way
I obtained relief, is to induce the afflicted to try this
Tincture, which has, under the blessings of God
done so much for me.

done so much for me.
Yours; respectfully HENRY GAITHER.
CURE OF COUGH, HOARSENESS, &C. THE CRY IS STILL THEY COME.

CERTIFICATE FROM HON, J. H. DURBORO.

We have a flood of testimony pouring in upon his We have a flood of testimony pouring in upon us of cures—Rheumat'sm, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, &c., and for all Nervous Diseases and Female Complaints; Hampton's Tincture has no superior.

Ringgold, Md., April 10, 1854:
Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray:
Gents—It is with real ploasure that I bear testimony to the feeding and curative powers of Dr. Hampton's Vegelable Timeture: Sometime last Fall I was taken with a serious and bad Cough, with Hoarselness, so that I could scarcely speak above my breath. I called on one of your Agents for a remedy, when he advised me to try Hampton's Tincture; which I commended using and in four days my cough and hoarseness was entirely gone. I flow keep it (the Tincture) as a family medicine and won't be vith out it if it can be had

out it if it can be had
Yours respectfully,

J. H. DURBORO. GREAT CURE! DESPERATE LIVER COMPLAINT! WASHINGTON, May 17, 1853.

Messrs. Mortimer & Movbray—Gentlemen: Hatng been afflicted with the Liver Complaint of len years
tanding, I hereby, for the benefit of the afflicted, take standing, Thereby, for the benefit of the afflicted, take pleasure in announcing that after using a few bottles of your Hampton's Tincture, I found it had accomplished a perfect cure. I have used different medicines from time to time, but have never been able to account for any apparent good, and it is a blessing to stricken numerity that that medicine is found, which possesses the wonderous power of prolonging human life. The many cures it has wrought is a sufficient guarantee of the beneficial results which may be the perienced from its use.

Yours, respectfully, J. CURTAINHAY.

More than Gold to the first.—From one of the most respectable Druggists in South Caroling.

Charleston, S. C., Sept. 21, 1853.

most respectable Druggists in South Carolina:

Chaudeston, S. C., Sept. 21, 1853.

Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray:—The sale of your Hampton's Vegetable Tincture is increasing every day, and every bottle sold recommends this valerable medicine to the afflicted. Several of our plainter shade tried it in different cases with astonishing success, in d are getting it by half dozens. It has been found to be the greatest remedy for Rheumatic Affections, and a wonderful cure has been performed on a negro by suffering by Fits. I will furnish you with a humber of certificates if you wish them.

Please send me, soon as possible, a supply of the Tificture.

I am gentlemen, yours, W. G. TROTT. Hundreds in this city will bear same testing by.
Delicate females and children will find this a great
remedy. Also, see cures of Courses, Dyspepsia,
Scrofula, &c. MORTIMER & MOWBRAY. CURE OF COUGHS, VERTIGO, RHEUMATISM.—Cure of the venerable Dr. Dunn's son, of the city of Baltimore, a man well knewn, and whose testimony adds to the triumph of Hampton's Vegetable Tincture:

BALTIMORE, Feb. 9, 1852.

Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray—Gentlemeny. It is with real pleasure that I am able to attest to the general healing and curative powers of Dr. Hampton's Vegetable Tincture. Soffie time during last November, I was taken with a very bad and serious cough. I was advised to take Cod Liver Oil, and did so, but getting no better, I was induced to try your Tincture—I got one bottle, and before I had taken it all, my cough left me: Permit me also to state, that for the last inteen years I have suffered very much from acute Rheumatism and Vertigo, confining the at times to my bed. I am fully convinced that I owe my present good health to the use of the Tincture, and a Kind Providence. CURE OF COUGHS, VERTIGO, RHEUMATISM .- Cure of

dence.
You are, my friend, at liberty to use this as you may think proper, and believe me,
Yours very respectfully, G. DUNN.
N. B.—I can be seen at any time at the Mayor's Office
Delicate females and children will find this a great blessing. It has restored thousands to health.
HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINETURE.—Call and get pamphlets gratis, with history of discovery of the wonderful Blood Purifier, and see certificates of our own citizens, of Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, Liver Complaint, General Weakness, and Nervouspees &c. &c.

HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE.

97-Sold by MORTIMER & MOWBRAY, 240 Bal
timore st., Baltimore, and 304 Broadway, New York.

107-Call and get a pamphlet gratis.

L. M. SMITH, Charlestown.

T. D. HAMMOND, Harpers Ferry.

L. P. HARTMAN, Winchester.

Dr. MOTT, Leesburg.

ALLEMONG & SON, Newtown.

And by Dealers every where. Feb. 6, 1865-1y.

relief, but a complete cure to all those suffering with this great national disease.

DR. TRIST deems it unprofessional to advertise; but others having represented themselves as the originators of the Inhalation Treatment, he would say to the afficted that he alone is entitled to its first introduction; and would caution all against using the useless and dangerous compounds advertised by incompetent persons.

"Take up thy bed and walk."

DR. TRIST would say to those interested, that he has had manufactured, for the use of his patrons, his "PATENT INHALATING TUBES" through which the vapor is conveyed to the parts affected, and which have attended their use; said the fact, that they may be used by the most feeble invalid without any unpleasant symptoms.

To those residing ent of the city, Dr. Trist will forward one of the Inhaling Tubes, together with a package of the Tapor, sufficient to last three months accompanied with ample directions for use, on receipt of a letter containing (\$10) Ten Dollars, and describing symptoms.

A cure is warranted in all stages of Consumption, Bronchitis, Astana, and all other affections of the Throat, Lungs, and Air Pastages. In case of failure, the money will be returned.

Address (post paid) DR. E. N. TRIST,

OS Grand street, New York City.

December 19, 1854—6m.

WE have just received a large lot of Table and Pocket CUTLERY, and FILES of our own importation, the orders for which were sent out before the advance in prices, of which circumstance buyers can have the advantage.

A YOUNG WOMAN with one Child, a BOY, 18 months old; a BOY 10 years of age, Ekely and active. They are not sold for any fault. Enquire at Febt 6, 1855—tf. THIS OFFICE.

MEDICATED INHALATION! CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED, AS TREATED BY - DR. E. N. TRIST, With His Celebrated Hygen and Oxygen-ic Vapor! ries, Schools and the profession.

August 22, 1854—tf.

NATIONAL HOTEL,
Opposite Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Dépot,
EALTIMORE.

October 10, 1854—19
Proprietors.
Eig-All Passengers and Baggage to and from the Saltimore and Ohio Depot, and the Eastern and Western Shore Boats, will be carried without charge

Western Shore Boats, will be carried without charge

Western Shore Boats, will be carried without charge

NEW STECK READY-MADE CLOTH

NEW STECK READY-MADE CLOTH

OR TRIST graduate of the Royal College of Surgeons in London, and the recipient of diplomas from the LUNG INSTITUTION of Edinburgh and HOTEL DES INVALIDES of Paris, having sets tied permanently in New York for the practice of his profession, begs leave to suggest to the citizens of the Emiled States that several years of study and successful experiments in England and Scotland, as well as other parts of Europe, with CONSULPTION IN ALL ITS FORMS, enable him a warrant, not only relief, but a complete cure to all those suffering with this great national disease.

DR. TRIST deems it unprofessional to advertise:

ENGLISH, CASTLEMAN & CO. Alexandria, October 10, 1331.

NAILS.
NAILS.
NAILS.
Towby the keg.
NAILS.
H. L. EBY & SON ORANGES, Lemons, Figs and Rusins for safe. H. L. EBY & SON.

THE PILGRIMS ROCK.

And set it by the wave

That when the Pilgrim's anchored there,

There stepping stone might be

That consecrated rock of prayer,

The bulwark of the free.

A tender sight was there
Fond woman with her sweet sad face,
All trembling pale and chill'ed;
But oh! there was in that lone place
A sight more touching still—
The cheek of childhood pale with fear,
And hushed its voice of glee;
And they are gone; but we are here;
A bulwark of the free.

Our Pilgrim sires are gone, yet still
A nation in its pride
Hath poured o'er every vale and hill,
In a bright unbroken tide;
And still their sons shall flood the land;

And still their sons shall flood the land;
While that old rock appears,
Like a Pilgrim spirit born to stand
The mighty wreck of years;
And oh! while floats the wind and wave,
That hallowed rock shall be
The threshold of the brave,

Miscellaneous.

Customs derived from the fustincts of Immortality. Pentelican marble into the form of men and gods

Dr. White, the postmaster at Union Star, Ky., in a letter to the Louisville Courier, notices a singular a

past, and upon examining the blossoms a singular phehomenon is observable. In some orchards for every blossom examined there has been found inside the cups from one to as many as seven well formed peaches, and a large majority of the blos-soms have three or four cups in them. This has never been observed in that part of Kentucky be-Draining by Wells.

Fowls.

Truthful Simplicity.

Braxton Davenport, John T. Henkle, Jonas Wal-raven, Lewis Lucas, and Joseph L. Russell. "Mary, who is dead at your house?" "Oh, we did'nt have any; sister managed to die

who strikes his child is like a man who strikes the water—the consequences of blow are sure to fly up in his face.—There are people who cannot keep a secret. Their excessive greenness, like that of new wood makes them split.—Reform is an omnibus that's always "just going to start."—Friends like tumblers in frosty weather, are apt to fly at the first touch hot water.—The most uncomfortable house to live in, is a house full of pets—such as pet dogs, pet canaries, pet squirrel, parrots, and cats—but worse

of removals from the District.

Attorney General—Willis P. Bo Adjutant General—William H. Richardson.

Assistant Clerk—P. F. Howard.

Copying Clerk—Widlam H. Richardson, Jr. Auditor of Public Accounts—G. W. (Second Auditor—James L. Jackson.

Second Auditor—James L. Jaurson,
Treasurer—J. B. Stovall.
Register of the Land Office—S. H. Parker.
Librarian—George W. Munford.
Superintendant of the Penitentiary—C. S. Mongan.
Gen'l Ag't or Storekeeper of Peni'ry—J. C. Spotts.

.....Thirteen hundred and thirty-six persons fmbarked for Liberia under the auspices and at the expense of the Pennsylvania Colonization Society or the past two years.

a prisoner is convicted of a State Prison crime (in Iowa) they label him, "To the care of the Keeper of State's Prison"—take him to an express office, RULES AND REGULATIONS,

To take effect on and after the 1st of May, 1854.

For marriage announcements, no charge will be made.

made.

Obituary notices not exceeding six lines will be inserted gratis. The excess above that number of lines will be charged according to the advertising rates. Tributes of respect will be charged at advertising rates.

All communications designed to promote the personal interests of individuals, or that do not possess general interest, will be charged for at the usual advertising rates. Those of an offensive personal character will not be inserted.

All advertisements forwarded by Newspaper agents will be charged at the usual advertising rates; and must be accompanied by the cash or its equivalent, deducting the commission.

Patent medicines shall be charged for at the usual rates of yearly advertisements, and "bishop notices" double the advertising rates. Extracts from other papers referring to such advertisements will be subject to the regular advertising rates. Men's years and their faults are al-

to the w rill than a well educated family.

En Etantellers. GILBERT'S HOTEL At the Railroad Depot, Winchester,
THE undersigned begs leave respectfully to it
the community and travelling public that h
taken the well-known HOTEL at the Railroad I
formerly kept by Mr. John Coz, dec'd. The I
has undergone necessary repairs, and is now in

Coinfortable.

(C) Hourders taken by the week, month or year.

BARNET GILBERT.

(C) The undersigned takes pleasure in recommending Mr. Gilbert to the patrons of the House whils under the management of my Father, and respectfully solicits for him a continuance of their custom.

June 28, 1853.

JAMES W. COE.

A CARD.

In consequence of the advance in Servants' hire, breadstuffs and other produce, it becomes actually necessary that we the undersigned should increase the charges heretofore made at our Hotels in Charlestown. Therefore, from and after the 1st day of January next, our terms for boarding without lodging will be increased from \$10 to \$12 per month. Boarders with rooms, lodging, &c., will be charged \$15 per month, instead of \$12.50 as herefore.

G. W. SAPPINGTON, ISAAC N. CARTER. December 27, 1853. AGENCY FOR CLAIMS

His charges will be moderate.
He respectfully refers to each delegation in Congress for his capacity and honesty.
All communications post-paid.
Jan. 16, 1855—6m. THOMAS LUMPKIN.

Those wishing to get CHEAP GOODS, FOR CASH, will please give an early call, where they will find a large Stock and well asscreted, suited to the present and approaching season. The public are requested to call, examine, and judge for themselves.

JOHN G. WILSON.

Harpers-Ferry, November 21, 1854—tf

RATES OF TOLL

Double " do 8 ") these rates.

Do Carriage 15 "
Single horse do 10 "
Horse, Mare, Geld.
ing or Mule....3 "]

20 Sheep or Horse 64 " When the number is more or less the charge to be in proportion.

By order of the Board:
JOHN D. RICHARDSON,

November 21, 1854—tf [F.F.] Treasurer CANDLES CANDLES!!

every choicest kinds from the best nurseries in the nited States, and I have been allowed the privilege bud and propagate from his trees, which, added to yown selections, gives me all the best varieties.—
y Peach Trees, especially, sre very fine. My terms accommodating.

JAMES STRONICK.
Detober 25, 1853.

H. L. EBY & SON.

CANDLES, -S. crm, Adamantise and Tallow Candles, just received by EBY & SO N